

MRS. MARGESON ORDERED INTO POLICE COURT FOR OPERATING SUNDAY SHOW TO A NEEDY

Blood Flows in Shanghai as Sino-Jap Crisis Nears

MUNITIONS BLAST, AUSTRIAN'S DEATH INCREASE TERRORS

Population Panic Stricken in Face of Violent Developments Under Guns of Alien Warships Standing By in Harbor.

LAUNCH EXPLOSION KILLS 23 CHINESE

Employee of American Express Company Is Slain By Nervous Chinese Sentry Near Settlement.

NANKING, Jan. 25.—(Monday)—Eugene Chen, Chinese foreign minister, resigned today when the government rejected his proposals for what was understood to be a "drastic" policy toward Japan, including severance of diplomatic relations. The government was understood to be formulating a milder policy.

Eugene Chen became China's foreign minister, succeeding Dr. Wellington Koo, when the present cabinet went into office December 28, following the resignation of the government of Chiang Kai-shek.

By the United Press.

Japan's determination to end a Chinese economic boycott against her at the point of bayonets, if necessary, intensified the threat of a new and more serious conflict at Shanghai, where the interests of foreign powers, including the United States, are closely involved.

A showdown is expected within 24 hours in the great commercial city, which already is nervously awaiting the return of Secretary of State Stimson from a week-end rest before making public his position on recent occurrences.

Twelve hundred American marines and a naval destroyer are standing by to protect American lives and property if disorders occur.

BY H. R. ECKINS.
(Copyright, 1932, by the United Press.)
SHANGHAI, China, Jan. 24.—(UP)—Alarmed by the silent threat of alien warships at anchor off the waterfront and rocked by a munitions explosion that killed 23 Chinese, the population of Shanghai tonight awaited a showdown on the Japanese demand that China end her anti-Japanese boycott, and make reparations for a series of hostile and violent incidents.

The city was confused and panicky as a result of these rapid developments in the conflict, which has thrust the Chinese republic dangerously close to actual warfare with Japan.

1. A Chinese munitions launch, carrying supplies to secret fortifications, exploded in midstream, killing 23 Chinese and causing panic throughout the city, where it was believed a Japanese air bombardment had begun.

2. A government crisis was threatened when the leaders of the new Nanking regime, particularly Foreign Minister Eugene Chen, failed to persuade the deposed but powerful General Chiang Kai-shek to support proposals for breaking off relations with Japan and formally asking the League of Nations to declare an economic and diplomatic boycott against Tokyo.

3. Dr. Alexander Porjes, Austrian manager of the American Express Company office, was killed by a nervous Chinese sentry near settlement.

Continued in Page 4, Column 4.

TARZAN—mighty lord of the jungle, god among beasts and demigod among men.

MIRANDA—the villainous thief whom Tarzan had foiled in the jewel vaults of Opar.

Read of the epic struggle between these two wild weird ant men and giant she-things in the new Tarzan picture serial.

Tarzan and the Ant Men

by Edgar Rice Burroughs
Drawings by Rex Mason
Beginning today on page 11

'King Huey' Pays Visit to Atlanta



Here are the Longs of Louisiana, photographed Sunday at the Terminal station as they paused en route to Washington, where former Governor Huey P. Long today will take the oath of office as United States senator, a job which he didn't take up until he had assured himself of a Long-controlled state administration at Baton Rouge. Bill Mason, Constitution staff photographer, caught Governor Long in his favorite pose—he's talking. Story in Page 4.

CHEMISTRY MEDAL IS GIVEN DR. HERTY

Institute Honors Georgian, Father of Paper Pulp Move in State.

Research in Georgia of Georgia products by a native Georgian has won for Dr. Charles H. Herty, of New York, the medal of the American Institute of Chemists, which is awarded annually for "noteworthy and outstanding service to the science and profession of chemistry in America."

Announcement of the award was made Sunday by Frederick E. Breith, president of the institute.

The medal was presented last year to the secretary of the treasury, Andrew W. Mellon, and his brother, Richard B. Mellon.

This year the medal was given to Dr. Herty in recognition of his efforts over a long period of years in the official government newspaper, appealed to Japan to prevent a war which would involve her in a far eastern military conflict.

The state department at Washington awaited the return of Secretary of State Stimson from a week-end rest before making public his position on recent occurrences.

Twelve hundred American marines and a naval destroyer are standing by to protect American lives and property if disorders occur.

Paul M. Warburg, 63, Dies in New York

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—(UP)—Paul M. Warburg, international financier, whose forecast of the 1929 stock market collapse six months in advance, marked him for the public as an outstanding banking economist, died of pneumonia, today.

The end came at 6:30 p. m. at the East 80th street home of the 63-year-old capitalist. He had been ill since early in December.

He was a pioneer in the establishment of the federal reserve system, board chairman of the Manhattan company group of financial institutions and brother of Felix M. Warburg, of Kuhn, Loeb & Company.

Sugarless Porridge Precipitates Bloody Riot at Dartmoor Prison

DARTMOOR, Devon, England, Jan. 24.—(UP)—Three hundred convicts at grim Dartmoor prison—engaged over a mess of porridge served them—waged a bitter, battle with prison guards and police today in the most violent penal outbreak in British history.

Two convicts were understood to have been killed, 93 were wounded and one was believed to have escaped. In the all-day conflict, the prisoners burned the principal buildings and attempted a wholesale escape over the walls. Twelve wardens and police were injured.

The home office in London issued a statement, however, saying no inmates had been killed and none had escaped. Only about 20 remained in the hospital according to this source and some of the injuries to guards or police was serious.

The prisoners, who claimed to have been gassed on by mistreatment which reached a climax when sugar was omitted from their breakfast porridge, rioted early in the day and threatened the lives of the governor, S. N. Roberts, and a commissioner, Colonel Turner.

Long before dawn the prison was in a hubbub, with the inmates beating on their cell doors and walls in protest. When the men were paraded into the courtyard for exercise previous to chapel they banded together and began to battle with their guards.

Led by one convict with a bugle, the rioters were about to gain the day and achieve their freedom when police reinforcements arrived from Plymouth and surrounding towns and forced them back to the cell blocks with rifle fire and baton charges.

Meanwhile, one group had broken into the governor's office and forced him to flee for his life. They set fire to the administrative buildings and destroyed them with the official record. It was late in the afternoon before the fire was brought under control.

Continued in Page 4, Column 1.

SOUTH'S BUSINESS ON THE UPGRADE PUBLISHERS STATE

13 States Represented at S. N. P. A. Directors' Session; Prosperity Era "Just Around Corner."

(Picture in Page 7.)
BY BEN F. MEYER.
Associated Press Staff Writer.

Tidings of encouraging developments in the business and governmental affairs of the south were brought to Atlanta Sunday by newspaper executives attending the midwinter meeting of the directors of the Southern Newspaper Publishers' Association.

Thirteen states, from West Virginia through the south to Texas and Oklahoma, were represented at the meeting at which selection of Asheville, N. C., was announced as the site of the association's annual convention July 18, 19 and 20.

Major Clark Howell Jr., business manager of The Atlanta Constitution, and president of the association, presided at the sessions, which were executive. Announcement of the selection of the convention city was made by Cranston Williams, of Chattanooga, Tenn., secretary-manager.

The association has held nearly all of its conventions at the Grove Park Inn in Asheville.

The newspaper publishers and managers generally reported more hopeful signs on the economic horizon. They said farmers in all the states represented had grown greater quantities of food and feed and that business generally was on the upgrade.

Governmental Improvement Cited.

In Mississippi, South Carolina, Tennessee and Florida improvement in the municipal or state governments was cited as a stimulus to business.

Miss. Star, said that with the inauguration of a new state administration and the adoption by the state of the policy of living within its income, "the people are more encouraged already. Better government means stimulation of business generally."

G. Stahlman, of the Nashville (Tenn.) Banner, said Nashville and middle Tennessee appeared to be in better shape than some sections and that there was "a much better understanding of the state since the legislature made an effort to balance the state's budget."

Florida communities, said C. C. Carr, of the St. Petersburg Times, "are solving their municipal problems and this is doing much to stimulate business. Miami and Palm Beach already have solved theirs, and St. Petersburg and the legislature made an effort to balance the state's budget."

S. C. Working On Deficit.

The Carolina legislature is now in session and is working on a program to wipe out a state deficit, said F. C. Withers, of the Columbia State. "This will have a stabilizing and a stimulating influence on business," he said.

E. K. Gaylord, of the Oklahoma

Continued in Page 3, Column 2.

SCOTTDAL GIRL KILLED BY AUTO

Miss Annie Kendall, 17, Fatally Injured by Hit-Run Car Near Her Home

Struck by a hit-and-run driver while on her way to church, Miss Annie Kendall, 17, of Scottdale, was almost instantly killed at 6:30 o'clock Sunday night. Miss Kendall, with her arm around her 14-year-old cousin, Agnes Kendall, also of Scottdale, was walking along the Stone Mountain highway near her home when she was struck.

She was picked up by a passing motorist but was dead before she could be taken to a hospital.

Three boys in a cut-down auto, who were driving directly behind the death car, gave chase when the large sedan failed to stop after striking Miss Kendall but were unable to overtake it.

Agnes Kendall was not injured, it was said. Witnesses at the accident said the two girls were walking along the side of the road with their arms around each other. The large sedan sped away in the direction of Atlanta, they said. DeKalb county police were searching for the machine Sunday night. A description of the car was furnished police but the witnesses failed to note the license number.

The body of Miss Kendall was carried to the Turner funeral parlors in Decatur. Funeral arrangements were being made by the family.

She is survived by her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Kendall, of Scottdale; a brother, James Kendall; a sister, continued in Page 3, Column 1.

Man Kills Parents And Wounds Brother

FORT WAYNE, Ind., Jan. 24.—(UP)—Walter Hoffman, 37, shot and killed his father and mother and wounded his brother, he was captured as, gun in hand, he drove into the farmyard of another brother.

Hoffman, a World War veteran, was placed in the Allen county jail. Neighbors said they believed he became crazed during an argument with his parents.

National Wealth Per Family Averages \$10,961 in Capital, \$2,336 Income, Survey Shows

BY J. R. BRACKETT.
NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—(UP)—The total national wealth of the United States in 1930 was \$320,700,000,000, the national industrial conference board said today.

The total national income for the same year was \$78,000,000,000.

If the board said, these sums could have been distributed equally among all the families in the nation, each family would have had \$10,961 of capital and \$2,336 of income.

The total wealth—tangible, physical assets—fell \$22,000,000,000 or 8.9 per cent from 1929; while income—representing the sum of personal income of all individuals in the country, plus business savings—dropped \$14,000,000,000 or 16.4 per cent.

The board's estimate of wealth and income is the only regular and comprehensive similar research now being made. The last estimate of the United States census was in 1922, showing national wealth of \$320,800,000,000.

The per capita wealth in 1930 was \$2,671 as compared with \$2,971 in 1929, and the per capita income was \$578 in 1930 as compared with \$701 in 1929.

The wealth per gainful worker, including the unemployed, was \$4,728 in 1930, and his income was \$1,452.

The term "gainful worker," excludes, for instance, women engaged in household tasks without specific pay, and children.

Among states, Nevada had the greater per capita wealth with \$5,485; Wyoming was second with \$4,480 and South Dakota was third with \$4,356. Mississippi was last with \$1,110.

Similar detailed figures for national income are not yet available.

The figure for distribution of wealth by states was \$225,500,000,000 in 1930, as compared with \$335,000,000,000 in 1929. The difference between the figures for national wealth and for the distribution of it by states is accounted for by the fact that the state figures do not include the value of ships in the United States navy, privately owned water supply systems and gold and silver coin and bullion, which cannot be allocated geographically among the states.

"It is of interest," the board said, "to note the increase of national wealth in the period of 10 years, 1914 to 1930, both in actual or current dollars and in 1913 dollars. (The value of the dollar varies with its purchasing power. By using the value of the

Continued in Page 4, Column 4.

'Ticket' Given Charity Show Head



Chief James L. Beavers and Mrs. M. H. Margeson in the lobby of the Paramount theater at 1:30 o'clock Sunday afternoon when the chief called with Patrolman J. D. Wood to order Mrs. Margeson into record-keeping court Wednesday afternoon for violating section 3131 of the city ordinance dealing with Sunday amusements and shows.

Chief Beavers said the complaint was filed by the Rev. W. H. Faust, pastor of the Gordon Street Baptist church, and the Rev. C. A. Norton.

SCOTTDAL GIRL KILLED BY AUTO

Miss Annie Kendall, 17, Fatally Injured by Hit-Run Car Near Her Home

Struck by a hit-and-run driver while on her way to church, Miss Annie Kendall, 17, of Scottdale, was almost instantly killed at 6:30 o'clock Sunday night. Miss Kendall, with her arm around her 14-year-old cousin, Agnes Kendall, also of Scottdale, was walking along the Stone Mountain highway near her home when she was struck.

She was picked up by a passing motorist but was dead before she could be taken to a hospital.

Three boys in a cut-down auto, who were driving directly behind the death car, gave chase when the large sedan failed to stop after striking Miss Kendall but were unable to overtake it.

Agnes Kendall was not injured, it was said. Witnesses at the accident said the two girls were walking along the side of the road with their arms around each other. The large sedan sped away in the direction of Atlanta, they said. DeKalb county police were searching for the machine Sunday night. A description of the car was furnished police but the witnesses failed to note the license number.

The body of Miss Kendall was carried to the Turner funeral parlors in Decatur. Funeral arrangements were being made by the family.

She is survived by her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Kendall, of Scottdale; a brother, James Kendall; a sister, continued in Page 3, Column 1.

Man Kills Parents And Wounds Brother

FORT WAYNE, Ind., Jan. 24.—(UP)—Walter Hoffman, 37, shot and killed his father and mother and wounded his brother, he was captured as, gun in hand, he drove into the farmyard of another brother.

Hoffman, a World War veteran, was placed in the Allen county jail. Neighbors said they believed he became crazed during an argument with his parents.

National Wealth Per Family Averages \$10,961 in Capital, \$2,336 Income, Survey Shows

BY J. R. BRACKETT.
NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—(UP)—The total national wealth of the United States in 1930 was \$320,700,000,000, the national industrial conference board said today.

The total national income for the same year was \$78,000,000,000.

If the board said, these sums could have been distributed equally among all the families in the nation, each family would have had \$10,961 of capital and \$2,336 of income.

The total wealth—tangible, physical assets—fell \$22,000,000,000 or 8.9 per cent from 1929; while income—representing the sum of personal income of all individuals in the country, plus business savings—dropped \$14,000,000,000 or 16.4 per cent.

The board's estimate of wealth and income is the only regular and comprehensive similar research now being made. The last estimate of the United States census was in 1922, showing national wealth of \$320,800,000,000.

The per capita wealth in 1930 was \$2,671 as compared with \$2,971 in 1929, and the per capita income was \$578 in 1930 as compared with \$701 in 1929.

The wealth per gainful worker, including the unemployed, was \$4,728 in 1930, and his income was \$1,452.

The term "gainful worker," excludes, for instance, women engaged in household tasks without specific pay, and children.

Among states, Nevada had the greater per capita wealth with \$5,485; Wyoming was second with \$4,480 and South Dakota was third with \$4,356. Mississippi was last with \$1,110.

Similar detailed figures for national income are not yet available.

The figure for distribution of wealth by states was \$225,500,000,000 in 1930, as compared with \$335,000,000,000 in 1929. The difference between the figures for national wealth and for the distribution of it by states is accounted for by the fact that the state figures do not include the value of ships in the United States navy, privately owned water supply systems and gold and silver coin and bullion, which cannot be allocated geographically among the states.

"It is of interest," the board said, "to note the increase of national wealth in the period of 10 years, 1914 to 1930, both in actual or current dollars and in 1913 dollars. (The value of the dollar varies with its purchasing power. By using the value of the

Continued in Page 4, Column 4.

ROOSEVELT HOLDS ROLE OF FAVORITE IN PARTY CONTEST

New Yorker and Hoover Far in Front in Respective Parties With Race Formally Begun.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—(UP)—President Hoover and Governor Roosevelt of New York, are out in front with the 1932 presidential sweepstakes formally begun.

Mr. Hoover has the republican presidential track almost to himself, with the party independents of the northwest so far unable to get Hiram Johnson, of California, to lead their fight against the president. The group is now talking third party very seriously.

Formally filing his entry last night, Governor Roosevelt was welcomed into the democratic event with resolutions of indorsement by the North Dakota and Wisconsin democrats and by the instruction of Alaska's six delegates for him.

Ritchie Avowed Opponent.

But a race faces Roosevelt. He has one avowed opponent so far in Governor Ritchie, of Maryland. The persistent silence of Alfred E. Smith of New York, leaves him still uneliminated as a potential opponent.

Early crystallization of the democratic lineup is expected, however, the first primary—New Hampshire on March 8—showdown on Smith's intentions is likely. Friends of the 1928 democratic presidential nominee are known to be considering seriously his entry in the New Hampshire race and a possible Roosevelt-Smith split in the state already has taken some shape.

Governor Roosevelt made it clear last night that his declaration of intention was for the North Dakota primary of March 15.

It is conceded by his political friends here his fight must be made in the east and New England. The northwest and south seem fairly well lined up for the New York governor.

Hope was expressed here today by some Roosevelt supporters that he would go into every primary, test the favorability of the situation and enter the strength to unite with the opposition and forestall an early convention decision.

Hoover in North Dakota.

While the Hoover drive is going forward rapidly, there is still no decision by the president's voluntary board of political strategy on entering him in the North Dakota primary, where Joseph I. France, former senator from Maryland, is the lone republican entrant.

The third party movement appears to hinge upon the renomination of Hoover by the republicans and the defeat of Roosevelt as the democratic ticket leader.

Senator Norris, of Nebraska, a leader of the republican independents who are opposed to Hoover, has declared Governor Roosevelt to be one of those he would favor for president. He named Senators Johnson, Borah, of Idaho, and Governor Pinchot, of

Continued in Page 4, Column 7.

SCOTTDAL GIRL KILLED BY AUTO

Miss Annie Kendall, 17, Fatally Injured by Hit-Run Car Near Her Home

Struck by a hit-and-run driver while on her way to church, Miss Annie Kendall, 17, of Scottdale, was almost instantly killed at 6:30 o'clock Sunday night. Miss Kendall, with her arm around her 14-year-old cousin, Agnes Kendall, also of Scottdale, was walking along the Stone Mountain highway near her home when she was struck.

She was picked up by a passing motorist but was dead before she could be taken to a hospital.

Three boys in a cut-down auto, who were driving directly behind the death car, gave chase when the large sedan failed to stop after striking Miss Kendall but were unable to overtake it.

Agnes Kendall was not injured, it was said. Witnesses at the accident said the two girls were walking along the side of the road with their arms around each other. The large sedan sped away in the direction of Atlanta, they said. DeKalb county police were searching for the machine Sunday night. A description of the car was furnished police but the witnesses failed to note the license number.

The body of Miss Kendall was carried to the Turner funeral parlors in Decatur. Funeral arrangements were being made by the family.

She is survived by her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Kendall, of Scottdale; a brother, James Kendall; a sister, continued in Page 3, Column 1.

Man Kills Parents And Wounds Brother

FORT WAYNE, Ind., Jan. 24.—(UP)—Walter Hoffman, 37, shot and killed his father and mother and wounded his brother, he was captured as, gun in hand, he drove into the farmyard of another brother.

Hoffman, a World War veteran, was placed in the Allen county jail. Neighbors said they believed he became crazed during an argument with his parents.

National Wealth Per Family Averages \$10,961 in Capital, \$2,336 Income, Survey Shows

BY J. R. BRACKETT.
NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—(UP)—The total national wealth of the United States in 1930 was \$320,700,000,000, the national industrial conference board said today.

The total national income for the same year was \$78,000,000,000.

If the board said, these sums could have been distributed equally among all the families in the nation, each family would have had \$10,961 of capital and \$2,336 of income.

The total wealth—tangible, physical assets—fell \$22,000,000,000 or 8.9 per cent from 1929; while income—representing the sum of personal income of all individuals in the country, plus business savings—dropped \$14,000,000,000 or 16.4 per cent.

The board's estimate of wealth and income is the only regular and comprehensive similar research now being made. The last estimate of the United States census was in 1922, showing national wealth of \$320,800,000,000.

The per capita wealth in 1930 was \$2,671 as compared with \$2,971 in 1929, and the per capita income was \$578 in 1930 as compared with \$701 in 1929.

The wealth per gainful worker, including the unemployed, was \$4,728 in 1930, and his income was \$1,452.

The term "gainful worker," excludes, for instance, women engaged in household tasks without specific pay, and children.

Among states, Nevada had the greater per capita wealth with \$5,485; Wyoming was second with \$4,480 and South Dakota was third with \$4,356. Mississippi was last with \$1,110.

Similar detailed figures for national income are not yet available.

The figure for distribution of wealth by states was \$225,500,000,000 in 1930, as compared with \$335,000,000,000 in 1929. The difference between the figures for national wealth and for the distribution of it by states is accounted for by the fact that the state figures do not include the value of ships in the United States navy, privately owned water supply systems and gold and silver coin and bullion, which cannot be allocated geographically among the states.

"It is of interest," the board said, "to note the increase of national wealth in the period of 10 years, 1914 to 1930, both in actual or current dollars and in 1913 dollars. (The value of the dollar varies with its purchasing power. By using the value of the

Continued in Page 4, Column 4.

COMPLAINT MADE BY FAUST, NORTON, ATLANTA PASTORS

Charity Worker Met at Door of Theater by Chief Beavers and Is Handed 'Copy of Charges.' Show Is Allowed To Go on.

HEARING IS SET FOR WEDNESDAY

Defendant To Plead That No Law Violated Because All Proceeds Go to Unfortunate Children.

Atlanta "blue laws" operated Sunday afternoon when Chief James L. Beavers ordered Mrs. M. H. Margeson, of the emergency relief committee, to appear in police court to answer a charge of violating section 3131 of the Atlanta ordinance against Sunday amusements.

Complaint which led to the arrest of Mrs. Margeson was filed by the Rev. W. H. Faust, pastor of Gordon Street Baptist church, and the Rev. C. A. Norton. The latter is a cousin of Mayor Key and a supernumerary minister of the Methodist Episcopal church, South.

Hardly had the doors of the Paramount theater opened to admit a long stream of ticket buyers when the police chief and Patrolman J. D. Wood entered. Mrs. Margeson, waiting in the lobby, aware that she would be hauled into court for her action, stepped forward with a friendly smile and received her summons.

Even the chief, usually stern and grim-visaged when dealing law enforcement, was smiling broadly and crooked his arm to lead her to the courtroom.

"Give Mrs. Margeson a copy of charges to appear in recorder's court Wednesday afternoon," instructed Patrolman Wood.

The summons, when completely filled in by Wood, ordered Mrs. Margeson to appear before the recorder at 2:30 p. m. January 27, 1932.

"Ticket" Dated in Error.

It was later explained the "ticket" was dated in error, the flashing of photographers' lights and the gathered crowd perhaps making the policeman somewhat nervous.

Immediately after she had received the summons, Mrs. Margeson conferred with her attorney, Walter A. Sims, who announced that he would appear in her behalf Wednesday. Her plea will be that no ordinance was violated inasmuch as all proceeds from the Sunday show will go to the relief of needy children.

Chief Beavers did not order the show stopped after the law formalities were over the show—picture and vaudeville—was run according to schedule.

Following her arrest, Mrs. Margeson, who directs the woman's sewing center at the city hall, reiterated charges she made last week that her accusers were seeking to obstruct humane work for suffering people. She gave her home address and her residence as 916 Myrtle street, N. E.

Intensive World War.

Controversy on Sunday charity shows in Atlanta has raged for several weeks, following an appeal issued by Mayor James L. Key several weeks ago for special shows for the relief of the unemployed. With various clergymen and organizations adopting resolutions condemning the practice, and with sympathizers of the plan advocating "extreme measures to meet extreme conditions" the word war has waxed in intensity.

Following her arrest Sunday, Mrs. Margeson was taken to the city hall.

Continued in Page 3, Column 5.

Atlanta "blue laws" operated Sunday afternoon when Chief James L. Beavers ordered Mrs. M. H. Margeson, of the emergency relief committee, to appear in police court to answer a charge of violating section 3131 of the Atlanta ordinance against Sunday amusements.

Complaint which led to the arrest of Mrs. Margeson was filed by the Rev. W. H. Faust, pastor of Gordon Street Baptist church, and the Rev. C. A. Norton. The latter is a cousin of Mayor Key and a supernumerary minister of the Methodist Episcopal church, South.

Hardly had the doors of the Paramount theater opened to admit a long stream of ticket buyers when the police chief and Patrolman J. D. Wood entered. Mrs. Margeson, waiting in the lobby, aware that she would be hauled into court for her action, stepped forward with a friendly smile and received her summons.

Even the chief, usually stern and grim-visaged when dealing law enforcement, was smiling broadly and crooked his arm to lead her to the courtroom.

"Give Mrs. Margeson a copy of charges to appear in recorder's court Wednesday afternoon," instructed Patrolman Wood.

The summons, when completely filled in by Wood, ordered Mrs. Margeson to appear before the recorder at 2:30 p. m. January 27, 1932.

"Ticket" Dated in Error.

It was later explained the "ticket" was dated in error, the flashing of photographers' lights and the gathered crowd perhaps making the policeman somewhat nervous.

Immediately after she had received the summons, Mrs. Margeson conferred with her attorney, Walter A. Sims, who announced that he would appear in her behalf Wednesday. Her plea will be that no ordinance was violated inasmuch as all proceeds from the Sunday show will go to the relief of needy children.

Chief Beavers did not order the show stopped after the law formalities were over the show—picture and vaudeville—was run according to schedule.

Following her arrest, Mrs. Margeson, who directs the woman's sewing center at the city hall, reiterated charges she made last week that her accusers were seeking to obstruct humane work for suffering people. She gave her home address and her residence as 916 Myrtle street, N. E.

Intensive World War.

Controversy on Sunday charity shows in Atlanta has raged for several weeks, following an appeal issued by Mayor James L. Key several weeks ago for special shows for the relief of the unemployed. With various clergymen and organizations adopting resolutions condemning the practice, and with sympathizers of the plan advocating "extreme measures to meet extreme conditions" the word war has waxed in intensity.

Following her arrest Sunday, Mrs. Margeson was taken to the city hall.

Continued in Page 3, Column 5.

Atlanta "blue laws" operated Sunday afternoon when Chief James L. Beavers ordered Mrs. M. H. Margeson, of the emergency relief committee, to appear in police court to answer a charge of violating section 3131 of the Atlanta ordinance against Sunday amusements.

Complaint which led to the arrest of Mrs. Margeson was filed by the Rev. W. H. Faust, pastor of Gordon Street Baptist church, and the Rev. C. A. Norton. The latter is a cousin of Mayor Key and a supernumerary minister of the Methodist Episcopal church, South.

Hardly had the doors of the Paramount theater opened to admit a long stream of ticket buyers when the police chief and Patrolman J. D. Wood entered. Mrs. Margeson, waiting in the lobby, aware that she would be hauled into court for her action, stepped forward with a friendly smile and received her summons.

Even the chief, usually stern and grim-visaged when dealing law enforcement, was smiling broadly and crooked his arm to lead her to the courtroom.

"Give Mrs. Margeson a copy of charges to appear in recorder's court Wednesday afternoon," instructed Patrolman Wood.

The summons, when completely filled in by Wood, ordered Mrs. Margeson to appear before the recorder at 2:30 p. m. January 27, 1932.

"Ticket" Dated in Error.

It was later explained the "ticket" was dated in error, the flashing of photographers' lights and the gathered crowd perhaps making the policeman somewhat nervous.

Immediately after she had received the summons, Mrs. Margeson conferred with her attorney, Walter A. Sims, who announced that he would appear in her behalf Wednesday. Her plea will be that no ordinance was violated inasmuch as all proceeds from the Sunday show will go to the relief of needy children.

Chief Beavers did not order the show stopped after the law formalities were over the show—picture and vaudeville—was run according to schedule.

Following her arrest, Mrs. Margeson, who directs the woman's sewing center at the city hall, reiterated charges she made last week that her accusers were seeking to obstruct humane work for suffering people. She gave her home address and her residence as 916 Myrtle street, N. E.

Intensive World War.

Controversy on Sunday charity shows in Atlanta has raged for several weeks, following an appeal issued by Mayor James L. Key several weeks ago for special shows for the relief of the unemployed. With various clergymen and organizations adopting resolutions condemning the practice, and with sympathizers of the plan advocating "extreme measures to meet extreme conditions" the word war has waxed in intensity.

Following her arrest Sunday, Mrs. Margeson was taken to the city hall.

Continued in Page 3, Column 5.

Atlanta "blue laws" operated Sunday afternoon when Chief James L. Beavers ordered Mrs. M. H. Margeson, of the emergency relief committee, to appear in police court to answer a charge of violating section 3131 of the Atlanta ordinance against Sunday amusements.

Complaint which led to the arrest of Mrs. Margeson was filed by the Rev. W. H. Faust, pastor of Gordon Street Baptist church, and the Rev. C. A. Norton. The latter is a cousin of Mayor Key and a supernumerary minister of the Methodist Episcopal church, South.

Hardly had the doors of the Paramount theater opened to admit a long stream of ticket buyers when the police chief and Patrolman J. D. Wood entered. Mrs. Margeson, waiting in the lobby, aware that she would be hauled into court for her action, stepped forward with a friendly smile and received her summons.

Even the chief, usually stern and grim-visaged when dealing law enforcement, was smiling broadly and crooked his arm to lead her to the courtroom.

"Give Mrs. Margeson a copy of charges to appear in recorder's court Wednesday afternoon," instructed Patrolman Wood.

The summons, when completely filled in by Wood, ordered Mrs. Margeson to appear before the recorder at 2:30 p. m. January 27, 1932.

"Ticket" Dated in Error.

It was later explained the "ticket" was dated in error, the flashing of photographers' lights and the gathered crowd perhaps making the policeman somewhat nervous.

Immediately after she had received the summons, Mrs. Margeson conferred with her attorney, Walter A. Sims, who announced that he would appear in her behalf Wednesday. Her plea will be that no ordinance was violated inasmuch as all proceeds from the Sunday show will go to the relief of needy children.

Chief Beavers did not order the show stopped after the law formalities were over the show—picture and vaudeville—was run according to schedule.

Following her arrest, Mrs. Margeson, who directs the woman's sewing center at the city hall, reiterated charges she made last week that her accusers were seeking to obstruct humane work for suffering people. She gave her home address and her residence as 916 Myrtle street, N. E.

Intensive World War.

Controversy on Sunday charity shows in Atlanta has raged for several weeks, following an appeal issued by Mayor James L. Key several weeks ago for special shows for the relief of the unemployed. With various clergymen and organizations adopting resolutions condemning the practice, and with sympathizers of the plan advocating "extreme measures to meet extreme conditions" the word war has waxed in intensity.

Following her arrest Sunday, Mrs. Margeson was taken to the city hall.

Continued in Page 3, Column 5.

Atlanta "blue laws" operated Sunday afternoon when Chief James L. Beavers ordered Mrs. M. H. Margeson, of the emergency relief committee, to appear in police court to answer a charge of violating section 3131 of the Atlanta ordinance against Sunday amusements.

Complaint which led to the arrest of Mrs. Margeson was filed by the Rev. W. H. Faust, pastor of Gordon Street Baptist church, and the Rev. C. A. Norton. The latter is a cousin of Mayor Key and a supernumerary minister of the Methodist Episcopal church, South.

Hardly had the doors of the Paramount theater opened to admit a long stream of ticket buyers when the police chief and Patrolman J. D. Wood entered. Mrs. Margeson, waiting in the lobby, aware that she would be hauled into court for her action, stepped forward with a friendly smile and received her summons.

Even the chief, usually stern and grim-visaged when dealing law enforcement, was smiling broadly and crooked his arm to lead her to the courtroom.

"Give Mrs. Margeson a copy of charges to appear in recorder's court Wednesday afternoon," instructed Patrolman Wood.

The summons, when completely filled in by Wood, ordered Mrs. Margeson to appear before the recorder at 2:30 p. m. January 27, 1932.

"Ticket" Dated in Error.

It was later explained the "ticket" was dated in error, the flashing of photographers' lights and the gathered crowd perhaps making the policeman somewhat nervous.

Immediately after she had received the summons, Mrs. Margeson conferred with her attorney, Walter A. Sims, who announced that he would appear in her behalf Wednesday. Her plea will be that no ordinance was violated inasmuch as all proceeds from the Sunday show will go to the relief of needy children.

Chief Beavers did not order the show stopped after the law formalities were over the show—picture and vaudeville—was run according to schedule.

Following her arrest, Mrs. Margeson, who directs the woman's sewing center at the city hall, reiterated charges she made last week that her accusers were seeking to obstruct humane work for suffering people. She gave her home address and her residence as 916 Myrtle street, N. E.

Intensive World War.

Controversy on Sunday charity shows in Atlanta has raged for several weeks, following an appeal issued by Mayor James L. Key several weeks ago for special shows for the relief of the unemployed. With various clergymen and organizations adopting resolutions condemning the practice, and with sympathizers of the plan advocating "extreme measures to meet extreme conditions" the word war has waxed in intensity.

Following her arrest Sunday, Mrs. Margeson was taken to the city hall.

Continued in Page 3, Column 5.

Atlanta "blue laws" operated Sunday afternoon when Chief James L. Beavers ordered Mrs. M. H. Margeson, of the emergency relief committee, to appear in police court to answer a charge of violating section 3131 of the Atlanta ordinance

JAIL TERMS FAIL TO HALT INDIANS

Women Defy Ordinance in Urging Public Not to Buy British Goods.

BY JAMES A. MILLS.
BOMBAY, India, Jan. 24.—(AP)—Despite jail terms of unprecedented severity and a veritable tattoo of punishment, Mahatma Gandhi's army of nationalist rebels showed no sign of penitence tonight.

All over the country his followers have been indulging in various acts of non-violence to harass the government and try the patience of the police in their unending campaign for independence from British rule.

Defying the ordinance making peaceful picketing a prison offense, Indian women continued to station themselves outside stores and urge the public not to buy British goods. Scores have been arrested but there seems to be an unending line of others to take their places.

Likewise, attempts to make contraband salt were going on, as well as picketing of banks and the government mint, which already has resulted in a sharp reduction in the flow of gold to abroad. In some cases the police arrest the picketers and in others they ignore them.

Today was quiet throughout India except for several minor incidents. Flag salutation ceremonies were carried out in a number of cities. Authorities in Karachi were charged to find Gandhi's tri-color flying boldly over the city magistrate's court.

In some districts the government appeared to be tightening its grip on the passive disobeyers. Authorities in Calcutta warned Indian shopkeepers that the representative ordinance gave them the power to seal the stores of those who closed up as a protest against Gandhi's arrest and imprisonment.

A city magistrate in Lucknow ordered a nationalist insurance concern to forbid the Gandhites to enter the company's premises for one month. The firm's officials thereupon served

School Savings Seen As Solution for Scrip

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Jan. 24.—(AP)—A youngster's generosity has made it possible that Memphis' unpaid school teachers will at last have good, spendable money in their pockets.

They have been without that for almost a month because the board of education incurred a deficit and couldn't pay December salaries. The best it could do, the board said, was to issue scrip. Merchants and bankers have either hedged or talked about discounts when asked if they would accept the paper.

Bert Newsum, 10, got his father to explain what the scrip was. Then he suggested "the kids in my room have enough money in their school savings accounts to buy our teacher's scrip. If every room did that, all the teachers would have money."

Bert's father, Thornton Newsum, told a newspaper about the plan. "It's perfectly feasible," he said, "but the most I hope is that it will shame parents of school children into doing something for the teachers."

band salt were going on, as well as picketing of banks and the government mint, which already has resulted in a sharp reduction in the flow of gold to abroad. In some cases the police arrest the picketers and in others they ignore them.

Today was quiet throughout India except for several minor incidents. Flag salutation ceremonies were carried out in a number of cities. Authorities in Karachi were charged to find Gandhi's tri-color flying boldly over the city magistrate's court.

In some districts the government appeared to be tightening its grip on the passive disobeyers. Authorities in Calcutta warned Indian shopkeepers that the representative ordinance gave them the power to seal the stores of those who closed up as a protest against Gandhi's arrest and imprisonment.

A city magistrate in Lucknow ordered a nationalist insurance concern to forbid the Gandhites to enter the company's premises for one month. The firm's officials thereupon served

On Atlanta's Locals

WGST—Ansley Hotel—890 Kc
WSB—Biltmore Hotel—740 Kc
WJTL—Shrine Mosque—1370 Kc

WSB.

6:40—"Another Day"
6:45—News
7:00—Setting-up exercises
7:15—Harry Cooper
7:30—Chorus program, NBC
8:00—Dance and Organ, NBC
8:15—Phil Cook, NBC
8:30—Morning Worship
8:45—Morning News
9:00—Marmora Entertainers
9:15—T. S. Vary Band, NBC
9:30—Colonel Goodbody, NBC
9:45—Morning News
10:00—Radio School of Cooking
10:15—Dance Melodies orchestra
10:30—Radio Shopper
10:45—Dance Melodies
11:00—C. E. Clark, NBC
11:15—Johnson Daily Radio Guide
11:30—Favorite Classics
11:45—National Farm Hour, NBC
12:30—State College of Agriculture
1:30 P. M.—Fun-Accs.
1:45—Simulations
2:00—Georgia Rhythm Makers
2:30—Popular Concert, NBC
2:45—Marketa
2:50—Popular Concert, NBC
3:00—Charles Schousman, NBC
3:15—Swanee Serenaders, NBC
3:30—Dancing Shadows
3:40—Sunset Club
3:50—The Royal Vagabonds, NBC
4:15—Nick Economou
4:30—Atlanta Day Program
4:45—Georgia Federation Music Clubs
4:50—New
5:00—The Stebbins Boys, NBC
5:10—The Contented Program, NBC
5:20—Dancing Shadows
5:30—Walkers Amuse Castilians
5:45—Household Entertainers
6:00—The University of the States
6:00—New National Radio Forum, NBC
6:15—The University of the States
6:30—Amos "N" Andy, NBC
6:45—Prince Albert Quarter Hour, NBC
6:50—Fox Theater Hour
7:00—Theater Hour
7:15—Land of Dreams orchestra

WGST.

7:00 A. M.—Salon Musicals, CBS
7:05—Morning Devotions, CBS
7:15—Old Time Gospel, CBS
7:30—Sanitary Dry Cleaners
7:45—Gypsy Melodians, CBS
8:00—Joy's Scrap Book, CBS
8:15—Studio
8:30—Chattering with Ida Baller, CBS
8:45—Sweet and Hot, CBS
8:55—Theater Hour
9:00—Musical Alphabet, CBS
9:15—News
9:30—Talk by Ernest Johnson, CBS
9:45—Theater Hour
10:00—Theater Hour
10:15—Theater Hour
10:30—Theater Hour
10:45—Theater Hour
11:00—Theater Hour
11:15—Theater Hour
11:30—Theater Hour
11:45—Theater Hour
12:00—Theater Hour
12:15—Theater Hour
12:30—Theater Hour
12:45—Theater Hour
1:00—Theater Hour
1:15—Theater Hour
1:30—Theater Hour
1:45—Theater Hour
2:00—Theater Hour
2:15—Theater Hour
2:30—Theater Hour
2:45—Theater Hour
3:00—Theater Hour
3:15—Theater Hour
3:30—Theater Hour
3:45—Theater Hour
4:00—Theater Hour
4:15—Theater Hour
4:30—Theater Hour
4:45—Theater Hour
5:00—Theater Hour
5:15—Theater Hour
5:30—Theater Hour
5:45—Theater Hour
6:00—Theater Hour
6:15—Theater Hour
6:30—Theater Hour
6:45—Theater Hour
7:00—Theater Hour
7:15—Theater Hour
7:30—Theater Hour
7:45—Theater Hour
8:00—Theater Hour
8:15—Theater Hour
8:30—Theater Hour
8:45—Theater Hour
9:00—Theater Hour
9:15—Theater Hour
9:30—Theater Hour
9:45—Theater Hour
10:00—Theater Hour
10:15—Theater Hour
10:30—Theater Hour
10:45—Theater Hour
11:00—Theater Hour
11:15—Theater Hour
11:30—Theater Hour
11:45—Theater Hour
12:00—Theater Hour
12:15—Theater Hour
12:30—Theater Hour
12:45—Theater Hour
1:00—Theater Hour
1:15—Theater Hour
1:30—Theater Hour
1:45—Theater Hour
2:00—Theater Hour
2:15—Theater Hour
2:30—Theater Hour
2:45—Theater Hour
3:00—Theater Hour
3:15—Theater Hour
3:30—Theater Hour
3:45—Theater Hour
4:00—Theater Hour
4:15—Theater Hour
4:30—Theater Hour
4:45—Theater Hour
5:00—Theater Hour
5:15—Theater Hour
5:30—Theater Hour
5:45—Theater Hour
6:00—Theater Hour
6:15—Theater Hour
6:30—Theater Hour
6:45—Theater Hour
7:00—Theater Hour
7:15—Theater Hour
7:30—Theater Hour
7:45—Theater Hour
8:00—Theater Hour
8:15—Theater Hour
8:30—Theater Hour
8:45—Theater Hour
9:00—Theater Hour
9:15—Theater Hour
9:30—Theater Hour
9:45—Theater Hour
10:00—Theater Hour
10:15—Theater Hour
10:30—Theater Hour
10:45—Theater Hour
11:00—Theater Hour
11:15—Theater Hour
11:30—Theater Hour
11:45—Theater Hour
12:00—Theater Hour
12:15—Theater Hour
12:30—Theater Hour
12:45—Theater Hour
1:00—Theater Hour
1:15—Theater Hour
1:30—Theater Hour
1:45—Theater Hour
2:00—Theater Hour
2:15—Theater Hour
2:30—Theater Hour
2:45—Theater Hour
3:00—Theater Hour
3:15—Theater Hour
3:30—Theater Hour
3:45—Theater Hour
4:00—Theater Hour
4:15—Theater Hour
4:30—Theater Hour
4:45—Theater Hour
5:00—Theater Hour
5:15—Theater Hour
5:30—Theater Hour
5:45—Theater Hour
6:00—Theater Hour
6:15—Theater Hour
6:30—Theater Hour
6:45—Theater Hour
7:00—Theater Hour
7:15—Theater Hour
7:30—Theater Hour
7:45—Theater Hour
8:00—Theater Hour
8:15—Theater Hour
8:30—Theater Hour
8:45—Theater Hour
9:00—Theater Hour
9:15—Theater Hour
9:30—Theater Hour
9:45—Theater Hour
10:00—Theater Hour
10:15—Theater Hour
10:30—Theater Hour
10:45—Theater Hour
11:00—Theater Hour
11:15—Theater Hour
11:30—Theater Hour
11:45—Theater Hour
12:00—Theater Hour
12:15—Theater Hour
12:30—Theater Hour
12:45—Theater Hour
1:00—Theater Hour
1:15—Theater Hour
1:30—Theater Hour
1:45—Theater Hour
2:00—Theater Hour
2:15—Theater Hour
2:30—Theater Hour
2:45—Theater Hour
3:00—Theater Hour
3:15—Theater Hour
3:30—Theater Hour
3:45—Theater Hour
4:00—Theater Hour
4:15—Theater Hour
4:30—Theater Hour
4:45—Theater Hour
5:00—Theater Hour
5:15—Theater Hour
5:30—Theater Hour
5:45—Theater Hour
6:00—Theater Hour
6:15—Theater Hour
6:30—Theater Hour
6:45—Theater Hour
7:00—Theater Hour
7:15—Theater Hour
7:30—Theater Hour
7:45—Theater Hour
8:00—Theater Hour
8:15—Theater Hour
8:30—Theater Hour
8:45—Theater Hour
9:00—Theater Hour
9:15—Theater Hour
9:30—Theater Hour
9:45—Theater Hour
10:00—Theater Hour
10:15—Theater Hour
10:30—Theater Hour
10:45—Theater Hour
11:00—Theater Hour
11:15—Theater Hour
11:30—Theater Hour
11:45—Theater Hour
12:00—Theater Hour
12:15—Theater Hour
12:30—Theater Hour
12:45—Theater Hour
1:00—Theater Hour
1:15—Theater Hour
1:30—Theater Hour
1:45—Theater Hour
2:00—Theater Hour
2:15—Theater Hour
2:30—Theater Hour
2:45—Theater Hour
3:00—Theater Hour
3:15—Theater Hour
3:30—Theater Hour
3:45—Theater Hour
4:00—Theater Hour
4:15—Theater Hour
4:30—Theater Hour
4:45—Theater Hour
5:00—Theater Hour
5:15—Theater Hour
5:30—Theater Hour
5:45—Theater Hour
6:00—Theater Hour
6:15—Theater Hour
6:30—Theater Hour
6:45—Theater Hour
7:00—Theater Hour
7:15—Theater Hour
7:30—Theater Hour
7:45—Theater Hour
8:00—Theater Hour
8:15—Theater Hour
8:30—Theater Hour
8:45—Theater Hour
9:00—Theater Hour
9:15—Theater Hour
9:30—Theater Hour
9:45—Theater Hour
10:00—Theater Hour
10:15—Theater Hour
10:30—Theater Hour
10:45—Theater Hour
11:00—Theater Hour
11:15—Theater Hour
11:30—Theater Hour
11:45—Theater Hour
12:00—Theater Hour
12:15—Theater Hour
12:30—Theater Hour
12:45—Theater Hour
1:00—Theater Hour
1:15—Theater Hour
1:30—Theater Hour
1:45—Theater Hour
2:00—Theater Hour
2:15—Theater Hour
2:30—Theater Hour
2:45—Theater Hour
3:00—Theater Hour
3:15—Theater Hour
3:30—Theater Hour
3:45—Theater Hour
4:00—Theater Hour
4:15—Theater Hour
4:30—Theater Hour
4:45—Theater Hour
5:00—Theater Hour
5:15—Theater Hour
5:30—Theater Hour
5:45—Theater Hour
6:00—Theater Hour
6:15—Theater Hour
6:30—Theater Hour
6:45—Theater Hour
7:00—Theater Hour
7:15—Theater Hour
7:30—Theater Hour
7:45—Theater Hour
8:00—Theater Hour
8:15—Theater Hour
8:30—Theater Hour
8:45—Theater Hour
9:00—Theater Hour
9:15—Theater Hour
9:30—Theater Hour
9:45—Theater Hour
10:00—Theater Hour
10:15—Theater Hour
10:30—Theater Hour
10:45—Theater Hour
11:00—Theater Hour
11:15—Theater Hour
11:30—Theater Hour
11:45—Theater Hour
12:00—Theater Hour
12:15—Theater Hour
12:30—Theater Hour
12:45—Theater Hour
1:00—Theater Hour
1:15—Theater Hour
1:30—Theater Hour
1:45—Theater Hour
2:00—Theater Hour
2:15—Theater Hour
2:30—Theater Hour
2:45—Theater Hour
3:00—Theater Hour
3:15—Theater Hour
3:30—Theater Hour
3:45—Theater Hour
4:00—Theater Hour
4:15—Theater Hour
4:30—Theater Hour
4:45—Theater Hour
5:00—Theater Hour
5:15—Theater Hour
5:30—Theater Hour
5:45—Theater Hour
6:00—Theater Hour
6:15—Theater Hour
6:30—Theater Hour
6:45—Theater Hour
7:00—Theater Hour
7:15—Theater Hour
7:30—Theater Hour
7:45—Theater Hour
8:00—Theater Hour
8:15—Theater Hour
8:30—Theater Hour
8:45—Theater Hour
9:00—Theater Hour
9:15—Theater Hour
9:30—Theater Hour
9:45—Theater Hour
10:00—Theater Hour
10:15—Theater Hour
10:30—Theater Hour
10:45—Theater Hour
11:00—Theater Hour
11:15—Theater Hour
11:30—Theater Hour
11:45—Theater Hour
12:00—Theater Hour
12:15—Theater Hour
12:30—Theater Hour
12:45—Theater Hour
1:00—Theater Hour
1:15—Theater Hour
1:30—Theater Hour
1:45—Theater Hour
2:00—Theater Hour
2:15—Theater Hour
2:30—Theater Hour
2:45—Theater Hour
3:00—Theater Hour
3:15—Theater Hour
3:30—Theater Hour
3:45—Theater Hour
4:00—Theater Hour
4:15—Theater Hour
4:30—Theater Hour
4:45—Theater Hour
5:00—Theater Hour
5:15—Theater Hour
5:30—Theater Hour
5:45—Theater Hour
6:00—Theater Hour
6:15—Theater Hour
6:30—Theater Hour
6:45—Theater Hour
7:00—Theater Hour
7:15—Theater Hour
7:30—Theater Hour
7:45—Theater Hour
8:00—Theater Hour
8:15—Theater Hour
8:30—Theater Hour
8:45—Theater Hour
9:00—Theater Hour
9:15—Theater Hour
9:30—Theater Hour
9:45—Theater Hour
10:00—Theater Hour
10:15—Theater Hour
10:30—Theater Hour
10:45—Theater Hour
11:00—Theater Hour
11:15—Theater Hour
11:30—Theater Hour
11:45—Theater Hour
12:00—Theater Hour
12:15—Theater Hour
12:30—Theater Hour
12:45—Theater Hour
1:00—Theater Hour
1:15—Theater Hour
1:30—Theater Hour
1:45—Theater Hour
2:00—Theater Hour
2:15—Theater Hour
2:30—Theater Hour
2:45—Theater Hour
3:00—Theater Hour
3:15—Theater Hour
3:30—Theater Hour
3:45—Theater Hour
4:00—Theater Hour
4:15—Theater Hour
4:30—Theater Hour
4:45—Theater Hour
5:00—Theater Hour
5:15—Theater Hour
5:30—Theater Hour
5:45—Theater Hour
6:00—Theater Hour
6:15—Theater Hour
6:30—Theater Hour
6:45—Theater Hour
7:00—Theater Hour
7:15—Theater Hour
7:30—Theater Hour
7:45—Theater Hour
8:00—Theater Hour
8:15—Theater Hour
8:30—Theater Hour
8:45—Theater Hour
9:00—Theater Hour
9:15—Theater Hour
9:30—Theater Hour
9:45—Theater Hour
10:00—Theater Hour
10:15—Theater Hour
10:30—Theater Hour
10:45—Theater Hour
11:00—Theater Hour
11:15—Theater Hour
11:30—Theater Hour
11:45—Theater Hour
12:00—Theater Hour
12:15—Theater Hour
12:30—Theater Hour
12:45—Theater Hour
1:00—Theater Hour
1:15—Theater Hour
1:30—Theater Hour
1:45—Theater Hour
2:00—Theater Hour
2:15—Theater Hour
2:30—Theater Hour
2:45—Theater Hour
3:00—Theater Hour
3:15—Theater Hour
3:30—Theater Hour
3:45—Theater Hour
4:00—Theater Hour
4:15—Theater Hour
4:30—Theater Hour
4:45—Theater Hour
5:00—Theater Hour
5:15—Theater Hour
5:30—Theater Hour
5:45—Theater Hour
6:00—Theater Hour
6:15—Theater Hour
6:30—Theater Hour
6:45—Theater Hour
7:00—Theater Hour
7:15—Theater Hour
7:30—Theater Hour
7:45—Theater Hour
8:00—Theater Hour
8:15—Theater Hour
8:30—Theater Hour
8:45—Theater Hour
9:00—Theater Hour
9:15—Theater Hour
9:30—Theater Hour
9:45—Theater Hour
10:00—Theater Hour
10:15—Theater Hour
10:30—Theater Hour
10:45—Theater Hour
11:00—Theater Hour
11:15—Theater Hour
11:30—Theater Hour
11:45—Theater Hour
12:00—Theater Hour
12:15—Theater Hour
12:30—Theater Hour
12:45—Theater Hour
1:00—Theater Hour
1:15—Theater Hour
1:30—Theater Hour
1:45—Theater Hour
2:00—Theater Hour
2:15—Theater Hour
2:30—Theater Hour
2:45—Theater Hour
3:00—Theater Hour
3:15—Theater Hour
3:30—Theater Hour
3:45—Theater Hour
4:00—Theater Hour
4:15—Theater Hour
4:30—Theater Hour
4:45—Theater Hour
5:00—Theater Hour
5:15—Theater Hour
5:30—Theater Hour
5:45—Theater Hour
6:00—Theater Hour
6:15—Theater Hour
6:30—Theater Hour
6:45—Theater Hour
7:00—Theater Hour
7:15—Theater Hour
7:30—Theater Hour
7:45—Theater Hour
8:00—Theater Hour
8:15—Theater Hour
8:30—Theater Hour
8:45—Theater Hour
9:00—Theater Hour
9:15—Theater Hour
9:30—Theater Hour
9:45—Theater Hour
10:00—Theater Hour
10:15—Theater Hour
10:30—Theater Hour
10:45—Theater Hour
11:00—Theater Hour
11:15—Theater Hour
11:30—Theater Hour
11:45—Theater Hour
12:00—Theater Hour
12:15—Theater Hour
12:30—Theater Hour
12:45—Theater Hour
1:00—Theater Hour
1:15—Theater Hour
1:30—Theater Hour
1:45—Theater Hour
2:00—Theater Hour
2:15—Theater Hour
2:30—Theater Hour
2:45—Theater Hour
3:00—Theater Hour
3:15—Theater Hour
3:30—Theater Hour
3:45—Theater Hour
4:00—Theater Hour
4:15—Theater Hour
4:30—Theater Hour
4:45—Theater Hour
5:00—Theater Hour
5:15—Theater Hour
5:30—Theater Hour
5:45—Theater Hour
6:00—Theater Hour
6:15—Theater Hour
6:30—Theater Hour
6:45—Theater Hour
7:00—Theater Hour
7:15—Theater Hour
7:30—Theater Hour
7:45—Theater Hour
8:00—Theater Hour
8:15—Theater Hour
8:30—Theater Hour
8:45—Theater Hour
9:00—Theater Hour
9:15—Theater Hour
9:30—Theater Hour
9:45—Theater Hour
10:00—Theater Hour
10:15—Theater Hour
10:30—Theater Hour
10:45—Theater Hour
11:00—Theater Hour
11:15—Theater Hour
11:30—Theater Hour
11:45—Theater Hour
12:00—Theater Hour
12:15—Theater Hour
12:30—Theater Hour
12:45—Theater Hour
1:00—Theater Hour
1:15—Theater Hour
1:30—Theater Hour
1:45—Theater Hour
2:00—Theater Hour
2:15—Theater Hour
2:30—Theater Hour
2:45—Theater Hour
3:00—Theater Hour
3:15—Theater Hour
3:30—Theater Hour
3:45—Theater Hour
4:00—Theater Hour
4:15—Theater Hour
4:30—Theater Hour
4:45—Theater Hour
5:00—Theater Hour
5:15—Theater Hour
5:30—Theater Hour
5:45—Theater Hour
6:00—Theater Hour
6:15—Theater Hour
6:30—Theater Hour
6:45—Theater Hour
7:00—Theater Hour
7:15—Theater Hour
7:30—Theater Hour
7:45—Theater Hour
8:00—Theater Hour
8:15—Theater Hour
8:30—Theater Hour
8:45—Theater Hour
9:00—Theater Hour
9:15—Theater Hour
9:30—Theater Hour
9:45—Theater Hour
10:00—Theater Hour
10:15—Theater Hour
10:30—Theater Hour
10:45—Theater Hour
11:00—Theater Hour
11:15—Theater Hour
11:30—Theater Hour
11:45—Theater Hour
12:00—Theater Hour
12:15—Theater Hour
12:30—Theater Hour
12:45—Theater Hour
1:00—Theater Hour
1:15—Theater Hour
1:30—Theater Hour
1:45—Theater Hour
2:00—Theater Hour
2:15—Theater Hour
2:30—Theater Hour
2:45—Theater Hour
3:00—Theater Hour
3:15—Theater Hour
3:30—Theater Hour
3:45—Theater Hour
4:00—Theater Hour
4:15—Theater Hour
4:30—Theater Hour
4:45—Theater Hour
5:00—Theater Hour
5:15—Theater Hour
5:30—Theater Hour
5:45—Theater Hour
6:00—Theater Hour
6:15—Theater Hour
6:30—Theater Hour
6:45—Theater Hour
7:00—Theater Hour
7:15—Theater Hour
7:30—Theater Hour
7:45—Theater Hour
8:00—Theater Hour
8:15—Theater Hour
8:30—Theater Hour
8:45—Theater Hour
9:00—Theater Hour
9:15—Theater Hour
9:30—Theater Hour
9:45—Theater Hour
10:00—Theater Hour
10:15—Theater Hour
10:30—Theater Hour
10:45—Theater Hour
11:00—Theater Hour
11:15—Theater Hour
11:30—Theater Hour
11:45—Theater Hour
12:00—Theater Hour
12:15—Theater Hour
12:30—Theater Hour
12:45—Theater Hour
1:00—Theater Hour
1:15—Theater Hour
1:30—Theater Hour
1:45—Theater Hour
2:00—Theater Hour
2:15—Theater Hour
2:30—Theater Hour
2:45—Theater Hour
3:00—Theater Hour
3:15—Theater Hour
3:30—Theater Hour
3:45—Theater Hour
4:00—Theater Hour
4:15—Theater Hour
4:30—Theater Hour
4:45—Theater Hour
5:00—Theater Hour
5:15—Theater Hour
5:30—Theater Hour
5:45—Theater Hour
6:00—Theater Hour
6:15—Theater Hour
6:30—Theater Hour
6:45—Theater Hour
7:00—Theater Hour
7:15—Theater Hour
7:30—Theater Hour
7:45—Theater Hour
8:00—Theater Hour
8:15—Theater Hour
8:30—Theater Hour
8:45—Theater Hour
9:00—Theater Hour
9:15—Theater Hour
9:30—Theater Hour
9:45—Theater Hour
10:00—Theater Hour
10:15—Theater Hour
10:30—Theater Hour
10:45—Theater Hour
11:00—Theater Hour
11:15—Theater Hour
11:30—Theater Hour
11:45—Theater Hour
12:00—Theater Hour
12:15—Theater Hour
12:30—Theater Hour
12:45—Theater Hour
1:00—Theater Hour
1:15—Theater Hour
1:30—Theater Hour
1:45—Theater Hour
2:00—Theater Hour
2:15—Theater Hour
2:30—Theater Hour
2:45—Theater Hour
3:00—Theater Hour
3:15—Theater Hour
3:30—Theater Hour
3:45—Theater Hour
4:00—Theater Hour
4:15—Theater Hour
4:30—Theater Hour
4:45—Theater Hour
5:00—Theater Hour
5:15—Theater Hour
5:30—Theater Hour
5:45—Theater Hour
6:00—Theater Hour
6:15—Theater Hour
6:30—Theater Hour
6:45—Theater Hour
7:00—Theater Hour
7:15—Theater Hour
7:30—Theater Hour
7:45—Theater Hour
8:00—Theater Hour
8:15—Theater Hour
8:30—Theater Hour
8:45—Theater Hour
9:00—Theater Hour
9:15—Theater Hour
9:30—Theater Hour
9:45—Theater Hour
10:00—Theater Hour
10:15—Theater Hour
10:30—Theater Hour
10:45—Theater Hour
11:00—Theater Hour
11:15—Theater Hour
11:30—Theater Hour
11:45—Theater Hour
12:00—Theater Hour
12:15—Theater Hour
12:30—Theater Hour
12:45—Theater Hour
1:00—Theater Hour
1:15—Theater Hour
1:30—Theater Hour
1:45—Theater Hour
2:00—Theater Hour
2:15—Theater Hour
2:30—Theater Hour
2:45—Theater Hour
3:00—Theater Hour
3:15—Theater Hour
3:30—Theater Hour
3:45—Theater Hour
4:00—Theater Hour
4:15—Theater Hour
4:30—Theater Hour
4:45—Theater Hour
5:00—Theater Hour
5:15—Theater Hour
5:30—Theater Hour
5:45—Theater Hour
6:00—Theater Hour
6:15—Theater Hour
6:30—Theater Hour
6:45—Theater Hour
7:00—Theater Hour
7:15—Theater Hour
7:30—Theater Hour
7:45—Theater Hour
8:00—Theater Hour
8:15—Theater Hour
8:30—Theater Hour
8:45—Theater Hour
9:00—Theater Hour
9:15—Theater Hour
9:30—Theater Hour
9:45—Theater Hour
10:00—Theater Hour
10:15—Theater Hour
10:30—Theater Hour
10:45—Theater Hour
11:00—Theater Hour
11:15—Theater Hour
11:30—Theater Hour
11:45—Theater Hour
12:00—Theater Hour
12:15—Theater Hour
12:30—Theater Hour
12:45—Theater Hour
1:00—Theater Hour
1:15—Theater Hour
1:30—Theater Hour
1:45—Theater Hour
2:00—Theater Hour
2:15—Theater Hour
2:30—Theater Hour
2:45—Theater Hour
3:00—Theater Hour
3:15—Theater Hour
3:30—Theater Hour
3:45—Theater Hour
4:00—Theater Hour
4:15—Theater Hour
4:30—Theater Hour
4:45—Theater Hour
5:00—Theater Hour
5:15—Theater Hour
5:30—Theater Hour
5:45—Theater Hour
6:00—Theater Hour
6:15—Theater Hour
6:30—Theater Hour
6:45—Theater Hour
7:00—Theater Hour
7:15—Theater Hour
7:30—Theater Hour
7:45—Theater Hour
8:00—Theater Hour
8:15—Theater Hour
8:30—Theater Hour
8:45—Theater Hour
9:00—Theater Hour
9:15—Theater Hour
9:30—Theater Hour
9:45—Theater Hour
10:00—Theater Hour
10:15—Theater Hour
10:30—Theater Hour
10:45—Theater Hour
11:00—Theater Hour
11:15—Theater Hour
11:30—Theater Hour
11:45—Theater Hour
12:00—Theater Hour
12:15—Theater Hour
12:30—Theater Hour
12:45—Theater Hour
1:00—Theater Hour
1:15—Theater Hour
1:30—Theater Hour
1:45—Theater Hour
2:00—Theater Hour
2:15—Theater Hour
2:30—Theater Hour
2:45—Theater Hour
3:00—Theater Hour
3:15—Theater Hour
3:30—Theater Hour
3:45—Theater Hour
4:00—Theater Hour
4:15—Theater Hour
4:30—Theater Hour
4:45—Theater Hour
5:00—Theater Hour
5:15—Theater Hour
5:30—Theater Hour
5:45—Theater Hour
6:00—Theater Hour
6:15—Theater Hour
6:30—Theater Hour
6:45—Theater Hour
7:00—Theater Hour
7:15—Theater Hour
7:30—Theater Hour
7:45—Theater Hour
8:00—Theater Hour
8:15—Theater Hour
8:30—Theater Hour
8:45—Theater Hour
9:00—Theater Hour
9:15—Theater Hour
9:30—Theater Hour
9:45—Theater Hour
10:00—Theater Hour
10:15—Theater Hour
10:30—Theater Hour
10:45—Theater Hour
11:00—Theater Hour
11:15—Theater Hour
11:30—Theater Hour
11:45—Theater Hour
12:00—Theater Hour
12:15—Theater Hour
12:30—Theater Hour
12:45—Theater Hour
1:00—Theater Hour
1:15—Theater Hour
1:30—Theater Hour
1:45—Theater Hour
2:00—Theater Hour
2:15—Theater Hour
2:30—Theater Hour
2:45—Theater Hour
3:00—Theater Hour
3:15—Theater Hour
3:30—Theater Hour
3:45—Theater Hour
4:00—Theater Hour
4:15—Theater Hour
4:30—Theater Hour
4:45—Theater Hour
5:00—Theater Hour
5:15—Theater Hour
5:30—Theater Hour
5:45—Theater Hour
6:00—Theater Hour
6:15—Theater Hour
6:30—Theater Hour
6:45—Theater Hour
7:00—Theater Hour
7:15—Theater Hour
7:30—Theater Hour
7:45—Theater Hour
8:00—Theater Hour
8:15—Theater Hour
8:30—Theater Hour
8:45—Theater Hour
9:00—Theater Hour
9:15—Theater Hour
9:30—Theater Hour
9:45—Theater Hour
10:00—Theater Hour
10:15—Theater Hour
10:30—Theater Hour
10:45—Theater Hour
11

RAILROAD CHIEFS CLARIFY STAND

Revised Statement Prepared by Committee to Union Executives.

CHICAGO, Jan. 24.—(AP)—The committee of nine railroad presidents negotiating with the railroad unions for a voluntary 10 per cent wage reduction tonight completed a revised statement of their position. The revision, according to Daniel Willard, president of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, was intended "to more nearly meet the views of labor" as presented to the presidents yesterday.

The clarification of the rail presidents' position on the unions' labor stabilization plan clears the way for an early vote by the unions on acceptance or rejection of the wage cut.

The revised statement was transmitted to David B. Robertson, chairman of the union leaders, who said it would be submitted to representatives of the 21 unions tomorrow. Both Robertson and Willard refused to make public the contents.

Union leaders previously had refused to submit the question of the wage reduction for a vote until the presidents had offered a more definite statement of their stand relative to the unions' stabilization program. Robertson said tonight he expected the unions would require at least all of Monday to consider the executives' statement.

Earlier in the day Robertson had made public the rail executives' previous answer to the request of the unions for stabilization of employment.

Under the heading of "immediate measures" the unions had sought to "stabilize employment by assuring one year of employment to the necessary employees in every class—(a) This stabilization should include provisions for putting to work as many men as possible consistent with maintaining satisfactory conditions in the respective classes of employment. (b) Necessary stand-by forces should also be assured of a minimum of part-time employment."

To this the railroad presidents' answer was:

(a) We agree that whatever may be practicable should be done to remove the feeling of uncertainty which may exist at the present time in the minds of many who are now unemployed either upon a whole or part-time basis. Varying conditions make it necessary to deal with these questions by local negotiations between management and men on each railroad. The railroads will carry on such negotiations for the purpose of stabilizing employment so far as possible for such periods as conditions may justify.

(b) We can not encourage the thought that the so-called necessary stand-by forces can be assured of a minimum amount of work each month.

**S. A. E. FRATERNITY
HONORS TORRANCE
AT PROVINCE MEET**

Cobb C. Torrance, of 7 Delmont avenue, prominent young Atlanta realtor and popular clubman and fraternity worker, has been elected archon of the Epsilon province of the Sigma Alpha Epsilon fraternity, covering the states of Georgia, Alabama and Florida. The election took place at the biennial convention of the province, held at the chapter house of the University of Alabama chapel at Tuscaloosa, Ala., which closed Saturday.

Mr. Torrance, a graduate of the University of Georgia, has for years taken an active part in the work of the fraternity, having been president of the Atlanta Alumni Association and more recently deputy archon of the province, from which post he was advanced to that of archon to succeed Roy A. Johnston, of Miami, Fla., who retired after serving two years.

Others from Atlanta who attended the convention at Tuscaloosa were Joseph L. Runkle and Robert Chambers, from the Emory chapter; Ivan Allen Jr. and John Pidecock, from the Georgia Tech chapter; Charles E. Stone Jr. and Fred G. Hodgson Jr., from the University of Georgia chapter; and Lauren Foreman, past eminent supreme archon of the fraternity.

**SCOTTDAL GIRL
KILLED BY AUTO**

Continued from First Page.

Mrs. Fred Shumate, and her granddaughters, Mrs. A. A. Kendall, and Mrs. Kate Stewart, all of Scottdale, Ga., were killed Sunday when a car driven by a possible fugitive from justice struck them near home by a car driven by a possible fugitive from justice.

Mrs. Thompson carried the child to Grady hospital, where she was admitted for observation and treatment. Mrs. Thompson said the little girl walked into the rear of her car as she went down Oak street. No cases was made by police.

**REMBERT SMITH'S SUIT
SET FOR TRIAL TODAY**

DALLAS, Texas, Jan. 24.—(AP)—The libel and slander suit of the Rev. Rembert G. Smith, southern Methodist minister of Sparta, Ga., against Bishop John M. Moore and Rev. E. V. Cole has been set for trial in federal court here today.

Rev. Smith seeks \$250,000 from each of the defendants for damages he claimed were suffered as a result of statements after the 1928 presidential campaign. Bishop Moore and Rev. Cole are leaders in the Methodist Episcopal church, south.

Walter B. Brannan, of Dallas yesterday withdrew as counsel for the plaintiff. Unless other counsel or Mr. Smith appears here tomorrow, the cases probably will be dismissed, court officials said.

**Police Find Man Slain
After Mysterious Tip**

CAMDEN, N. J., Jan. 24.—(AP)—Police found an unidentified body in a desolate section of the city today after somebody telephoned headquarters and said:

"You'll find a dead guy on Ferry avenue back of the Evergreen cemetery. Got it?"

The call was traced to a fire house, but police said they were satisfied none of the firemen had made the call.

The dead man's head was battered so severely his features were unrecognizable.

**SEABURY'S REPORT
ASSAILS CRAFT**

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—(AP)—Constructive changes to raise New York city from "the low and sordid state to which it has sunk" were vigorously advocated today by Samuel Seabury, who said the show trial of legislative inquiry had shown graft and corruption to be a part of a Tammany Hall "system" permeating the city.

The gray-haired independent democrat submitted a 50,000-word intermediate report of an investigation begun last spring to the chairman of the Hofstadter legislative committee. He is counsel to the committee.

At the same time Assemblyman Louis A. Chiviller, democratic committee member, in a personal statement termed the inquiry a "disgraceful failure," and asserted Seabury sought by insinuation to "besmirch" the character of municipal employees and "undermine" the city's financial standing.

Seabury, said Chiviller, was "nursing an alleged grievance that Tammany Hall had knifed him at the polls" in his unsuccessful 1916 race for governor.

The Seabury report described a recent statement by an assistant to Mayor Walker that the inquiry was impairing city credit as "a shallow attempt to transfer the blame for the city's financial condition, said Seabury, was due to "waste, graft and corruption with which the city is infested."

The investigation so far, the report stated, has shown there are unnecessary and overlapping departments in the city government and a large number of employees who should be eliminated.

Seabury expressed a hope that the committee may devote its attention to ways and means of having the police department, health department and public school system "removed from political influences."

**CHEMISTRY MEDAL
IS GIVEN DR. HERTY**

Continued from First Page.

As an economic influence when his early researches at the University of Georgia revolutionized the turpentine and naval stores industry, Mr. Breithaupt said. "The Herty method of collecting turpentine greatly increased the productivity of the pines. Other districts copied corrected wasteful methods of turpentine orcharding and conserved the forests."

Dr. Herty is a former president of the American Chemical Society and a former editor of the Journal of Industrial and Engineering Chemistry. In 1917, he helped form the chemical warfare service as a branch of the United States army.

Since the war he has been keenly interested in making the United States chemically independent, and led the fight for the tariff act of 1922 which protects American chemical industries.

He also participated in the campaign for the Ransdell bill, which established the National Institute of Health and made health research a direct activity of the federal government.

In 1926 he became adviser to the chemical foundation.

Last year, Secretary Mellon and his brother were awarded the medal for establishing the Mellon institute, others who have received it are George Eastman, for making fine organic chemicals available to American chemists, and Mr. and Mrs. Francis P. Garvan, who established the chemical foundation.

The medal will be formally presented to Dr. Herty at the annual meeting of the institute, to be held in New York in May, it was said.

Honored by Institute

Dr. Charles H. Herty, native Georgian, whose recent research work has been conducted in this state on the paper pulp possibilities of slash pine, has been awarded the annual medal of the American Institute of Chemists.

River Yields Body.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Jan. 24.—(AP)—The body of James W. Johnson, 62, president and treasurer of the Parmenter Paint Company, who disappeared January 5, was found in a Tennessee river near the Market street bridge here this afternoon by fishermen.

Removal Notice

Atlanta, Ga., January 23, 1932.

The Law Firm of Alston, Alston, Foster & Moise announces its removal from its offices in the old Citizens & Southern Bank Building to Suite 1220 in the new Citizens & Southern National Bank Building, at the northeast corner of Broad and Marietta streets. The phone number continues WALnut 4041.

Removal Notice

Atlanta, Ga., January 23, 1932.

The Law Firm of Alston, Alston, Foster & Moise announces its removal from its offices in the old Citizens & Southern Bank Building to Suite 1220 in the new Citizens & Southern National Bank Building, at the northeast corner of Broad and Marietta streets. The phone number continues WALnut 4041.

Removal Notice

Atlanta, Ga., January 23, 1932.

The Law Firm of Alston, Alston, Foster & Moise announces its removal from its offices in the old Citizens & Southern Bank Building to Suite 1220 in the new Citizens & Southern National Bank Building, at the northeast corner of Broad and Marietta streets. The phone number continues WALnut 4041.

**Police Find Man Slain
After Mysterious Tip**

CAMDEN, N. J., Jan. 24.—(AP)—Police found an unidentified body in a desolate section of the city today after somebody telephoned headquarters and said:

"You'll find a dead guy on Ferry avenue back of the Evergreen cemetery. Got it?"

The call was traced to a fire house, but police said they were satisfied none of the firemen had made the call.

The dead man's head was battered so severely his features were unrecognizable.

**SEABURY'S REPORT
ASSAILS CRAFT**

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—(AP)—Constructive changes to raise New York city from "the low and sordid state to which it has sunk" were vigorously advocated today by Samuel Seabury, who said the show trial of legislative inquiry had shown graft and corruption to be a part of a Tammany Hall "system" permeating the city.

The gray-haired independent democrat submitted a 50,000-word intermediate report of an investigation begun last spring to the chairman of the Hofstadter legislative committee. He is counsel to the committee.

At the same time Assemblyman Louis A. Chiviller, democratic committee member, in a personal statement termed the inquiry a "disgraceful failure," and asserted Seabury sought by insinuation to "besmirch" the character of municipal employees and "undermine" the city's financial standing.

Seabury, said Chiviller, was "nursing an alleged grievance that Tammany Hall had knifed him at the polls" in his unsuccessful 1916 race for governor.

The Seabury report described a recent statement by an assistant to Mayor Walker that the inquiry was impairing city credit as "a shallow attempt to transfer the blame for the city's financial condition, said Seabury, was due to "waste, graft and corruption with which the city is infested."

The investigation so far, the report stated, has shown there are unnecessary and overlapping departments in the city government and a large number of employees who should be eliminated.

Seabury expressed a hope that the committee may devote its attention to ways and means of having the police department, health department and public school system "removed from political influences."

**CHEMISTRY MEDAL
IS GIVEN DR. HERTY**

Continued from First Page.

As an economic influence when his early researches at the University of Georgia revolutionized the turpentine and naval stores industry, Mr. Breithaupt said. "The Herty method of collecting turpentine greatly increased the productivity of the pines. Other districts copied corrected wasteful methods of turpentine orcharding and conserved the forests."

Dr. Herty is a former president of the American Chemical Society and a former editor of the Journal of Industrial and Engineering Chemistry. In 1917, he helped form the chemical warfare service as a branch of the United States army.

Since the war he has been keenly interested in making the United States chemically independent, and led the fight for the tariff act of 1922 which protects American chemical industries.

He also participated in the campaign for the Ransdell bill, which established the National Institute of Health and made health research a direct activity of the federal government.

In 1926 he became adviser to the chemical foundation.

Last year, Secretary Mellon and his brother were awarded the medal for establishing the Mellon institute, others who have received it are George Eastman, for making fine organic chemicals available to American chemists, and Mr. and Mrs. Francis P. Garvan, who established the chemical foundation.

The medal will be formally presented to Dr. Herty at the annual meeting of the institute, to be held in New York in May, it was said.

Honored by Institute

Dr. Charles H. Herty, native Georgian, whose recent research work has been conducted in this state on the paper pulp possibilities of slash pine, has been awarded the annual medal of the American Institute of Chemists.

River Yields Body.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Jan. 24.—(AP)—The body of James W. Johnson, 62, president and treasurer of the Parmenter Paint Company, who disappeared January 5, was found in a Tennessee river near the Market street bridge here this afternoon by fishermen.

Removal Notice

Atlanta, Ga., January 23, 1932.

The Law Firm of Alston, Alston, Foster & Moise announces its removal from its offices in the old Citizens & Southern Bank Building to Suite 1220 in the new Citizens & Southern National Bank Building, at the northeast corner of Broad and Marietta streets. The phone number continues WALnut 4041.

Removal Notice

Atlanta, Ga., January 23, 1932.

The Law Firm of Alston, Alston, Foster & Moise announces its removal from its offices in the old Citizens & Southern Bank Building to Suite 1220 in the new Citizens & Southern National Bank Building, at the northeast corner of Broad and Marietta streets. The phone number continues WALnut 4041.

Removal Notice

Atlanta, Ga., January 23, 1932.

The Law Firm of Alston, Alston, Foster & Moise announces its removal from its offices in the old Citizens & Southern Bank Building to Suite 1220 in the new Citizens & Southern National Bank Building, at the northeast corner of Broad and Marietta streets. The phone number continues WALnut 4041.

Removal Notice

Atlanta, Ga., January 23, 1932.

The Law Firm of Alston, Alston, Foster & Moise announces its removal from its offices in the old Citizens & Southern Bank Building to Suite 1220 in the new Citizens & Southern National Bank Building, at the northeast corner of Broad and Marietta streets. The phone number continues WALnut 4041.

Removal Notice

Atlanta, Ga., January 23, 1932.

The Law Firm of Alston, Alston, Foster & Moise announces its removal from its offices in the old Citizens & Southern Bank Building to Suite 1220 in the new Citizens & Southern National Bank Building, at the northeast corner of Broad and Marietta streets. The phone number continues WALnut 4041.

Removal Notice

Atlanta, Ga., January 23, 1932.

The Law Firm of Alston, Alston, Foster & Moise announces its removal from its offices in the old Citizens & Southern Bank Building to Suite 1220 in the new Citizens & Southern National Bank Building, at the northeast corner of Broad and Marietta streets. The phone number continues WALnut 4041.

Removal Notice

Atlanta, Ga., January 23, 1932.

The Law Firm of Alston, Alston, Foster & Moise announces its removal from its offices in the old Citizens & Southern Bank Building to Suite 1220 in the new Citizens & Southern National Bank Building, at the northeast corner of Broad and Marietta streets. The phone number continues WALnut 4041.

Removal Notice

Atlanta, Ga., January 23, 1932.

The Law Firm of Alston, Alston, Foster & Moise announces its removal from its offices in the old Citizens & Southern Bank Building to Suite 1220 in the new Citizens & Southern National Bank Building, at the northeast corner of Broad and Marietta streets. The phone number continues WALnut 4041.

Southern Publishers Discuss Problems at Conference Here



Newspaper publishers from all over the south attended a meeting of directors of the Southern Newspaper Publishers' Association at the Atlanta Biltmore Sunday. The sessions, which were executive, comprised the regular winter meeting of the directorate. The members of the board are shown above. Seated on the floor are C. C. Carr, St. Petersburg (Fla.) Times; J. H. Skewes, Meridian (Miss.) Star, and Cranston Williams, Chattanooga, secretary-manager of the association. In the next row, seated, are W. C. Johnson, Chattanooga (Tenn.) News, treasurer of the association; Major Clark Howell Jr., Atlanta

NINE AMERICANS WIN OBERLAENDER GRANTS

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—(AP)—Nine men, each active in a field in which Germans have made great advances, have been given grants for study and research in Germany and Austria by trustees of the Oberlaender trust.

The trust was created by Gustave Oberlaender, retired manufacturer of Reading, Pa., about a year ago. He set aside a million-dollar fund to promote good will between the United States and Germany, and to be administered as a part of the Carl Schurz Memorial Foundation.

He specified that the trust was to enable American scientists, artists, writers, and public workers to be of greater service to the United States. Five men and two women were named for 1931.

The nine 1932 awards, announced today, go to:

Dr. Henry J. Arnold, of Springfield, Ohio, who has taken a leading part in adult educational activities in Ohio. He will investigate the status of adult education in Germany, with special reference to the Folk High school, the newest development of this movement.

Dr. H. A. Bendixen, of Pullman, Wash., specialist in the field of sanitary dairy husbandry and well known for his work in the northwestern states; to study German methods of handling and distributing dairy products.

Stanton K. Dorsey, sanitary engineer in the United States veterans' bureau, who will study the German sanitary systems for waste disposal.

Dr. Edwin J. Funk, of the Reading hospital, Reading, Pa., who will make a special study of the relation of public health to the hospital and the community in Germany.

Professor Rexford B. Hersey, of Philadelphia, who has been studying the adjustment of the American worker to his economic and social environment. He will compare the psychological reactions of German and American industrial workers.

John Page Jones, of Lynchburg, Va., who will take up special studies in the fields of journalism and economics.

Charles D. Lay, of New York city, landscape architect, who has been commissioned to plan the new recreational park for the borough of Brooklyn, N. Y. He will make an intensive study of German recreational parks.

Professor Douglas Waples, of Chicago, who is studying the history of the German welfare activities, as they have been worked out by certain German librarians.

J. A. Wolf, who is active in recreational work with the Neighborhood Association of St. Louis, Mo., and will make an investigation of housing conditions and other phases of German social welfare activities.

In 1931 Mr. and Mrs. Julian Harris, of Atlanta, were recipients of two of the awards. Mr. Harris is news director of The Constitution and Mrs. Harris is a well-known author.

Trustees of the Oberlaender trust are: Mr. Oberlaender, C. W. Ackerman, dean of the School of Journalism, Columbia University; Henry Allen Moe, executive of the Guggenheim Foundation; Dr. Haven Emerson, College of Physicians and Surgeons, Colby University; and Dr. Wilbur K. Thomas, executive of the Carl Schurz Memorial Foundation.

Mr. Ferdinand Thun, of Reading, Pa., is president of the Carl Schurz Memorial Foundation.

**Music-Lovers Pack Glenn Church
For Concert by Emory Orchestra**

Atlanta music-lovers packed Glenn Memorial church Sunday afternoon for the Charter Day appearance of Emory college orchestra, under the direction of Dr. Malcolm H. Dewey.

The program, which included both orchestra and solo numbers, was dedicated to Haydn, as this year marks the 200th anniversary of the great composer's birth.

As its opening number the orchestra presented Brahms' "Hungarian Dance No. 5," which was followed by Haydn's "Symphony in C Major," something that the "Surprise Symphony" because of the sudden crashing chord in the quiet second movement. The third movement was omitted.

Raymond B. Nixon was the vocal soloist and his splendid baritone voice was heard to advantage in "Rolling in the Foamy Billows," from Haydn's opera, "The Creation." For this aria Mr. Nixon was accompanied by the orchestra, with Mike McDowell at the organ.

For a later group of songs, Haydn's "She Never Told Her Love," Morrice's "Clorinda," and McMillan's "The Diver," Mr. Nixon was accompanied at the piano by Mrs. John Felder. As an encore he sang by request "Home on the Range."

Particularly brilliant was the playing of the two instrumental soloists, Thomas Brumby, pianist, and Mendel Segal, violinist. Mr. Brumby, who is a pupil of Hugh Hodgson, played Beethoven's "Eccossaises," Debussy's "Prelude in A Minor" and as an encore Chopin's "Prelude in A Flat Major." Mr. Segal, an Emory freshman, played "Zigeunerweisen" from Sarasate. As an encore he played a Spanish dance. Mr. Segal was accompanied by Mike McDowell at the piano.

Mendelssohn's "Overture to Ruy Blas," by the orchestra, completed the program.

—ULMER CROSBY.

**RUTH JUDD WELCOMES
RESPIRE FROM TRIAL**

PHOENIX, Ariz., Jan. 24.—(AP)—Winnie Ruth Judd sat nervously on an iron cot in a jail cell today while the jurors who will decide her fate on a murder charge sought relief from their responsibility by attending a motion picture show.

Wrapping a handkerchief about her scarred left hand with the automatic motion she has developed in the five days since she went to trial for the "trunk murders" of Hedvig Samuelson and Anne LeRoy, the slim defendant appeared little interested in her fate. Prosecutor Lloyd J. Andrews promised to unveil tomorrow the alleged motive for the slaying of the two girls.

She seemed grateful, however, for a respite from the strain of appearance in public court, which has deepened drooping lines about her mouth and has, on occasion, caused her to speak irritably to newspaper photographers and attorneys.

**MRS. VIRGINIA CONNER
DIES IN MISSISSIPPI**

HATTIESBURG, Miss., Jan. 24.—(AP)—Mrs. Virginia Sennett Conner, 47-year-old widow of a prominent Hattiesburg merchant, died here early today after illness of two weeks. Funeral services will be conducted at the home here tomorrow morning, with interment in the city cemetery.

Mrs. Conner was the widow of W. M. Conner, for many years a prominent Hattiesburg merchant. She was a native of Indiana, but moved early in life to Mississippi. Mrs. Conner left Hattiesburg Sunday afternoon and was en route to her home in Mississippi when she died.

Mrs. Conner was 47 years old. She was born in Indiana, but moved early in life to Mississippi. Mrs. Conner left Hattiesburg Sunday afternoon and was en route to her home in Mississippi when she died.

**MRS. MARGESON
ORDERED TO COURT**

Continued from First Page.

Margeson said it was "worth everything just to learn the identity of those people who are heartless enough to deny comfort to needy people."

"Through Sunday shows we are able to raise several hundreds of dollars to add each week to the fund used to care for unfortunate," I said the ministers opposed to Sunday shows a proposition to underwrite a sum equal to that which we can raise with Sunday shows, but nothing was done about it."

All during Sunday afternoon good crowds paid the admission price to see the Paramount show and late at night Mrs. Margeson said that a good sum was realized.

**JERSEY THEATERS STOPPED
BY WHOLESALE ARRESTS**

PLAINFIELD, N. J., Jan. 24.—(AP)—The city's four motion picture houses today revolted against the Sunday "blue laws" and opened their doors to the public only to close them when arrests exhausted the supply of operators, ticket sellers, ticket takers and ushers. Police arrested 73 persons.

Judge William G. Demas released Jack Nioce and Frederick Kialingburg, in \$500 bail and the others in \$25 bail. All were charged with breaking the Sunday laws against theater performances.

**MRS. E. ANTHONY HURT
IN SPRING ST. ACCIDENT**

Mrs. E. Anthony, of 2479 Peachtree road, was severely injured Sunday night when the car in which she was riding with W. F. Weber, of the same address, was struck by another machine driven by W. M. Brusse, of 655 Yorkshire road, at Spring and Fourteenth streets.

Mrs. Anthony, who was carried to the Crawford W. Long Memorial hospital, received bruises about the head and a wrenched back, attaches said. No cases were made by police.

**SOUTH'S BUSINESS
ON THE UPGRADE,
PUBLISHERS STATE**

Continued from First Page.

City Oklahoman, said that state is starting the new year with conditions apparently better than in many sections of the country. "In Oklahoma City alone, the Santa Fe railroad is spending \$5,000,000 in elevating its tracks, eliminating grade crossings and other improvements," he said. In 1931, Mr. Gaylord said, Oklahoma City had more building per capita than any other city in the country.

J. L. Mapes, of the Besumont (Texas) Enterprise and the Journal, said east Texas is in relatively good condition. "Pay rolls of oil refineries in that area bring in much cash. Business is definitely on the upgrade. Hotels in Beaumont report the greatest business during recent months than in more than a year."

In Virginia, "things are beginning to look up and more encouraging reports are coming from the agricultural and industrial interests," said M. Botts Lewis, of the Clifton Forge Review.

Major Howell said that in Georgia business has "definitely turned the corner and is on the upgrade. People are in a better buying attitude."

**Bandits Weigh Fate
Of American Captive**

HANKOW, China, Jan. 24.—(AP)—A message from the American gunboat Oahu tonight said an emissary of Linbrigands who kidnapped Captain Charles Baker, American, last week, had arrived and reported that his masters were deliberating over Baker's fate.

The emissary said the bandits, stationed 70 miles north of the gunboat's position, would notify the Oahu or the American consulate at Hankow "when their demands had been determined."

**DRUMMOND PLANS
TO QUIT LEAGUE**

BY P. I. LIPSEY JR.

GENEVA, Jan. 24.—(AP)—The League of Nations, ready to grapple again with the Manchurian conflict and facing the coming world disarmament conference, was threatened tonight with the loss of its first and only secretary-general, Sir Eric Drummond.

Sir Eric, weary and discouraged by the growing burdens of his unique office, was said in authoritative circles to be planning to submit his resignation to the council tomorrow when it convenes in its sixty-sixth session.

Belief was expressed by some officials that the League's executive board would persuade the secretary-general to retain his post at least until the double crisis represented in the Sino-Japanese conflict and the arms parity had been solved.

But Sir Eric was said to feel that his retirement should be effective at once inasmuch as the disarmament conference is expected to drag on indefinitely and the Manchurian problem likely will be a burning issue for many months. Retiring Foreign Minister Briand, of France, was discussed in informed quarters as a possible successor.

CREDIT OFFICIALS SOON TO BE NAMED

Hoover May Nominate
Director Today; Atlanta Considered.

BY FRANCIS M. STEPHENSON.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—(AP)—President Hoover turned today to the next step in the emergency economic program-legislation for relief of depositors of closed banks.

Meanwhile mobilization of the new gigantic reconstruction finance corporation proceeded rapidly.

An understanding was reached at a White House breakfast between the president, Senator Watson, of Indiana, and Representative Snell, of New York, the republican floor leaders, to press for congressional authority for an organization to speed payments to depositors in closed banks.

Two bills providing for this action are well along in congressional deliberations. That of Senator Glass, democrat, Virginia, for revision of the banking system provides for a liquidating corporation. The administration has a measure sponsored by Senator Thomas, republican, Idaho, for a similar \$150,000,000 organization.

Every emergency was being directed, meanwhile, by the administration to put into operation the titanic reconstruction corporation established last week by congress. Secretary Mellon announced an issue of \$350,000,000 in treasury certificates. Of this sum \$200,000,000 is for meeting the initial needs of the two billion dollar credit agency.

Tomorrow President Hoover will forward to the senate for confirmation some, if not all, of his nominees for the four directorates of the corporation. These will include the name of Charles G. Dawes, who already has taken command of the business-stimulating organization.

**Bandits Weigh Fate
Of American Captive**

HANKOW, China, Jan. 24.—(AP)—A message from the American gunboat Oahu tonight said an emissary of Linbrigands who kidnapped Captain Charles Baker, American, last week, had arrived and reported that his masters were deliberating over Baker's fate.

The emissary said the bandits, stationed 70 miles north of the gunboat's position, would notify the Oahu or the American consulate at Hankow "when their demands had been determined."

**DRUMMOND PLANS
TO QUIT LEAGUE**

BY P. I. LIPSEY JR.

GENEVA, Jan. 24.—(AP)—The League of Nations, ready to grapple again with the Manchurian conflict and facing the coming world disarmament conference, was threatened tonight with the loss of its first and only secretary-general, Sir Eric Drummond.

Sir Eric, weary and discouraged by the growing burdens of his unique office, was said in authoritative circles to be planning to submit his resignation to the council tomorrow when it convenes in its sixty-sixth session.

Belief was expressed by some officials that the League's executive board would persuade the secretary-general to retain his post at least until the double crisis represented in the Sino-Japanese conflict and the arms parity had been solved.

But Sir Eric was said to feel that his retirement should be effective at once inasmuch as the disarmament conference is expected to drag on indefinitely and the Manchurian problem likely will be a burning issue for many months. Retiring Foreign Minister Briand, of France, was discussed in informed quarters as a possible successor.

**Bandits Weigh Fate
Of American Captive**

HANKOW, China, Jan. 24.—(AP)—A message from the American gunboat Oahu tonight said an emissary of Linbrigands who kidnapped Captain Charles Baker, American, last week, had arrived and reported that his masters were deliberating over Baker's fate.

The emissary said the bandits, stationed 70 miles north of the gunboat's position, would notify the Oahu or the American consulate at Hankow "when their demands had been determined."

**DRUMMOND PLANS
TO QUIT LEAGUE**

BY P. I. LIPSEY JR.

GENEVA, Jan. 24.—(AP)—The League of Nations, ready to grapple again with the Manchurian conflict and facing the coming world disarmament conference, was threatened tonight with the loss of its first and only secretary-general, Sir Eric Drummond.

Sir Eric, weary and discouraged by the growing burdens of his unique office, was said in authoritative circles to be planning to submit his resignation to the council tomorrow when it convenes in its sixty-sixth session.

Belief was expressed by some officials that the League's executive board would persuade the secretary-general to retain his post at least until the double crisis represented in the Sino-Japanese conflict and the arms parity had been solved.

But Sir Eric was said to feel that his retirement should be effective at once inasmuch as the disarmament conference is expected to drag on indefinitely and the Manchurian problem likely will be a burning issue for many months. Retiring Foreign Minister Briand, of France, was discussed in informed quarters as a possible successor.

**Bandits Weigh Fate
Of American Captive**

HANKOW, China, Jan. 24.—(AP)—A message from the American gunboat Oahu tonight said an emissary of Linbrigands who kidnapped Captain Charles Baker, American, last week, had arrived and reported that his masters were deliberating over Baker's fate.

The emissary said the bandits, stationed 70 miles north of the gunboat's position, would notify the Oahu or the American consulate at Hankow "when their demands had been determined."

**DRUMMOND PLANS
TO QUIT LEAGUE**

BY P. I. LIPSEY JR.

GENEVA, Jan. 24.—(AP)—The League of Nations, ready to grapple again with the Manchurian conflict and facing the coming world disarmament conference, was threatened tonight with the loss of its first and only secretary-general, Sir Eric Drummond.

Sir Eric, weary and discouraged by the growing burdens of his unique office, was said in authoritative circles to be planning to submit his resignation to the council tomorrow when it convenes in its sixty-sixth session.

Belief was expressed by some officials that the League's executive board would persuade the secretary-general to retain his post at least until the double crisis represented in the Sino-Japanese conflict and the arms parity had been solved.

But Sir Eric was said to feel that his retirement should be effective at once inasmuch as the disarmament conference is expected to drag on indefinitely and the Manchurian problem likely will be a burning issue for many months. Retiring Foreign Minister Briand, of France, was discussed in informed quarters as a possible successor.

**Bandits Weigh Fate
Of American Captive**

HANKOW, China, Jan. 24.—(AP)—A message from the American gunboat Oahu tonight said an emissary of Linbrigands who kidnapped Captain Charles Baker, American, last week, had arrived and reported that his masters were deliberating over Baker's fate.

The emissary said the bandits, stationed 70 miles north of the gunboat's position, would notify the Oahu or the American consulate at Hankow "when their demands had been determined."

**DRUMMOND PLANS
TO QUIT LEAGUE**

BY P. I. LIPSEY JR.

GENEVA, Jan. 24.—(AP)—The League of Nations, ready to grapple again with the Manchurian conflict and facing the coming world disarmament conference, was threatened tonight with the loss of its first and only secretary-general, Sir Eric Drummond.

Sir Eric, weary and discouraged by the growing burdens of his unique office, was said in authoritative circles to be planning to submit his resignation to the council tomorrow when it convenes in its sixty-sixth session.

Belief was expressed by some officials that the League's executive board would persuade the secretary-general to retain his post at least until the double crisis represented in the Sino-Japanese conflict and the arms parity had been solved.

But Sir Eric was said to feel that his retirement should be effective at once inasmuch as the disarmament conference is expected to drag on indefinitely and the Manchurian problem likely will be a burning issue for many months. Retiring Foreign Minister Briand, of France, was discussed in informed quarters as a possible successor.

**Bandits Weigh Fate
Of American Captive**

HANKOW, China, Jan. 24.—(AP)—A message from the American gunboat Oahu tonight said an emissary of Linbrigands who kidnapped Captain Charles Baker, American, last week, had arrived and reported that his masters were deliberating over Baker's fate.

The emissary said the bandits, stationed 70 miles north of the gunboat's position, would notify the Oahu or the American consulate at Hankow "when their demands had been determined."

**DRUMMOND PLANS
TO QUIT LEAGUE**

BY P. I. LIPSEY JR.

GENEVA, Jan. 24.—(AP)—The League of Nations, ready to grapple again with the Manchurian conflict and facing the coming world disarmament conference, was threatened tonight with the loss of its first and only secretary-general, Sir Eric Drummond.

Sir Eric, weary and discouraged by the growing burdens of his unique office, was said in authoritative circles to be planning to submit his resignation to the council tomorrow when it convenes in its sixty-sixth session.

Belief was expressed by some officials that the League's executive board would persuade the secretary-general to retain his post at least until the double crisis represented in the Sino-Japanese conflict and the arms parity had been solved.

But Sir Eric was said to feel that his retirement should be effective at once inasmuch as the disarmament conference is expected to drag on indefinitely and the Manchurian problem likely will be a burning issue for many months. Retiring Foreign Minister Briand, of France, was discussed in informed quarters as a possible successor.

**Bandits Weigh Fate
Of American Captive**

HANKOW, China, Jan. 24.—(AP)—A message from the American gunboat Oahu tonight said an emissary of Linbrigands who kidnapped Captain Charles Baker, American, last week, had arrived and reported that his masters were deliberating over Baker's fate.

The emissary said the bandits, stationed 70 miles north of the gunboat's position, would notify the Oahu or the American consulate at Hankow "when their demands had been determined."

**DRUMMOND PLANS
TO QUIT LEAGUE**

BY P. I. LIPSEY JR.

GENEVA, Jan. 24.—(AP)—The League of Nations, ready to grapple again with the Manchurian conflict and facing the coming world disarmament conference, was threatened tonight with the loss of its first and only secretary-general, Sir Eric Drummond.

Sir Eric, weary and discouraged by the growing burdens of his unique office, was said in authoritative circles to be planning to submit his resignation to the council tomorrow when it convenes in its sixty-sixth session.

Belief was expressed by some officials that the League's executive board would persuade the secretary-general to retain his post at least until the double crisis represented in the Sino-Japanese conflict and the arms parity had been solved.

But Sir Eric was said to feel that his retirement should be effective at once inasmuch as the disarmament conference is expected to drag on indefinitely and the Manchurian problem likely will be a burning issue for many months. Retiring Foreign Minister Briand, of France, was discussed in informed quarters as a possible successor.

**Bandits Weigh Fate
Of American Captive**

HANKOW, China, Jan. 24.—(AP)—A message from the American gunboat Oahu tonight said an emissary of Linbrigands who kidnapped Captain Charles Baker, American, last week, had arrived and reported that his masters were deliberating over Baker's fate.

The emissary said the bandits, stationed 70 miles north of the gunboat's position, would notify the Oahu or the American consulate at Hankow "when their demands had been determined."

**DRUMMOND PLANS
TO QUIT LEAGUE**

BY P. I. LIPSEY JR.

GENEVA, Jan. 24.—(AP)—The League of Nations, ready to grapple again with the Manchurian conflict and facing the coming world disarmament conference, was threatened tonight with the loss of its first and only secretary-general, Sir Eric Drummond.

Sir Eric, weary and discouraged by the growing burdens of his unique office, was said in authoritative circles to be planning to submit his resignation to the council tomorrow when it convenes in its sixty-sixth session.

Belief was expressed by some officials that the League

FRIENDLY COUNSEL

BY CAROLINE CHATFIELD

Problems of general interest submitted by readers will be discussed in this column. Correspondence invited. Your name held in confidence. Write Miss Chatfield, care The Atlanta Constitution.

DEAR MISS CHATFIELD:

I have in mind a family whose name stands for achievement. Into this circle, whose members are known for interesting and accomplished, the son and daughter brought a woman of unenviable reputation. Although stunned, this family was asked to receive this woman with open arms or face the fact that they had lost their son and daughter. They took her in, made the best of a bad situation. They hid their resentment and went about treating her as one of their own. The girl became patronizing, indulging in vitriolic outbursts, and at times was very insulting. She openly boasted of her power over her husband, of his child-like faith in her. She began to carry on vulgar flirtations, was flagrantly indiscreet and was a source of great embarrassment to her in-laws. The husband would brook no criticism of his wife and while he maintains this attitude it is impossible to approach him. The patience and endurance of the family have reached the breaking point. Should they continue to submit to such unnecessary humiliation because of a mistaken idea of loyalty? This is beginning to be a near-tragedy. Please advise. F. M.

ANSWER:

You have to respect a man for refusing to permit his mother and sisters to criticize his wife, so long as she is his wife. It is as it should be. A different domestic life for the two families is the only solution I see. If the wife is as bad as her in-laws think her to be, none of them can be happy trying to live together. Even if her faults are exaggerated, as is often the case with unfriendly and critical in-laws, they are looming so large as to make her an unacceptable housemate. Nobody can have any peace without a complete separation.

Every man has the right to make his own life, choose his own wife, without regard to his family's wishes, but he hasn't the right to take that uncongenial wife and put her down in the midst of his family.

CAROLINE CHATFIELD.

DEAR MISS CHATFIELD:

I have a nice mother-in-law and I am very fond of her but every time I talk to her, even over the telephone, she brings up the subject of my husband's first wife. I have listened ever and over to the story of how she died when she was young. I have got to the place that I feel like leaving the room when she gets started on the subject. What can I do? M. P.

ANSWER:

You can speak frankly to your mother-in-law and tell her that the subject is a painful one to you and that if she persists in pursuing it she will impose a strain on the pleasant relation that now exists between you. People lacking delicacy have no appreciation of the pain they inflict upon others that do not lack it. Your mother-in-law thinks that by the repetition of the same story she impresses you with the deep feeling her son is capable of. She is complimenting him by speaking of his great capacity to love and suffer. It has never occurred to her that your reaction to the tale is different from her own. She is embarrassed to hear you may ask you husband to do it and if your natural reticence forbids you to speak to either of them you will have to endure the pain.

I heard a hot argument recently between two people as to whether the average person should talk about the thing on his mind, regardless of its acceptability to the listener, or whether the average person talked about what the listeners wanted to hear.

Selfishness is at the root of some tactlessness, a failure to understand human nature is at the root of some. When you speak with a tactless person you have to expect to get your feelings hurt for she breaks out in a new place every time. You can point out to her where she has slipped and she may see it, but she will make another slip before many moons have passed.

CAROLINE CHATFIELD.

Culbertson on Contract

Inventing a Bid

BY ELY CULBERTSON.

World's Champion Player and Greatest Card Analyst

Every hand at Contract is a mystery story, but fortunately for Contract players the clues are much more definite than those found by men faced with the ferreting out of crime. Each bid carries with it certain implications and from each bid it is the duty of the partner to draw the correct inferences. Thus, by adding to the knowledge you already have that obtained through the inferences drawn from your partner's bids, the making up of a great extent of the hand is revealed to you before you have seen any other cards than those dealt to you.

A little more than a year ago, when playing in London, I invented a new bid. My partner, Mr. Theodore A. Lightner, was the Dealer. We were vulnerable. He bid one diamond and second Hand passed. I had a type of hand I had never held before under these conditions and made up a new bid to fit the occasion. My response was five hearts. Here are the hands of the partners.

Mr. Lightner

♠ K Q 6

♥ 8

♦ A K Q 6 4

♣ K J 10 4

Mr. Culbertson

♠ 4

♥ A K Q J 7 5 4 3 2

♦ 7 5

♣ 7

Mr. Lightner, in order to decide whether he should bid six or pass, had to reconstruct my hand. It took him some time to decide. Here are the inferences which he drew. In Bridge you have two kinds of inferences: positive and negative. Positive inferences are drawn from what your partner bids. Negative inferences are drawn from what your partner fails to bid or what he fails to do. Here Mr. Lightner used the negative inferences. It was apparent I had a strong hand, because I had invited him to bid six, but he asked himself did I not have another better bid? The answer to this was "Yes." A better bid was a Forcing Takeout (a jump to another suit). The fact that I did not make this bid implied that my hand did not justify it. Hence, I did not have 3 honor-tricks in my hand. What then could I hold to bid five hearts? When

I made this bid I guaranteed to take 11 tricks with the combined hands. If I guaranteed 11 tricks, it is clear I cannot reasonably count on more than 2 tricks in his hand. Therefore there must be 9 tricks in mine. If I hold no outside trick, then I must have nine hearts including A K Q J. In addition to this, I must have at least two diamonds. Drawing these inferences, Mr. Lightner made what I consider the greatest pass in the history of Bridge. I asked him to bid six. He held 4 honor-tricks, but with this enormous hand he passed because he knew that the two missing Aces were held by our opponents.

TODAY'S POINTS.
Question: Name all honor combinations that are worth 1-2 honor-trick.
Answer: K x, Q J x or Q x and Q x in one suit and I x in two suits. (Copyright, 1932, for The Constitution.)

QUESTIONS ANSWERED.
Mr. Culbertson will be glad to answer questions on bidding and play of hands sent in by readers. Address him in care of this newspaper, ENCLOSING A 2-CENT STAMPED, SELF-ADDRESSED ENVELOPE.

Today's Cross Word Puzzle

ACROSS.
1 A gamine.
5 Soapstone.
9 Tumbler.
14 Russian national assembly.
15 Premium on exchange.
16 Positive terminal in a conducting circuit.
17 Prophetic sign.
18 Famous English Quaker.
19 Range of hills.
20 Singing bird.
21 Battleship.
24 Educator.
26 Fascinating, dangerous woman.
27 Apprehension.
29 British speedboat driver.
30 Feet.
33 Decided.
37 Foot covering.
38 Declares.
39 Rocky pinnacle.
40 Country of southern Arabia: Bib.
41 Beverages.
42 Menacer.

DOWN.
1 To be mistaken.
45 Court.
46 Legislative assembly.
47 Sudden violent noises.
49 Triangles.
53 Saved.
57 Elevate.
58 Avoid.
59 Mimics.
61 Back of the neck.
62 Flower.
64 Fall in drops.
65 Acts.
66 Revolutionary.
67 Pouches.

Solution of Saturday's Puzzle.

BEARS OGLE DAME
ABBOT POEM EDEN
ROUSE INTO LARD
ENTERING THEMES
SUBTLE PILOT
THRELL PROTESTS
THRELL BEANS TAW
ALLS DEEMS CAPE
LANS NILES JACRE
EVIL PREST
SHAVES ELDERS
LAME IDLE FARGUE
LAVER OVER FARGUE
PENS NEWS BLOGS

23 Trampled.
25 Edge.
28 Print made from a stone on 45 Vacillates, which a design 47 Waited. Has been made, 48 Dark brown.
30 At that time.
31 Cloak.
32 Period of time.
33 Fruit.
34 Eternally.
35 Rend.
36 And not.
37 Northern European ponies.
40 Guide.
42 Sound.
43 Abet.
44 From a stone on 45 Vacillates, which a design 47 Waited. Has been made, 48 Dark brown.
50 Coronet.
51 Meat jelly.
52 Percolates.
53 Decayed.
54 Otherwise.
55 Musical instr.
56 Sylvan nook.
60 Bishop's office.

When Rest Is Broken



Act Promptly When Bladder Irregularities Disturb Sleep

Are you bothered with bladder irregularities, burning, scanty or too frequent passage and getting up at night? Heed promptly these symptoms. They may warn of some disordered kidney or bladder condition. Users everywhere rely on Doan's Pills. Recommended for 50 years. Sold everywhere.



Martin's Summer

BY VICKI BAUM.

CHAPTER XXI.

"I can't tell you all, May. You're only a big grownup girl, and a spoiled one too—a princess with your motor car and silver shoes. Your Tat is a king in his way, and you are . . . well, there it is. I can't talk to you about my affairs. How could I ever explain to you what money troubles are? Can you imagine, May, can you imagine what it is to be hungry, really hungry, so that you have a pain in the stomach and have to swallow all the time as if you had cramp in the throat? And your head goes light, and you see nothing before your eyes but roast meat, as if you were a dog."

"Have you been hungry?" May asked quickly.

And as quickly Martin replied: "No, never."

May put her hands carefully over Martin's head that gripped the edge of the plank. "Just tell me . . . only tell me . . ." she said softly.

A moment went by, and then Martin nodded his head. "Yes, I've been hungry," he answered almost inaudibly. "My dear, my dear," whispered May. "Just tell me . . ."

"Well, I know a woman, for example, a lady really. Her husband was a government official, and he died before her child was born. She has had to get along on her pension ever since with the boy on her hands. She's an old lady now, and her pension is 32 schillings a month. Her son is out of a job. Can you imagine anything like that, May? How do you think such people exist?"

"Yes, yes, go on . . ."

"There are people who have no villa and no motor car. Some of them can't go to a dance because they have only the one wretched blue suit that the very waiters laugh at. And one pair of brown shoes. And when the soles wear out they can't sleep all night for thinking over and over again how they are to have them soled. What is the matter, May?"

"Nothing. I'm only laughing. Everything will go right with us now. You are speaking out at last. Tell me more about it . . ."

"You can imagine that such people have got to be angry in order to keep up their spirits, or their strength—or whatever you like to call it. Otherwise they would go to the wall. They have to work for years at an idea. When a man is schooled in poverty he puts up with a devilish lot. He sets himself to a problem and doesn't give in till he has solved it. But you don't understand anything of

ALUMNI OF EMORY TO GATHER TONIGHT THROUGHOUT U. S.
Emory alumni in 40 cities today will hold simultaneous banquets celebrating the university's "charter day." Among the Georgia cities holding dinners will be Albany, Athens, Atlanta, Augusta, Blakely, Brunswick, Camilla, Covington, Fitzgerald, Greenville, Gainesville, LaGrange and West Point, Macon, Milledgeville, Perry, Rome, Tifton and Valdosta. The other celebrations will be scattered over 14 different states.

Dr. Dumas Malone, of Washington, D. C., editor of the Dictionary of American Biography, will speak at the Atlanta dinner, to be held at the Biltmore hotel at 6:30 o'clock tonight. The charter day message, Dr. Malone very W. Cox, president of Emory, will be broadcast over station WSB.

Speakers at other dinners in Georgia will include Willis A. Sutton, at Rome; Dean Comer M. Woodward, at Valdosta; Dr. J. Sam Guy, at LaGrange; Dr. W. A. Smart, at Athens; Dean G. J. Hilkey, at Albany, and R. F. Whitaker, at Covington. Dr. Allen H. Bunce is president of the alumni association.

FLORIDA'S AERIAL TOUR ENDS IN JACKSONVILLE
JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Jan. 24.—(AP)—The third annual Florida air tour came to a close here today after an afternoon of races and stunting events at the municipal airport.

Thousands of spectators witnessed the various aerial events but were handicapped at times in their watching by smoke from burning woodlands just north of the airport.

technical matters, and so I can't explain all that," said Martin, as he looked away from May and over the lake.

May leaned forward until she could meet Martin's eyes.

"There, and now let me speak," she said in her husky deep voice.

"You've had a horribly bad opinion of me, dear Martin. Because we stay at the Petermann and have a motor car and because I spend my days with men like Bobby and the tall count, you think that there's nothing in me. But that's just at Frauentsee, just for the holidays. Here you are only a swimming instructor whom the women run after. But at home you are an engineer and a capable man. And here I am only a silly girl having a lazy time of it; but at home, do the English correspondence for the firm, and that is no

light job. I put in my eight hours like any other self-respecting person, and I don't by any means live in the clouds as you imagine. Tat made me work for two years on the wireless side, and a year in the staff room. And so I have a thorough inside knowledge of our work people. I have had no technical training. But you can explain that to me. Tat explains to me all about his coach-making business, and I can follow it quite well."

Martin's reply to this was perhaps a little beside the point. "What brown eyes you have, May . . ."

he said, and looked at her.

"You must go on," she said, and gave him a little pudge.

"Very well," said he. "It's to do with an unflinching film made of paper and quite cheap to produce. Now that is a matter of great importance with an immense future. Everything that's been tried so far—cellulose film and viscose and so on—is all quite useless. All much too expensive. But I have got it, you see. So that's what it is, May."

"You're got it? Marvelous! And now?"

"Now I have to wait. Its being patented. There is a big film company interested in it, too. Now I am

waiting for news. But it's a great secret, May."

"This is really marvelous. How long will it take? How long have you been waiting already? And is it quite certain that your invention is more practicable than the others?"

"Yes, quite certain. I got at it from quite another direction. My film is not celluloid at all, but paper. That opens up immense possibilities. In ten years people will be taking in films as they do illustrated papers now. You'll see. I'm expecting to hear every day. I've been waiting a good time now."

"How long?"

"Getting on for a year," said Martin, after a moment's hesitation.

"A year?" repeated May, and then she fell into silent reflection.

Now that Martin had spoken out and told her the full extent of his difficulties and his hopes, he felt a trifle empty and discouraged. His invention was so far in the past, and all those months of excitement and anxiety and suspense had taken the sheen and freshness out of it and left it threadbare. As he sat there beside May in the sunshine, after telling her all about it clearly for the first time, he felt almost a fraud. What he said was the naked truth—but he

scarcely believed it himself. (And it did not seem that May thought much of it either. She had suddenly become silent and thoughtful and serious.)

"Listen," she said after a while with a sudden alacrity. "Wouldn't you like to discuss the matter with Tat? Tat is very well up in these things. Perhaps for the time being he could find you a job in the business. Or listen, Martin. Tell me, wouldn't you like to marry me perhaps?"

"Yes," whispered Martin hoarsely in a ghostlike voice.

"There you see how it is. I have to drag everything out of you with a pair of tongs. So you'll talk it over with Tat?"

"That is just why I'm waiting so desperately for the letter, May. I can't speak to your father until it comes. I am not going to Herr Lysenhop as a beggar on my uppers to ask for his daughter's hand," he said obstinately.

"But there's my question of asking for my hand. We're grown up, after all, and we are agreed. I only thought you might like to speak to him."

"When I have the letter," Martin replied shortly.

"Heavens, what a pig-headed fellow!"

"I was thinking," she said slowly. "We'll make an expedition into the mountains together. We'll go up into the Iron Tooth and over the Dornagrat and the Blaeserchurche and over into the Tauern. I'll arrange to have the time free and so must you. Would you like to?"

Martin nodded without a word. There was a song within him. May, this new, beloved May, his comrade and mate, both girl and woman . . . he walked with her among the mountains, amid those mighty solitudes.

(Continued Tomorrow.)

(Copyright, 1932, for The Constitution.)

Give Your Garments a fresh start in life this week

SAVE NOW
JANUARY FESTIVAL

at these Sensational
Dry Cleaning Prices



YOU can afford to have ALL YOUR GARMENTS cleaned THROUGH AND THROUGH at these sensational JANUARY FESTIVAL dry cleaning prices which will remain in effect at each of these

fine plants during this week. You have never before been offered such wonderful SAVINGS of finest quality cleaning. You may never have this opportunity again. Here are the special prices:

Women's Plain Dresses

Women's Plain Coats

Men's Suits

Men's Overcoats

(Regular Price \$1.00)

60c



HAVE everything cleaned this week. Take advantage of the remarkable SAVINGS offered during this last week of our GREAT JANUARY CLEANING FESTIVAL. Let us give your garments a fresh start in life—so that they will be as clean and fresh as the New Year itself. You'll get the same quality cleaning, the same thorough sterilization you always expect from these famous plants. Don't wait until next week—call the route man now and save all you can.

Everything Called For and Delivered to Your Door.
The Same Prompt Service You Always Expect.

Excelsior

Walnut 2454

Piedmont

Walnut 7651

American

Main 1016

Guthman

Walnut 8861

Trio

Jackson 1600

Capital City

Walnut 7121

May's

Hemlock 5300

Troy-Peerless

Walnut 5107

Decatur

DEarborn 3162

Ralph McGill, Sports Editor
Clarence Nixon
Jimmy Jones
Walter Wilkes
Roy E. White

SPORTS

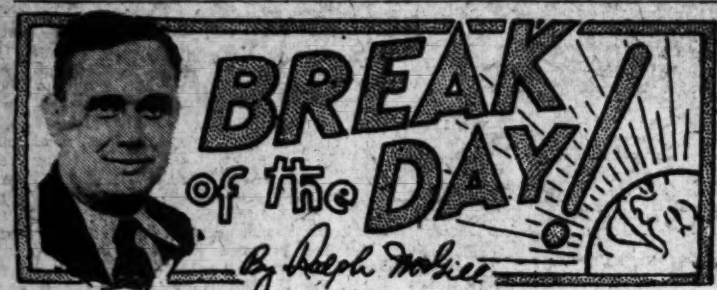
Grandland Rice
W. O. McGeehan
Henry McLenore
Alan J. Gould
Walter Trumbull

FIRST SPORTS EACH DAY

ATLANTA, GA., MONDAY MORNING, JANUARY 25, 1932.

PAGE SEVEN

George Sargent, 1909 Champion, Reported New East Lake Pro; Crackers To Give Collegians Great Chance on '32 Club--Roos



While the old-timers, with their nasal insistence that the good old days were the best, become rather tiresome at times, I am inclined to think they are correct. At least in so far as the prize ring its heavyweight characters are concerned.

Now that Max Schmeling is on his way back to Germany for a rest, after six or nine rounds of exhaustion and arduous exhibition sparring, one may view the heavyweight situation calmly.

The old days, which I did not see, saw John L. Sullivan brawling up and down the land boasting that he could whip any blankety-blank in it. And he probably could at the time. There must have been some sporting elements in the game at the time.

There aren't any now. The heavyweights are all money grubbers like the rest of us. They are motivated only by the financial end of the game and consider the sporting angle not at all. And here of late the gangster influence has been so pronounced in the fight game in the east that it has lost about all semblance of respectability.

The heavyweights go along because there is some atavistic urge in us that likes a physical combat between big men and not because of anything sporting. I still insist that there is no spectacle in the world like that offered by a great heavyweight fight.

\$39,279 PER MINUTE.

A gentleman interested in the modern prize ring has figured out the financial statistics available for the modern era of the game.

He found that in the last 13 years the heavyweight title has been defended 11 times. There has been a total of 84 rounds, containing little fighting.

The figures now become rather amazing. The gross receipts for the 11 contests and the 84 rounds of boxing, amount to \$9,898,364. That means that each round of boxing brought in \$117,837 or \$39,279 per minute. This in turn becomes \$654.50 per second.

It is possible to become very indignant about it all but I do not see where indignation will get. Eventually, one might argue, the people will become so indignant they will quit going to see the heavyweights.

There was a very great determination not to see Mickey Walker fight Max Schmeling in Florida. And so that fight was called off. After weeks of pleadings to be turned loose at Max Schmeling, Mickey Walker became quiet.

There will be a lot of insistence on the part of the public to be permitted to see the Sharkey-Schmeling fight. It should be a very fine sight indeed, one I would dislike to miss.

But looking at the figures and listening to the young men talk about their guarantees I have difficulty putting down a heavyweight fight as a sport event. All of which probably doesn't mean much. But the figures are interesting. Anything that draws \$39,279 per minute is very interesting indeed.

THE CRACKERS NEED.

The Crackers need, among other things, an exclusive working agreement with some major league club or a generous outlay of cash with which to purchase their own ball players.

The Chicago White Sox, who will aid the Crackers a bit, are interested in St. Paul, Dallas, Minneapolis, Muskogee and several other clubs. That is to say they owe them players. The Crackers are not the sole beneficiaries. Which is too bad.

There is an old adage which says that there is no time like the present. And that is quite true. The boys say there has never been a time such as we are having. But it is not the time to hunt for ball players.

The clubs have already made disposition of what players they do not wish to see further. They will not be cutting anyone adrift until the spring trials are begun.

MARTIN WANTS MORE FUN.

Baseball, here of late, has become such a cut and dried sport that it is losing much of its appeal. The players have become too workmanlike, catching the balls, throwing them, batting too much of sameness to be interesting.

The Brooklyn Robins were about the only interesting ball club in the major leagues. They were constantly doing daffy things to make the people laugh. But they were, after all, a very good ball club. Ruth makes the Yankees interesting. Here and there are a few other players with that elusive quality known as "color."

John D. Martin, of the Southern association, took cognizance of the condition when he had passed a rule permitting coaches on the lines who are not players.

This will enable Joe Engel to bring Al Schacht and Nick Altrock, the famous Washington comedians, to Chattanooga for a show or so.

There are a few means over the league about Mr. Engel. He is, they say, making it "hard" on the brother members by pleasing his fans and giving them something for their money.

It is a shame and Mr. Engel should not conduct himself in such unseemly manner. He is fair to his fans. Which is unheard of. Practically.

THIS AND THAT.

Things which aren't important but which I keep remembering: An airplane's lights seen at 1 o'clock one morning at a whistle stop in Arizona—the eyes of a girl in new riding boots and a well-worn riding habit who stood staring across a bar at Juarez, Mexico—the taste of chili in a Harvey lunch room at Albuquerque, New Mexico, at midnight—the pathos of an orange tree and its fruit in a cold rain on the beautiful lawn of the Huntington hotel at Pasadena—finding a picture of Jay Thomas and Pa Stripling in a collection of fight pictures in a barroom at Juarez—the Indian kid in the Indian store at the Grand Canyon—and the face of her father at work at his forge.

Travis Jackson Signs New Giant Contract

NEW YORK, Jan. 24 (UP)—The signed contract of Travis Jackson, regarded as one of the best short stops in the major leagues, was received at the office of the New York Giants yesterday. It is believed Jackson received a slight increase over his 1931 salary.

Volunteers To Open Gridiron Work Feb. 1

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Jan. 24 (AP)—Spring football practice at the University of Tennessee will start the first week in February, the athletic department announced yesterday. Plans call for the appearance of freshmen candidates then and the varsity squad two weeks later.

GEORGESARGENT EAST LAKE PRO, SAYS REPORT

Official Announcement of Selection Is Expected Here Today.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Jan. 24 (AP)—The Ohio State Journal says that George Sargent, who resigned recently as golf professional at the Scioto Country Club here, has accepted a similar position at East Lake Country Club, Bobby Jones' home course in Atlanta.

The Journal said official announcement of Sargent's acceptance of the East Lake post will be made tomorrow.

The paper says Sargent held a long conference today with Jones and other officials of the club at which terms were agreed upon.

Sargent was professional at the Scioto club for 12 years.

Sargent won the national open in 1909 and the Canadian open in 1912. He was vice president of the Professional Golfers' Association from 1918 to 1920, and was president from 1920 to 1926.

Frank Ball is at present holding the position of professional at the East Lake Club and has held it for several years.

East Lake is one of the most famous golf courses in the world. The old course, where Bobby Jones learned the game, has been supplemented by a new 18-hole course to make the East Lake Club golfing facilities the equal of any club in the United States and superior to most.

Improvements are now going on under the direction of Scott Hudson, club president, which will make the old course one of the greatest championship layouts in this country.

CRIMSON LEADS IN CONFERENCE

Kentucky and Auburn Quintets in Tie for Second Place.

The Conference

The standings of the Southern conference basketball teams, as compiled by the Associated Press, including games of Saturday, follow:

TEAM	Won	Lost	Pct.
Kentucky	4	0	1.000
Auburn	3	0	1.000
Marquette	3	0	1.000
Duke	3	0	1.000
Miss A. & M.	3	1	.750
Georgia Tech	2	1	.667
Tennessee	2	2	.500
South Carolina	1	1	.500
Mississippi	1	1	.500
Vanderbilt	1	1	.500
Louisiana State	2	3	.400
W. & L.	1	3	.333
Florida	1	4	.250
V. P. I.	0	3	.000
Seawane	0	4	.000

By Dillon Graham, Associated Press Sports Writer.

The annual of Alabama Southern conference basketball pennant winners in 1930, again have the championship urge.

Ability to score when field goals were needed gave Hank Crisp's quintet two victories over Louisiana State last week, 34-25 and 34-27, and enabled the Tuscaloosans to retain their conference leadership with six triumphs.

Another team from Alabama's plains, Auburn, also ranks as a serious challenger for the honors won last year by Maryland. Auburn and Kentucky follow Alabama with four victories, while the defending titleholders from Maryland have three.

TIGERS WIN TWO.

Kentucky did not enter conference competition, but Auburn added two victories over Florida, 43-26 and 29-39, and once to Vanderbilt, 22-30, while Maryland beat Virginia 36-31 largely through success in fouling.

The Old Lineers also beat Navy, 26-15, and Johns Hopkins, 35-30.

Seawane experienced a hard week, losing twice to Tulane, 25-29 and 20-39, and once to Vanderbilt, 22-30. Louisiana State broke even with Mississippi A. & M., winning 40-15 and losing 25-20. Florida split with Vanderbilt in their two-game series, winning the second 48-35 after losing the first contest, 32-26.

Georgia bounced back into the race with a decisive 38-19 victory over Tennessee to atone for the defeat it received a week ago from the Volunteers. Duke won its opener with North Carolina State, 28-18, and W. & L. defeated V. P. I. by the same score.

TECH VS. GEORGIA.

Prominent conference games this week bring together Alabama and Tennessee at Tuscaloosa, Auburn and Vanderbilt at Auburn, Duke and North Carolina at Chapel Hill, Georgia Tech and Georgia at Atlanta, and Kentucky and Washington and Lee at Lexington, Ky., all on Saturday.

Other contests include Louisiana State and Mississippi A. & M. at Blacksville and Virginia and V. P. I. at Blacksburg, Monday; Maryland and V. M. I. at College Park; Tennessee and Vanderbilt at Nashville, North Carolina and Louisiana State at Raleigh and Louisiana State and Mississippi A. & M. at Starkville, Tuesday; V. M. I. and Navy at Annapolis Wednesday; Virginia and V. P. I. at Charlottesville Friday; Tulane and Mississippi at New Orleans Friday and Saturday.

On Your Mark - - - Get Set - - - Go!



Coach W. A. Alexander, of Georgia Tech, is shown standing behind the three football players, two of whom received promotions last week. Left to right, Red Barron, famous star of 1920, who was made manager of the Crackers; Pat Barron, who has another year to play at Tech, and Carter Barron, who starred in 1927 and who last week was placed in charge of all the Loew theaters in Washington. Photo by Bill Mason.

ZNOSKI, HARPER MEET TOMORROW

Bostonian To Wrestle Texan in Main Event at Auditorium.

By Jimmy Jones.

Wrestling fans, like all followers of professional sports, are quick to pick their favorites, and Atlantaans are no exception to the rule. Sauer, Harper and Paul Jones, for example, all have a host of supporters here.

Sun Jennings, the trim Cherokee, is a more recent addition to the list. The very latest, however, if you really must know, is young Steve Znoski, the Boston College boy who has shown in Atlanta but a couple of times.

Steve made his debut here about two weeks ago, and he hadn't gone 10 minutes in his bout with the rough-and-tumble Pat O'Shocker before the fans were all for him. That match ended without a fall. Then, last week, the boy was pitted in there with Jack Zarnos, one of the younger mat villains, and after a battle that roused the fans to a frenzy of excitement, Steve rocked Zarnos to sleep with a scissors hold. The crowd belted its delight.

Heeding the roar of the populace, as all successful matchmakers must do, Henry Weber is bringing Znoski back again tomorrow night—this time in a main bout spot and against no less a personage than Paul Harper, the Texas Flash.

Now Harper is something of a favorite here himself, and he is certainly a wrestler of vastly more experience than the Boston boy. Few men in the game are any faster and cleverer than the Texas, and he will constitute quite a menace to a young fellow like Steve just starting out in the sport.

The Bostonian, however, realizes what a victory over Harper would mean to him, and he will be out there giving his best. He will have a few years and a few pounds in his favor. He will have the fire and impetuosity of youth—a quality that fades just a bit when a man has had as many matches as Harper. And the boy will have the advantage of a more rugged physique.

Harper knows all the holds, but Znoski isn't exactly ignorant himself. He has shown a headlock, a body scissors and a split capable of producing acute discomfort. Also he has shown something new, a sudden neck twist in spinning out of the head scissors, which never fails to delight the fans.

It should be an evenly contested and interesting match. Furthermore, it will be a clean one, for both Harper and Znoski have shown a preference for straight wrestling.

Floyd Marshall, the California colossus who succumbed to Jennings' leg lock here recently, is billed for the semi-windup opposing John Kates, 212-pound Ukrainian, who comes here with an excellent reputation in the west and midwest. This bout is a one-hour limit affair, and should produce its full share of thrills.

Tickets for the show are on sale at the Davidson-Paxon Company and at the Piedmont Hotel.

SHAW VICTOR.

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 24 (AP)—The diminutive Wilbur Shaw, Indianapolis, won today's hundred-mile automobile race at the Legion Ascot speedway. His time was 47 minutes, 10.25 seconds.

Two Georgians Star On Indianapolis Club

Angley and Riddle Catch 'Em Together; Rose Bowl Football Pictures Make Great Hit.

By Jimmy Jones.

For once, anyway, an alumnus of Tech and an alumnus of Georgia have got together on a proposition and are making a great go of it.

They say they're getting along fine, too, outside of occasional quibbling over the outcome of a basketball or a baseball game between their alma maters.

The approach of the annual Tech-Georgia basketball series brings to mind the fact that Tom Angley, an ex-Yellow Jacket, and Mutt Riddle, an ex-Bulldog, comprise the entire catching staff of the Indianapolis team of the American association. And they are being counted on to do all the catching for that ball club again this year.

This matter has just been called to our attention by a Georgia boy who played golf with Angley and Riddle at Indianapolis this summer, and was amused at their conversation.

"They were teammates and roommates, mind you, but they hadn't gone three holes before they laid down their golf sticks and started arguing over the last Tech-Georgia football game," the Atlanta boy, who is a star ball player himself, stated.

Indianapolis evidently thinks a hole lot of Mr. Angley and Mr. Riddle. The ponderous Tom, who is well remembered for his exploits at University School and Georgia Tech, held the distinction of batting .375 in 115 games, or rather just 10 points behind Arthur (The Great) Shires, Tom, who could always hit, was the first-string receiver and the league's third ranking better.

Mutt Riddle, a Columbus, Ga. boy who starred in three sports at River-side and later in a freshman at Georgia, batted .292. Riddle was with the White Sox for a time. He is destined to be a great catcher, baseball men say.

Only Gus Dugan, who led the league with the remarkable average of .419 as outfielder for the Kansas City Blues, and Art Shires, with .385, were higher than Angley. This is quite a feat, considering that the association boasted such an array of hitters as Babe Ruth, Pat Crawford, McGowan, Manich, Ben Paschal, Art Rube, Metzler, Barnhart and Evar Swanson.

Angley's record included 216 total bases, 10 doubles, five triples and 18 home runs. Which is pretty fair hitting in any league.

If Angley were faster it would not take him long to get to the majors. We recall when Tom broke into the Sally league by clearing the bases with a home run. Since that day, few pitchers have been able to get Big Tom out.

The pictures, the first full-length film ever made of a Rose Bowl game, not only are entertaining but are very instructive.

Since this is a collegiate column this morning, we would like to mention the Tulane-Southern California pictures, which have been shown to capacity houses at the Tenth Street theatre all week.

The pictures, the first full-length film ever made of a Rose Bowl game, not only are entertaining but are very instructive.

Continued on Second Sport Page.

PREP CAGE CARD HEAVY TUESDAY

Tech High Battles G. M. A. and Boys' High Meets Monroe.

G. M. A. and Boys' High will host Tuesday afternoon in the third round of the Big Six basketball schedule. The Cadets play Tech High and the Aggies meet Madison Aggies.

Both will be doubleheaders and will be played at 3 o'clock. Monroe Aggies, another member of the league, will be idle.

Other games Tuesday for Atlanta prep teams include Fulton and Marietta, Marietta and Russell and University and Commercial. All except Marietta are members of the North Georgia interscholastic conference.

Tech High and Boys' High with two and one victory, respectively, are tied for leadership of the Big Six A. League, while Tech High and G. M. A. are tied for leadership of the B league with two wins and no losses each.

In the Thursday games of the Big Six, Boys' High meets Monroe Aggies at Monroe and G. M. A. goes to Madison for its first athletic contest with a Wallace Butts coached athletic team in the past few years.

Tech High will be idle Thursday, but will be hard at work in preparation for its all-important game next week with Boys' High.

Members of the N. G. I. C. continue to play independent schedules in preparation for the annual tournament which will be held during the latter part of February.

G. M. A. and Tech High have shown the most improvement since the season opened. An abundance of material was given a thorough trial and Coach Sam Burbridge has about decided to concentrate his efforts on Allison, Chase and McCann at forward, B. Burbridge and Walker at center and Captain Elrod, Burns, Williams and Pendleton at guards.

Several other G. M. A. candidates will be kept on the B team, and should they show enough improvement will be promoted to the varsity squad before tournament time.

Coach Tolbert at Tech High has selected a team of Pittman and Perkins at forwards; Copeland at center and Scott and Kates at guards, with Scarborough as an alternate guard. They are all rangy players and will carry the burden during the remainder of the season. The reserves material at Tech High is nothing to brag about, and only those six seem fit into the combination.

CLUBS A LEAGUE

CLUB	Won	Lost	Pct.
Tech High	2	0	1.000
G. M. A.	2	0	1.000
Monroe	2	0	1.000
Madison	1	1	.500
Aggies	1	1	.500

CLUBS B LEAGUE

CLUB	Won	Lost	Pct.
Tech High	2	0	1.000
G. M. A.	2	0	1.000
Monroe	2	0	1.000
Madison	1	1	.500
Aggies	1	1	.500

TECH HIGH VS. G. M. A. at 3 o'clock. Fulton vs. Marietta at 3 o'clock. University vs. Commercial at 3 o'clock.

BOYS' HIGH VS. MONROE at 3 o'clock. Tech High vs. Madison at 3 o'clock.

TECH HIGH VS. MADISON at 3 o'clock. Fulton vs. Marietta at 3 o'clock. University vs. Commercial at 3 o'clock.

Continued on Second Sport Page.

YOUNG PLAYERS TO GET TRIALS UNDER BARRON

Figure Youths Will Add Needed Spark; Good Financial Investments

By Jimmy Jones.

Although "Red" Barron has expressed himself as favoring a combination of youth and experience on his ball club, college boys will figure prominently in the rebuilding of the Crackers for 1932.

Realizing that an outfit with fire and dash may recapture the fancy of the fans, Business Manager "Chief" Roos is paying considerable attention to the young ex-collegians on the Cracker roster.

Led by the fiery Barron, who was a college star himself, the Cracker club may present some spectacular play this summer if the youngsters come through.

"Duck" McKee, a left-handed slugger from Tech, who was developed by Barron at Monroe A. & M., is considered by Roos to be a bright prospect. McKee will be given every chance to make the grade and may prove to be another "Red" Parham. He batted .329 in the Dixie league last year.

ALSO ON HAND.

Other collegiate candidates include Johnny Cummings from Vandy, who looked good as a budding outfielder last summer, and Freddie Singleton from Alabama.

Of the pitchers, Johnny Carithers, the promising young southpaw from the University of Georgia, has an excellent opportunity of sticking with the club as he turned in several sparkling performances on the mound last season.

The Crackers are going to get a pitcher from another southern college following his graduation in June. His name cannot be divulged now, but club officials have received word to the effect that he is just about the best twirler in rah, rah circles.

One of the greatest clubs Atlanta ever assembled was composed of youngsters. That was Charley Frank's outfit a number of years ago that included Jimmy Dykes and other brilliant "kids" of the day. Any of the players on that team were sold for real money and later rose to fame.

Realizing that young players are profitable to the treasury, Cracker officials are not averse to developing a few youngsters for the market this year.

ADD HUSTLE.

Young players seem to add punch and hustle to the team. Cracker was the punch of Wilbur Good's 1929 team.

There are other youths on the roster who may work around. These include Lenay Mack, the brilliant young infielder, who is equally at home at short or third.

The Farmer, another ex-Jacket and who was coached by Barron in prep school, will try for the catching staff. He isn't the fastest man you'll see around, but is big and husky and can hit.

Pitchers, such as Blithen and Hearn and the outfielders such as Barnes, Rosenthal and Carlyle, will add the experience. A seasoned catcher and a first baseman will be obtained. But there will be a "kid" inserted here and there for the sake of hustle. Benny Rothstein, collegian first sacker, will face competition that may be too much for him, but he will get his chance and will go to the Cracker "farm" if he doesn't stick.

Manager Barron and Business Manager Roos are firm in their decision to give the college boys a chance. They will make every effort to get over the roster, and may make a trip or so in search of more talent ere spring training.

Barron says that he will be a player-manager part of the time, anyway. He is expected to lead off and play left field when in the lineup. He may prove the needed spark with his base running and ability to beat out bunts.

CURTISS EVENT IS WON BY DAY

MIAMI, Fla., Jan. 24 (AP)—Win Day, which the St. Louis Cardinals have won, made his approach "shot count today" to the Glenn Curtiss amateur championship of a 4-and-2 defeat of John Brown, who leaves his home in Portland, Maine, each year to attend Miami high school.

The schoolboy battle, a scheduled 36-hole match, gave Day his first major amateur title out of the 1932 season. The two youngsters went through their match in rapid order, with Brown playing top form in spite of Day's steady progress to victory.

Bradson Pays Off As Hack Is Sold

CHICAGO, Jan. 24 (AP)—If many members of the St. Louis Cardinals bleed out in new hats within the next few days, they probably will be presents from President Sam Bradson.

Bradson, at the major league meetings in Chicago last month, made many wagers of new hats, that Hack Wilson would not play for the Cardinals next season. When Wilson was traded by the Cubs to the Cardinals with Bud Tscholar for Burleigh Grimes, Manager Rogers Hornsby, of the Cubs expressed the opinion that the Cards either wanted Wilson and expected to use him, or that they would not be able to trade or sell him.

Bradson offered to bet a hat and Hornsby accepted, an odd number of others.

THE SPORTLIGHT

By Krawtzen Rice

THE UNEASY DOME

Uneasy lies the waiting head,
As Doctor Shakespeare (maybe) said,
That wears a crown;
For as the monarch marches by
The sceptre brings him many a sigh,
And many a frown.

Life's none too simple for the czar
Of slugs or clout or even par,
Or what you will;
He may seem regal to the game,
But for this so-called flare of fame
He pays the bill.

There is, for example, the case of Herr Schmeling, heavyweight champion of the world. A German correspondent writes us as follows from Berlin:

"The champion is strangely high-brow while in his own country and hides himself all the time, disregarding both press and public. He will not answer either a letter or a telephone call, evidently being satisfied with his popularity in the states."

But it hasn't been any too long since he was a heavy-weight champion. His proposed fight with Walker faded out through lack of a paying gate. A motion picture arrangement was called off. A barnstorming tour slipped away practically as he stepped out. And Carnera is suing him for \$100,000.

This combination leaves a number of dark brown spots against the sky-line, which a victory over Jack Sharkey may help to clear up. It may be that Schmeling, like Dempsey and Tunney, will have to wait for his popularity until after he is beaten or retired.

A Better Outlook.

Outside of the Schmeling-Sharkey controversy there is a much better outlook for the heavyweight division than any recent year has shown.

There should be enough action to last for many months with such people as Eric Schaaf, Steve Hama, King Levinsky, Ruggiero, Max Baer, Refselli, Forde, Carnera and others being set away through winter and spring in an effort to produce some outstanding challenger for the winner of the Schmeling-Sharkey meeting in June.

The above list should produce at least one good card, and it would be no great surprise to see Schaaf on top when the final selection is made. Schaaf has more experience than most of the others. He can also punch and take his share of the beating. There is still a big chance for some heavyweight who is willing to fight.

Olympic Winter Games.

If winter will kindly remove its inert form from the lap of spring, the impending Olympic games at Lake Placid should be the best ever held. There are now more than 350 entries from 17 nations on hand, all ready to set a new flock of records in the keenest competition that any set of winter games has yet known.

The United States has the largest entry list lined up, with Norway, Finland and Sweden having teams quite strong enough to hand your Uncle Sam all the competition he can manage over ice and snow, especially in the matter of skiing and skating.

The big crowd expected should see the highest form of winter competition this country has ever looked at, provided winter suddenly discovers

Logan Clarke Inc. Agency
FIRE-AUTO-BURGLARY, ETC.
First National Bank Building
100 Pine St.
Phone WA. 9731

Fire Insurance

FACTS

"Hotter'n Blazes"

BY WOOD BURNS

Jim Elders, of a Michigan address, was a great hand for smokin' cigarettes—and that in itself ain't such a crime. I smoke one myself once in-while without feelin' like no murderer, but—

Jim made the serious mistake of droppin' off to sleep while puffin' on his favorite brand, and all right, I don't believe the papers said just what brand he smoked—it really don't make no difference now, since Jim's done gone and burnt up, along with the bed clothes, the house 'n' everything—

Yes, this is an actual fact, I would give you the address 'n' everything if it would make any more impression on you—

But what makes it still worse in this case—the fellow who owned the house in which Jim lived allowed his insurance to run out and thought it too expensive to renew since he'd carried insurance for eight or ten years without ever havin' no fire—

You never can tell what's goin' to happen—so, take no chance on lettin' anything you have that'll burn go un-insured. See 'em all the members of the firms that runs this ad and have your stuff made safe for any event.

And don't forget: "VALUE IN INSURANCE LIES IN THE INTEGRITY AND KNOWLEDGE OF YOUR AGENT."

Yours, W. B.

Sponsored by

Atlanta Ass'n of Fire Ins. Agents

W. R. HOYT & COMPANY

Insurance
401-403 Central Bldg.
Old Line State Ins. Company Only
Phone WA. 5175

TECH, GEORGIA PLAY HERE ON SATURDAY

First of Three-Game Series Seen as Even Duel.

By Jimmy Jones

Having had a hard time holding its share of the spotlight during the recent fanfare over baseball, Georgia Tech's basketball team will make its biggest bid for public recognition this week.

The Georgia Bulldogs, under a new coach, Rex Enright, come to Atlanta Saturday night for their first hard-fought basketball game of the season with Roy Munford's Jackets. Always colorful, the Tech-Georgia basketball series is one of Atlanta's biggest winter attractions.

Saturday night's game at the auditorium will be the first of three to decide the basketball superiority of Tech and Georgia and also should arouse some fight in the hearts of the strongest tournament contender.

EVENLY MATCHED

One can never predict the outcome of a Tech-Georgia basketball game, but this year the teams seem about evenly matched. Georgia, led by "Wild Bill" Strickland and boasting several veteran cagers such as Catfish Smith, Young and Moran, has made a nice spurge this season, defeating Tennessee Saturday night by the convincing score of 35-24.

The highlight of Tech's season was the overwhelming victory over Vandy and the two fine games against Florida and Auburn. The Jackets dropped a sensational one-point game to Mercer last week, 40-39, came back to crush the strong Grayson A. C. Saturday night.

The game with Georgia is the only contest on Tech's slate this week, as examinations are under way. Coach Munford will not call his team out for practice until Wednesday.

BUSY WEEK AHEAD

Georgia, on the other hand, has a very busy week. The Bulldogs travel to Macon on Tuesday and Wednesday night for a double-header with Mercer, and then have Tech to be served up Saturday night.

Right now, Tech is hushhanded all her forces for that Georgia series. If the Jackets emerge with two victories, their season will have been a big success.

Next week the Jackets hit the road again, going to Birmingham Wednesday night, February 3, to play Alabama and to Athens Saturday night, February 6, to meet Georgia.

The Bulldogs come back here February 23 for the third and final game of the annual series.

The biggest crowd of the season is expected to witness Saturday night's game.

Perkins Leads Jacket Scorers.

Bill Perkins, lanky center, is high scorer going to Birmingham Wednesday night for the six games played to date, with 74 points. Hyman (Little Kitty) Katz is second with 61, and Hugh Kory is third with 58.

Following are the scorers in order:

Player	Points
Perkins	74
Katz	61
Kory	58
Gooding	58
McArthur	11
Fea	11
Kort	11
Van Rosten	2

Dog Fight Ends In Draw Sunday

A regular Sunday afternoon "dog fight" tournament on the East Lake Country Club golf course ended in a draw with two twosomes tied for first honors. A best ball of 71 was the low score for the afternoon.

Scott Hudson Jr. and Julius Hughes, Charlie Yates and N. W. Tracy and J. C. Malone and Al Sargent finished in a dead heat for first place, while Ernie Ball and Gus Monroe ran a close second with a best ball of 72.

Some cool breeze cut the attendance down somewhat and the scores in general were not as low as last Sunday, when more than 1,000 players stroked their way over the various courses.

TWO GEORGIAN WITH INDIANAPOLIS

Continued from First Sport Page.

All important plays are run both at normal speed and in slow motion.

"It is easy to see that the Trojans' power play—the reverse—beat the Greenies. But that twisting run of backfielder Tom Glover's that got Coach Alexander thought Johnny Baker's getting in front of Glover to stop him was a great piece of work. Don Zimmerman had some mighty hard running, but the big Trojan tackles seemed to be crashing in on him, smashing his interference continually.

Glover's first long run, when he got away right at the goal line, was plainly a case of catching the Trojan nap. Glover looked huge, smashing through the Trojan line. There seemed to be little faking on either team's passes and the Trojan were masters at breaking up Trojan's aerial heaves.

Our old friend, Walter Powell, was quite conspicuous as the umpire, and so was Clyde McBride, the Kansas City Star sports editor, who was the field judge. Knowing both men quite well, we enjoyed picking them out. The pictures have been held over three more days at the West End and are well worth going to see.

Introducing Today---

A NEW FACE IN SOUTHERN LEAGUE BASEBALL

ADEL WHITE, Pitcher, Birmingham.

Right-handed batter and left-handed thrower. Born at Winder, Ga., May 16, 1906. Weighs 185 pounds, and 6 feet tall. Clubs in 1931—Monroe, Cotton States league, and Birmingham. Movements in baseball—1928-1929, Carrollton, Georgia-Alabama league; 1930-1931, Anniston and Lindsale, Georgia-Alabama league; 1931, Monroe and Birmingham.

Most victories one season—14 for Monroe in 1931. Home city—Atlanta, Ga. Remarkable feats—Leading Georgia-Alabama league three years and Cotton States league one year in strikeouts.

WHITE'S BASEBALL RECORD

Year	W	L	IP	Runs	ER	ERA
1928	11	10	100	75	54	4.95
1929	14	10	100	75	54	4.95
1930	14	10	100	75	54	4.95
1931	14	10	100	75	54	4.95

New Economic Order Near, Mark Ethridge Tells Forum

Capitalism, Brought To Trial by Public Opinion, Needs House-Cleaning, Editor Says.

BY R. E. POWELL

With hands lifted to high heaven and the cry of "Kamerad" on his lips, plutocratic wealth in the United States has been brought to trial in public opinion and a congressional verdict favorable to a new social and economic order now is in the making.

Mark P. Ethridge, managing editor of the Macon Telegraph, told the Atlanta Forum Sunday afternoon.

Appearing before a group that has brought to Atlanta in the last two years a number of nationally known speakers, Ethridge was greeted by an audience that filled the Congressional Christian church and received him enthusiastically when he arose to speak. His subject was "Capitalism On the Defensive."

"Unless capitalism purges its house, purges and shrives its soul, demonstrates its right to live as an economic system and sets its foot upon a new path," the Macon writer said, "it will be so badly mangled this winter and in the succeeding sessions of congress and the state legislatures that not even Midas, whose touch was to recognize a feature of his child."

To Produce Own Laws.

"This depression," he said, "will produce its own set laws. The people will take their government into their hands and produce their own laws. And those who yell the loudest at the consequences will have been the most to blame. They have been interested in the tariff and the friendly legislation, something put over or wanted to kill something about to be put over affecting them."

The order, which will come about when the current battle between economic socialists and economic capitalists is ended, will be a modified form of the social order. It will be called "Jeffersonian Democracy" or "Roosevelt, George W. Norris, William E. Borah, Robert M. La Follette, the reigning, and Alfred Emanuel Smith, Ethridge said."

"The capitalism," he said, "that Mark Hanna knew, that Jim Fisk knew, that Andrew Carnegie and Charles S. Mather knew, that E. H. Harriman, James J. Hill and John D. Rockefeller knew—that capitalism which ruthlessly exploited and openly showed its contempt for the human phase in the civilization of this country, a phase that belonged to its raw, pioneering days and has no place in the current civilization."

To Remake Our Destinies.

The new socialism he outlined has for its purpose "the restoration to the 98 per cent of the American people the capacity to make their own destiny, to break down evil monopolies, decentralize wealth and power and to equalize the opportunities for achievement."

Capitalism stands indicted, Ethridge declared, "because, plunged into distress, it has been utterly unable to save itself." He asserted that it had been unable to save itself by the creation of a new national credit corporation, dramatically sponsored by Mr. Hoover, and back into the protecting wings of the reconstruction finance corporation—an all-government institution.

Briefly, the Macon editor described the two opposing groups which are now fighting it out.

"The capitalist to which I refer," he explained, "is the plutocracy which was born in the last century and which received its greatest acceleration from the World War and from the tariff and the friendly legislation of benign administrations. It stands for 'rugged individualism' as Mr. Hoover says; for the sacred rights of property; for the right of private enterprise; for private profit and for private charity from the private and not the public purse."

"The socialism to which I refer," he said, "is the social order which is the result of the employment of the state to make the distribution of wealth more equitable. It believes in taxing the incomes of the wealthy to obtain extra funds for public works in times of unemployment, in the employment of the unemployed, in the payment of unemployment insurance, old age pensions and the fullest employment of the public funds for the alleviation of starvation and human suffering."

American capitalism, he added, has the great genius of obtaining production, but "it has made a monumental and disgraceful failure in obtaining distribution."

"It has," he said, "produced wealth with such competency that it has centered 45 per cent of the corporate wealth of the country in the hands of 2,000 directors of 200 individual corporations. It has produced wealth with such genius that 13 per cent of the corporate wealth of the country is owned by 2 per cent of the taxable income."

ECONOMIST URGES U. S. TO ABANDON MONEY STANDARDS

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—(AP)—In a review of the economic situation to be published tomorrow, Colonel Elisah H. Garrison, one of President Wilson's advisers, urged abandonment of both gold and silver standards in favor of an international gold reserve as a preventive war.

With the abandonment by all nations of metallic standards, he writes in the "Riddle of Economics," to be published by McMillan, gold and silver would seek and find normal price ratios to all other commodities, and would be used at the world market value for checking, through international organizations, and international agreement, the war mania.

As a further aid to peace, Colonel Garrison would require all candidates for public office to make a statement of their economic views, and to pass a rigid test in economics. He proposes to eliminate politics by permitting the states to choose their congressional representatives according to their ability, irrespective of where they resided.

As a further aid to peace, Colonel Garrison would require all candidates for public office to make a statement of their economic views, and to pass a rigid test in economics. He proposes to eliminate politics by permitting the states to choose their congressional representatives according to their ability, irrespective of where they resided.

As a further aid to peace, Colonel Garrison would require all candidates for public office to make a statement of their economic views, and to pass a rigid test in economics. He proposes to eliminate politics by permitting the states to choose their congressional representatives according to their ability, irrespective of where they resided.

As a further aid to peace, Colonel Garrison would require all candidates for public office to make a statement of their economic views, and to pass a rigid test in economics. He proposes to eliminate politics by permitting the states to choose their congressional representatives according to their ability, irrespective of where they resided.

As a further aid to peace, Colonel Garrison would require all candidates for public office to make a statement of their economic views, and to pass a rigid test in economics. He proposes to eliminate politics by permitting the states to choose their congressional representatives according to their ability, irrespective of where they resided.

As a further aid to peace, Colonel Garrison would require all candidates for public office to make a statement of their economic views, and to pass a rigid test in economics. He proposes to eliminate politics by permitting the states to choose their congressional representatives according to their ability, irrespective of where they resided.

As a further aid to peace, Colonel Garrison would require all candidates for public office to make a statement of their economic views, and to pass a rigid test in economics. He proposes to eliminate politics by permitting the states to choose their congressional representatives according to their ability, irrespective of where they resided.

As a further aid to peace, Colonel Garrison would require all candidates for public office to make a statement of their economic views, and to pass a rigid test in economics. He proposes to eliminate politics by permitting the states to choose their congressional representatives according to their ability, irrespective of where they resided.

As a further aid to peace, Colonel Garrison would require all candidates for public office to make a statement of their economic views, and to pass a rigid test in economics. He proposes to eliminate politics by permitting the states to choose their congressional representatives according to their ability, irrespective of where they resided.

As a further aid to peace, Colonel Garrison would require all candidates for public office to make a statement of their economic views, and to pass a rigid test in economics. He proposes to eliminate politics by permitting the states to choose their congressional representatives according to their ability, irrespective of where they resided.

As a further aid to peace, Colonel Garrison would require all candidates for public office to make a statement of their economic views, and to pass a rigid test in economics. He proposes to eliminate politics by permitting the states to choose their congressional representatives according to their ability, irrespective of where they resided.

KIDNAPERS FREE BAKER IN DENVER

Executive Wins Release on Promise To Pay \$50,000 Ransom.

DENVER, Col., Jan. 24.—(AP)—After five days of captivity, during which he was kept bound and blindfolded in a mountain cabin, Benjamin P. Bower, kidnapped Denver banker, was released from an automobile in West Denver today.

His captors, he said, were gained on a promise to pay the \$50,000 ransom demanded last Tuesday night when two men invaded his home and carried him away. No money, he said, has been paid.

Clutching two strips of adhesive tape in his hand, Bower was found by two youths early this morning in a dark street near the bakery of which he is manager. Telling them who he was, Bower asked to be led to a telephone from which he called the bakery. Police were called at once and he was taken to headquarters.

The strips of tape, he said, had been over his eyes for the five days. In a dark street near the bakery of which he is manager, Bower asked to be led to a telephone from which he called the bakery. Police were called at once and he was taken to headquarters.

The kidnappers, Bower said, had told him to keep them for five days. He had written a note to his wife but that it was not a note which police received and gave to Denver newspapers. Contents of the note were not revealed by police today.

The kidnapping, Bower said, has cost him only \$4.00 and his Royal Arch lodge pin. He kept them for five days. He had written a note to his wife but that it was not a note which police received and gave to Denver newspapers. Contents of the note were not revealed by police today.

The kidnappers, Bower said, had told him to keep them for five days. He had written a note to his wife but that it was not a note which police received and gave to Denver newspapers. Contents of the note were not revealed by police today.

The kidnappers, Bower said, had told him to keep them for five days. He had written a note to his wife but that it was not a note which police received and gave to Denver newspapers. Contents of the note were not revealed by police today.

The kidnappers, Bower said, had told him to keep them for five days. He had written a note to his wife but that it was not a note which police received and gave to Denver newspapers. Contents of the note were not revealed by police today.

The kidnappers, Bower said, had told him to keep them for five days. He had written a note to his wife but that it was not a note which police received and gave to Denver newspapers. Contents of the note were not revealed by police today.

The kidnappers, Bower said, had told him to keep them for five days. He had written a note to his wife but that it was not a note which police received and gave to Denver newspapers. Contents of the note were not revealed by police today.

The kidnappers, Bower said, had told him to keep them for five days. He had written a note to his wife but that it was not a note which police received and gave to Denver newspapers. Contents of the note were not revealed by police today.

The kidnappers, Bower said, had told him to keep them for five days. He had written a note to his wife but that it was not a note which police received and gave to Denver newspapers. Contents of the note were not revealed by police today.

The kidnappers, Bower said, had told him to keep them for five days. He had written a note to his wife but that it was not a note which police received and gave to Denver newspapers. Contents of the note were not revealed by police today.

The kidnappers, Bower said, had told him to keep them for five days. He had written a note to his wife but that it was not a note which police received and gave to Denver newspapers. Contents of the note were not revealed by police today.

The kidnappers, Bower said, had told him to keep them for five days. He had written a note to his wife but that it was not a note which police received and gave to Denver newspapers. Contents of the note were not revealed by police today.

The kidnappers, Bower said, had told him to keep them for five days. He had written a note to his wife but that it was not a note which police received and gave to Denver newspapers. Contents of the note were not revealed by police today.

The kidnappers, Bower said, had told him to keep them for five days. He had written a note to his wife but that it was not a note which police received and gave to Denver newspapers. Contents of the note were not revealed by police today.

The kidnappers, Bower said, had told him to keep them for five days. He had written a note to his wife but that it was not a note which police received and gave to Denver newspapers. Contents of the note were not revealed by police today.

The kidnappers, Bower said, had told him to keep them for five days. He had written a note to his wife but that it was not a note which police received and gave to Denver newspapers. Contents of the note were not revealed by police today.

The kidnappers, Bower said, had told him to keep them for five days. He had written a note to his wife but that it was not a note which police received and gave to Denver newspapers. Contents of the note were not revealed by police today.

The kidnappers, Bower said, had told him to keep them for five days. He had written a note to his wife but that it was not a note which police received and gave to Denver newspapers. Contents of the note were not revealed by police today.

The kidnappers, Bower said, had told him to keep them for five days. He had written a note to his wife but that it was not a note which police received and gave to Denver newspapers. Contents of the note were not revealed by police today.

The kidnappers, Bower said, had told him to keep them for five days. He had written a note to his wife but that it was not a note which police received and gave to Denver newspapers. Contents of the note were not revealed by police today.

The kidnappers, Bower said, had told him to keep them for five days. He had written a note to his wife but that it was not a note which police received and gave to Denver newspapers. Contents of the note were not revealed by police today.

The kidnappers, Bower said, had told him to keep them for five days. He had written a note to his wife but that it was not a note which police received and gave to Denver newspapers. Contents of the note were not revealed by police today.

The kidnappers, Bower said, had told him to keep them for five days. He had written a note to his wife but that it was not a note which police received and gave to Denver newspapers. Contents of the note were not revealed by police today.

The kidnappers, Bower said, had told him to keep them for five days. He had written a note to his wife but that it was not a note which police received and gave to Denver newspapers. Contents of the note were not revealed by police today.

The kidnappers, Bower said, had told him to keep them for five days. He had written a note to his wife but that it was not a note which police received and gave to Denver newspapers. Contents of the note were not revealed by police today.

Hadassah Leader

HYDE REITERATES CHARGE ON LOANS

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—(AP)—Secretary Hyde today turned the leaves of aging government documents to present support for his charges that President Wilson's administration made post-war loans to Europe without legal authority.

Pointing to printed page and paragraph, he answered Senator Glass' description of his original charges as a "malicious fabrication," with a word picture designed to show nearly \$2,000,000,000 was sent to the war-torn allies although congress had denied approval of permissive legislation.

The tall, spare republican cabinet member quoted the statements of Senator Glass, secretary of the treasury at the end of the Wilson regime, and his predecessor, William G. McAdoo, in seeking legislation "extending the authority to establish credits in favor of foreign governments."

He quoted McAdoo as saying: "We have no power to consider such loans now. We have no authority to make such loans."

Secretary Hyde first made his accusations in speeches in which he confidently predicted the re-election of President Hoover. Senator Glass replied heatedly on the senate floor, saying they were "false in spirit and in fact."

"There isn't a word of truth in it," the Virginian said, "and the secretary of agriculture might easily have ascertained the facts had he been as cautious to observe the truth as the secretary of the treasury."

Hyde said the point he was stressing was that nearly all of America's "delicate economic and political questions have grown out of the war or have been enhanced by it," and that Mr. Hoover was not responsible for the loans made after the war.

It is not precisely "true," the secretary contended in his answer, "that if the provisions of the law had been followed in making loans to foreign governments, we should have had no demand notes which had later to be funded and scaled down, but marketable obligations of foreign governments bearing the law required, a rate of interest not less than the Liberty Loans from which the money

was derived, and containing substantially the same terms and conditions as such loans would not have become enmeshed in questions of reparations, in which we had no share, and which were no part of their consideration. We got our colonies. We did not ask to be made whole by reparations, and if Mr. McAdoo and Mr. Glass had followed the plain terms of the Liberty Loans act, which was their source of authority, we should not now be engaged in endless international complications and debate."

There isn't a word of truth in it," the Virginian said, "and the secretary of agriculture might easily have ascertained the facts had he been as cautious to observe the truth as the secretary of the treasury."

Hyde said the point he was stressing was that nearly all of America's "delicate economic and political questions have grown out of the war or have been enhanced by it," and that Mr. Hoover was not responsible for the loans made after the war.

It is not precisely "true," the secretary contended in his answer, "that if the provisions of the law had been followed in making loans to foreign governments, we should have had no demand notes which had later to be funded and scaled down, but marketable obligations of foreign governments bearing the law required, a rate of interest not less than the Liberty Loans from which the money

was derived, and containing substantially the same terms and conditions as such loans would not have become enmeshed in questions of reparations, in which we had no share, and which were no part of their consideration. We got our colonies. We did not ask to be made whole by reparations, and if Mr. McAdoo and Mr. Glass had followed the plain terms of the Liberty Loans act, which was their source of authority, we should not now be engaged in endless international complications and debate."

There isn't a word of truth in it," the Virginian said, "and the secretary of agriculture might easily have ascertained the facts had he been as cautious to observe the truth as the secretary of the treasury."

Hyde said the point he was stressing was that nearly all of America's "delicate economic and political questions have grown out of the war or have been enhanced by it," and that Mr. Hoover was not responsible for the loans made after the war.

It is not precisely "true," the secretary contended in his answer, "that if the provisions of the law had been followed in making loans to foreign governments, we should have had no demand notes which had later to be funded and scaled down, but marketable obligations of foreign governments bearing the law required, a rate of interest not less than the Liberty Loans from which the money

was derived, and containing substantially the same terms and conditions as such loans would not have become enmeshed in questions of reparations, in which we had no share, and which were no part of their consideration. We got our colonies. We did not ask to be made whole by reparations, and if Mr. McAdoo and Mr. Glass had followed the plain terms of the Liberty Loans act, which was their source of authority, we should not now be engaged in endless international complications and debate."

There isn't a word of truth in it," the Virginian said, "and the secretary of agriculture might easily have ascertained the facts had he been as cautious to observe the truth as the secretary of the treasury."

Hyde said the point he was stressing was that nearly all of America's "delicate economic and political questions have grown out of the war or have been enhanced by it," and that Mr. Hoover was not responsible for the loans made after the war.

It is not precisely "true," the secretary contended in his answer, "that if the provisions of the law had been followed in making loans to foreign governments, we should have had no demand notes which had later to be funded and scaled down, but marketable obligations of foreign governments bearing the law required, a rate of interest not less than the Liberty Loans from which the money

was derived, and containing substantially the same terms and conditions as such loans would not have become enmeshed in questions of reparations, in which we had no share, and which were no part of their consideration. We got our colonies. We did not ask to be made whole by reparations, and if Mr. McAdoo and Mr. Glass had followed the plain terms of the Liberty Loans act, which was their source of authority, we should not now be engaged in endless international complications and debate."

There isn't a word of truth in it," the Virginian said, "and the secretary of agriculture might easily have ascertained the facts had he been as cautious to observe the truth as the secretary of the treasury."

Hyde said the point he was stressing was that nearly all of America's "delicate economic and political

THE GUMPS—AS OTHERS SEE YOU

WHEN I SAID THAT I WOULD NEVER LOOK AT ANOTHER WOMAN— I HAD NEVER SEEN MILLIE DE STRAUSS— SINCE MEETING HER AND LOOKING INTO HER EYES— I'LL TAKE IT ALL BACK— WOMEN— WHAT A FOOL A MAN IS— TO TRY TO GET ALONG WITHOUT THEM— THEY ARE THE GREATEST GUIDES IN HAPPY DAYS— AND THE BEST COUNSELORS WHEN TROUBLE COMES— A MAN COULD HAVE NO GREATER TREASURE OR MORE DESIRABLE POSSESSION— THAN A WOMAN WHO REALLY AND TRULY LOVES HIM—

THE FLY IN THE OINTMENT

THE OLD MAN OF THE SEA

AND THIS IS AS BIM SEES THE MAMA

THE OLD GUARD

WALT! WHO GOES THERE?

IT SEEMS A LONG TIME SINCE BIM DEPARTED FROM THESE SHORES— BROKEN-HEARTED— THE WOMAN WATER— BUT REALLY— IT IS ONLY A FEW DAYS AS CARTOONS GO— SOME OF THE EVENTS AS THEY ARE PICTURED— ARE ONLY SCENES OF WHAT TOOK PLACE IN 'BUY A MOMENT OF WHAT HAPPENED IN A WHOLE DAY— WILL BIM AND THE MOTHER MAKE UP BEFORE THE TRIP IS OVER?

THE OLD WOMAN WATER— LOOK AT HIM NOW

SIDNEY SMITH

MOON MULLINS—RIDING ON THE RUMBLE SEAT

WHEN WE CLIPPED THAT TREE COMING OUT OF THE FOG, I THINK A BRANCH STUCK IN THE RUDDER, MR. MOOTS. I CAN'T MOVE IT.

I'LL GET IT OUT, MR. MOOTS.

NICE WORK, KID— YOU'RE NOT SCARED ARE YOU?

NOT EXACTLY— BUT I NEVER CRAWLED AROUND ON ONE OF THESE AIR BEFORE.

I THOUGHT NOT! IF YOU HAD YOU'D BE A LOT WORSE SCARED THAN YOU ARE NOW— YOU GOT A LOT OF NERVE, KID!

GASOLINE ALLEY—ALL'S WELL

WALT, ORDERED ON A TRIP FOR HIS HEALTH HAS MOTORED AS FAR AS FORT WORTH, TEXAS. HE AND PHYLIS AND SKEEZIX HAVE FOLLOWED MEANDERING DRIVE AND ARE NOW DOING SOME FOOT WORK AROUND TOWN.

WALT I KNOW YOU ARE FEELING LOTS BETTER THAN WHEN WE STARTED.

I AM BUT DON'T TELL THEM AT THE OFFICE. THEY MIGHT WIRE ME TO CALL ON THE 'TRADE.

IT'S INTERESTING TO SEE HOW TROUBLES FADE AS YOU GET FARTHER AWAY FROM THEIR ROOSTING PLACE

I FELT SURE THEY WOULD, WALT.

WHEN DO WE GET THE BOAT RIDE ON LAKE WORTH?

THERE'S NOTHING LIKE A COMPLETE CHANGE OF SCENE TO GIVE YOU A MENTAL BATH. EVERY DAY IS SATURDAY NIGHT FOR YOUR BRAIN ON A TRIP LIKE THIS.

GEE! A ROLLER COASTER!

SMITTY—THE KIDS ARE GAME

BET THESE COOKIES TASTE SWEET

WELL, DON'T YOU TASTE ANY UNTIL WE GET ENOUGH

ROBBER!

GET GOING, BOYS! IF HE CATCHES US IT'LL BE JUST TOO BAD

SOMEBODY TAKE DOSE CAKE—I FIX DEM!!

LITTLE ORPHAN ANNIE: Ah Ha!

I AGREE— NOW LET GO AT THAT!

I DON'T BLAME ANNIE FOR BEING SORT OF UPSET— IT IS A MYSTERY WHERE WARBUCKS HAS BEEN SPENDING SO MUCH OF HIS TIME LATELY— OH-OH!!! WHAT'S THIS?

SO THAT'S IT— JUST AS WELL THEY DIDN'T SEE ME— IF OLIVER HAD WANTED ME— TO KNOW, HE'D HAVE TOLD ME— HMM-M-M...

WELL, I MIGHT HAVE GUESSED IT— WONDER WHO THE LADY IS— I'VE SEEN THAT DAME SOME PLACE—

WINNIE WINKLE, THE BREADWINNER: Far from the Old Job at Home

YOUR HUSBAND MUST BE KEPT IN GOOD SPIRITS! BUT DOCTOR! HE'S AGAINST DRINK!

IT'S ALL RIGHT, MISS WINKLE! GO AHEAD OUT TO LUNCH! WHEN YOU GET BACK I WANT YOU TO TAKE A LETTER!!

YES SIR! I'LL HURRY BACK!

BUT, MISS BIBBS, I—ER— I DIDN'T EXPECT THIS—ER— WHAT WILL YOUR FANTHAW SAY?

AW, NEVER MIND THE PATER!! I'M GOING TO TAKE YOU OUT IN THE COUNTRY TO A SWELL ROAD-HOUSE FOR LUNCH!

WE'LL HAVE THIS FLAT TIRE FIXED IN A FEW MINUTES, MISS WINKLE!

YES, BUT IT'S TWO-THIRTY ALREADY!! I'D BETTER FIND A PHONE AND CALL UP MR. BIBBS!

HELLO—MR. BIBBS? I'M READY TO TAKE THAT LETTER!!

... you'll find new bread enjoyment IF

You'll Use

ROGERS PRIDE BREAD

Either Plain or Toasted

A big 25-ounce loaf of high quality, modern bakery bread

10c

PHILCO

The Radio That Has Startled the World in Performance

See and hear this remarkable new Philco model. Its beauty of design and tonal perfection will be gladly demonstrated at this store. Come in today!

MODEL 112X \$162

Other Philcos as Low as \$42.50

Small Cash Payment Delivers Any Model

MYERS-DICKSON

154-156 WHITEHALL, S. W.

Where Good Furniture Is Not Expensive

NEW, LOW CLEANING PRICES 25c

MEN'S WOOL SUITS LADIES' PLAIN DRESSES Cleaned the Totem Way

ANY 3 GARMENTS \$1.00

Cleaned—Pressed—Finished Any Combination Coats, Suits and Dresses

Totem Branches All Over Atlanta

TOTEM CLEANERS

VE. 1930

HE. 3015

Take Care Of Your Eyes!

\$3.95 SPECIAL

NEAT WHITE GOLD-FILLED FRAME

It is vital that you bring your vision up to par. Guard your health and be able to meet competition. Be careful with your eyes.

TERMS AS LOW AS 50c WEEKLY

SCHNEER'S

110 Whitehall St., S. W.

Dr. C. C. NORRIS IN CHARGE

DIAL WA. 8497 for Appointment

Southern Cultivator

Established in 1843. Oldest Farm Paper in the Southeast.

Circulation 92,945. 39,920 in Georgia

Bulk of Remainder in Adjoining States.

Display Ad Rate, 60c Per Line. \$8.40 Per Inch.

Classified Advertising, 6c Per Word

Sell the Farmers of This Section and Keep the Profits at Home.

Published 1st and 15th of Each Month. Write or Telephone for Full Information.

THE SOUTHERN CULTIVATOR

148 West Alabama St., S. W.

ATLANTA

PHONE WALnut 6565

The Favorite of Atlanta Housewives

THREE MEALS A DAY KITCHEN TESTED RECIPES by Sally Saver

On the Food Pages Each Friday in The

CONSTITUTION

Moderate Improvement Noted Basic Business Lines

BY FRANK H. McCONNELL.

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—(AP)—American business weighed the good and the bad in the week just ended and found the scales tipped a little in favor of the good.

While no striking gains were recorded in basic lines, moderate improvement was seen. For one thing, business leaders expressed encouragement over the nonpartisan determination of congress to give full co-operation to remedy program of legislation; for another, there were distinctly encouraging signs that financial strain on several American business centers had eased; and, still another, there was definite tendency shown by important industrial leaders to concentrate their undivided attention on stimulating domestic business without giving more than passing study to the foreign outlook.

While commodity price indexes showed a small further decline, retail dealers reported a healthier reaction based on belief that existing prices for goods represent genuine values. While still cautious, buying nevertheless registered gains, according to the mercantile reviews.

More than \$150,000,000 of money has now been welded into the weaker units in the nation's banking system, and this process has strengthened the credit structure throughout the entire country. Business has been a direct beneficiary of this process, which has

been engineered by the National Credit Corporation. With the lifting of financial problems in several cities, the bad in the week just ended has been given to business turn-over.

Further benefit will be given to business, industry leaders forecast, by the \$2,000,000,000 reconstruction finance corporation which is expected to begin operations shortly. This giant government-sponsored enterprise is expected to carry still further the efforts of the railroad credit corporation and of the National Credit Corporation.

In recording the past week's gains of business, it was generally agreed that while they were of seasonal proportions, they were distinctly in line with expectations. Business did better than merely hold its own.

Carloadings were moderately increased. Steel production increased to 28 per cent of capacity. While orders for automobiles and other manufacturers were still small, retail sales of leading motor companies continued to show favorable comparison with last year.

Textile trade reports were somewhat mixed, with continued good business reported in cotton textiles and knit goods. The silk industry was less happy, with a 22 per cent decline in woolen goods, however, suffered from further weakness of the price structure.

FURTHER IMPROVEMENT GUARANTY TRUST SEES IN STEEL'S PREDICTED REVIVAL OF OPTIMISM

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Jan. 24.—(AP)—Favorable factors are in the ascendant in the steel industry, and optimism is being revived since the beginning of the year.

"Several factors appear to have aided in dispelling the atmosphere of depression which has existed since the end of 1931," states the Guaranty Trust company, published today. "The testimony of bankers before the finance committee of the senate on foreign loans helped greatly to clarify the financial outlook as related to conditions abroad."

"Foreign news, prior to the indefinite postponement of the London conference late this month, stimulated hope for an agreement between Great Britain and France concerning reparations and war debts."

"Some signs have appeared of an increasing investment demand for securities. Opposition groups in congress have shown a tendency to cooperate with administration in the program of legislation to facilitate economic recovery."

Encouragement has also been drawn from the greater stability in commodity markets. The average index of the Guaranty Trust Company for January stands "unchanged" from December.

In addition the review points out that statistical reports that have become during the month indicate the degree of recession in business activity in the closing weeks of 1931 was not as deep as was generally supposed at that season. Also, it is added, weekly data covering operations since the turn of the year are also encouraging, showing a decline in steel work scrap composite is reduced 1 cent to \$7.96, reflecting the lowest scrap prices in more than 20 years.

Wall Street Briefs.

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—The Fidelity Investment Association reports for 1931 the investment of \$54,502,000 of annual contracts, the largest in the company's history, 13.3 per cent more than in 1930. Resources of the association were reported at \$29,017,124 at the end of the year.

The Life Underwriters' Association of New York sold \$115,207,000 of ordinary life insurance in New York city in December, 1931, against \$92,002,000 for November, 1931, and \$83,825,000 in October, report of the life insurance sales research bureau indicates.

Subscription payments for the \$100,000,000 city of New York stock market offering are scheduled for February 1. To minimize turnover, the money market has agreed with the bankers to immediately deposit with each bank the payment that it makes in the offering of bonds. This method, which amounts to each bank placing the amount of its subscription to the credit of the city with its own institution, has been successfully adopted in United States government financing. Transfer of funds is reduced to a minimum figure.

Standard Investing Corporation ended last year with an asset of \$1,000,000 and a net income of \$57.8 a share for the preferred stock.

Two additional generators of 42,500 horsepower each have been placed in operation at the plant of the Georgia Power Corporation on the Savannah river at Lake Harbor, Pa. The plant has a capacity for producing 170,000 horsepower.

The Kansas Power & Light Co., controlled by North American Light & Power Co., has authorized the issuance of \$7,500,000 of its first and refunding mortgage bonds, Series C 6 per cent, maturing February 1, 1934. The issuance is subject to the approval of the state of Kansas to be certified under the public utility law.

When the candidate first bounced his \$75 filing fee on the line, the wise ones said it was only in the interests of more paid admissions at the Meyers' ballroom.

But the music-master apparently really wants to be mayor of Seattle. And in his initial political campaign, he's showing his veteran opponents a new vote-getting technique.

Seattle's municipally-owned street cars are each run by one man. A rival candidate promised to put two men on every car.

MISSISSIPPI TO FACE TAX ISSUE THIS WEEK
JACKSON, Miss., Jan. 24.—(AP)—The house ways and means committee today will begin hearing in earnest the brunt of whatever organized protest is made against the one per cent gross sales tax and the several other revenue producing suggestions upon which the legislature will act in its drive toward a balanced budget.

If the proposal of Governor Sennett Corner for a recess pending a study of the department reorganization is accepted, the legislature must swing immediately into the problem of providing sufficient revenue to balance the budget, which now shows a prospective \$6,000,000 deficit.

It's a Fact, That!
That Shaking Rock in Lexington, Va., weighing 100 lbs. and 10 ft. high, is a small child. It is a fact, that it is a small child.

It is also a fact, that ZABAN is a name well known in Atlanta for over 40 years and if ZABAN is a name, it is a name that will please you.

Next week we prove that half of twelve is seven.

It is also a fact, that ZABAN is a name well known in Atlanta for over 40 years and if ZABAN is a name, it is a name that will please you.

Next week we prove that half of twelve is seven.

It is also a fact, that ZABAN is a name well known in Atlanta for over 40 years and if ZABAN is a name, it is a name that will please you.

Next week we prove that half of twelve is seven.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 24.—(AP)—The Guaranty Trust Company finds that a perceptible improvement in business sentiment has appeared since the beginning of the year.

"Several factors appear to have aided in dispelling the atmosphere of depression which has existed since the end of 1931," states the Guaranty Trust company, published today. "The testimony of bankers before the finance committee of the senate on foreign loans helped greatly to clarify the financial outlook as related to conditions abroad."

"Foreign news, prior to the indefinite postponement of the London conference late this month, stimulated hope for an agreement between Great Britain and France concerning reparations and war debts."

"Some signs have appeared of an increasing investment demand for securities. Opposition groups in congress have shown a tendency to cooperate with administration in the program of legislation to facilitate economic recovery."

Encouragement has also been drawn from the greater stability in commodity markets. The average index of the Guaranty Trust Company for January stands "unchanged" from December.

In addition the review points out that statistical reports that have become during the month indicate the degree of recession in business activity in the closing weeks of 1931 was not as deep as was generally supposed at that season. Also, it is added, weekly data covering operations since the turn of the year are also encouraging, showing a decline in steel work scrap composite is reduced 1 cent to \$7.96, reflecting the lowest scrap prices in more than 20 years.

Wall Street Briefs.

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—The Fidelity Investment Association reports for 1931 the investment of \$54,502,000 of annual contracts, the largest in the company's history, 13.3 per cent more than in 1930. Resources of the association were reported at \$29,017,124 at the end of the year.

The Life Underwriters' Association of New York sold \$115,207,000 of ordinary life insurance in New York city in December, 1931, against \$92,002,000 for November, 1931, and \$83,825,000 in October, report of the life insurance sales research bureau indicates.

Subscription payments for the \$100,000,000 city of New York stock market offering are scheduled for February 1. To minimize turnover, the money market has agreed with the bankers to immediately deposit with each bank the payment that it makes in the offering of bonds. This method, which amounts to each bank placing the amount of its subscription to the credit of the city with its own institution, has been successfully adopted in United States government financing. Transfer of funds is reduced to a minimum figure.

Standard Investing Corporation ended last year with an asset of \$1,000,000 and a net income of \$57.8 a share for the preferred stock.

Two additional generators of 42,500 horsepower each have been placed in operation at the plant of the Georgia Power Corporation on the Savannah river at Lake Harbor, Pa. The plant has a capacity for producing 170,000 horsepower.

The Kansas Power & Light Co., controlled by North American Light & Power Co., has authorized the issuance of \$7,500,000 of its first and refunding mortgage bonds, Series C 6 per cent, maturing February 1, 1934. The issuance is subject to the approval of the state of Kansas to be certified under the public utility law.

When the candidate first bounced his \$75 filing fee on the line, the wise ones said it was only in the interests of more paid admissions at the Meyers' ballroom.

But the music-master apparently really wants to be mayor of Seattle. And in his initial political campaign, he's showing his veteran opponents a new vote-getting technique.

Seattle's municipally-owned street cars are each run by one man. A rival candidate promised to put two men on every car.

MISSISSIPPI TO FACE TAX ISSUE THIS WEEK
JACKSON, Miss., Jan. 24.—(AP)—The house ways and means committee today will begin hearing in earnest the brunt of whatever organized protest is made against the one per cent gross sales tax and the several other revenue producing suggestions upon which the legislature will act in its drive toward a balanced budget.

If the proposal of Governor Sennett Corner for a recess pending a study of the department reorganization is accepted, the legislature must swing immediately into the problem of providing sufficient revenue to balance the budget, which now shows a prospective \$6,000,000 deficit.

It's a Fact, That!
That Shaking Rock in Lexington, Va., weighing 100 lbs. and 10 ft. high, is a small child. It is a fact, that it is a small child.

It is also a fact, that ZABAN is a name well known in Atlanta for over 40 years and if ZABAN is a name, it is a name that will please you.

Next week we prove that half of twelve is seven.

It is also a fact, that ZABAN is a name well known in Atlanta for over 40 years and if ZABAN is a name, it is a name that will please you.

Next week we prove that half of twelve is seven.

It is also a fact, that ZABAN is a name well known in Atlanta for over 40 years and if ZABAN is a name, it is a name that will please you.

Next week we prove that half of twelve is seven.

BONDS MAINTAIN FIRM UNDERTONE

BY VICTOR EUBANK.

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—(AP)—Although bond prices under varying influences, closed the past week fractionally lower, the firm undertone of the market gave encouragement to those investment circles which are predicting further improvement for listed loans.

The average for 60 corporate bonds on January 18 was 76.3. Last Saturday this average had declined only 2-10 of a point to 76.1.

During the week there were conflicting news developments. The over-subscription of New York City's \$100,000,000 note issue and the quick passage of the reconstruction finance corporation measure at Washington were viewed as constructive. At the same time, delay of the Chicago railway wage reduction conference in reaching an agreement acted as a deterrent to transportation mortgages.

Railroad liens, however, held their own amid some tendency to relieve them of most of their previous gains. For most part they gave up fractional gains on the week, but dealers that bonds of some of the dealers were up from 10 to 40 points above their December lows. A few heavyweights advanced as expected, but the majority of the lower-priced loans clung tenaciously to the greater part of their higher quotations.

Industrials and utilities did practically nothing during the week. United States government bonds sagged at first but came back to a relative firmness. Foreign obligations, led by German, weakened somewhat. South Americans, however, led by the Argentine and Uruguayan, exhibited strength. Canadian bonds firmed.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
SHOWS LITTLE CHANGE

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 24.—(AP)—Cotton has been far from active the past week as far as the contract market has been concerned and price fluctuations have been narrow. The exchange range was only 16 points. While prices advanced about 16 points in the early part of the week owing to the certainty of the passage of the reconstruction finance measure, through congress and the urgent demand for spot cotton, they lost practically all the gain later owing to fears that the reduction in acreage might not prove as large as expected and resulting liquidation by disappointed longs. The net result as far as prices were concerned showed little change for the week.

There has been some price-fixing from time to time which served to absorb the moderate hedge selling, but in later months generally has been disappointing and there has been only very moderate investment or speculative buying. Unlike previous weeks, the cotton market showed less disposition to follow the stock market, and was mainly governed by developments within the market itself.

The main supporting influence has been the urgent demand for spot cotton, being some 60-odd feet above the landing hoppers or chutes, the carloads of the various grades of sand, sizes of gravel, and the concrete in the right proportions to the mixing machine that weights and times the revolutions and the concrete is ready then to use on the job.

According to exchange gossip, Japanese and other interests have engaged freight room for nearly half a million bales for shipment within the next 60 days. The interest are already large for the season to date than for the whole of last season.

The following shows the high, low and closing prices for New Orleans futures market during the past week compared with a year ago:

High Low Close Year
January ... 6.14 6.53 6.56 10.28
March ... 6.84 6.60 6.63 10.48
May ... 7.00 6.75 6.79 10.68
July ... 7.12 6.82 6.84 10.88
October ... 7.33 7.11 7.12 10.96

ORCHESTRA LEADER
SEEKING ELECTION
AS SEATTLE MAYOR

SEATTLE, Wash., Jan. 24.—(UP)—Vic Meyers, leader of a nationally known orchestra, campaigned tonight to be elected mayor of Seattle with the slogan "A two-motorman, a conductor and a hostess on every street car."

"Make the town famous if we have to put hula skirts on the cops," and "There's room in this town for a good saloon."

When the candidate first bounced his \$75 filing fee on the line, the wise ones said it was only in the interests of more paid admissions at the Meyers' ballroom.

But the music-master apparently really wants to be mayor of Seattle. And in his initial political campaign, he's showing his veteran opponents a new vote-getting technique.

Seattle's municipally-owned street cars are each run by one man. A rival candidate promised to put two men on every car.

MISSISSIPPI TO FACE TAX ISSUE THIS WEEK
JACKSON, Miss., Jan. 24.—(AP)—The house ways and means committee today will begin hearing in earnest the brunt of whatever organized protest is made against the one per cent gross sales tax and the several other revenue producing suggestions upon which the legislature will act in its drive toward a balanced budget.

If the proposal of Governor Sennett Corner for a recess pending a study of the department reorganization is accepted, the legislature must swing immediately into the problem of providing sufficient revenue to balance the budget, which now shows a prospective \$6,000,000 deficit.

It's a Fact, That!
That Shaking Rock in Lexington, Va., weighing 100 lbs. and 10 ft. high, is a small child. It is a fact, that it is a small child.

It is also a fact, that ZABAN is a name well known in Atlanta for over 40 years and if ZABAN is a name, it is a name that will please you.

Next week we prove that half of twelve is seven.

It is also a fact, that ZABAN is a name well known in Atlanta for over 40 years and if ZABAN is a name, it is a name that will please you.

Next week we prove that half of twelve is seven.

It is also a fact, that ZABAN is a name well known in Atlanta for over 40 years and if ZABAN is a name, it is a name that will please you.

Next week we prove that half of twelve is seven.

It is also a fact, that ZABAN is a name well known in Atlanta for over 40 years and if ZABAN is a name, it is a name that will please you.

Next week we prove that half of twelve is seven.

It is also a fact, that ZABAN is a name well known in Atlanta for over 40 years and if ZABAN is a name, it is a name that will please you.

Next week we prove that half of twelve is seven.

The Weekly Business Review

EDITED BY M. D. GLEASON

Atlanta Aggregate Company Gets Big Postoffice Project

The Atlanta Aggregate Company, of 721 Angier avenue, which is furnishing the ready-mixed concrete for the tunnel of the new Atlanta postoffice, of which the foundation is now underway, is introducing, for the first time in this part of the country, the most improved method of concrete construction.

The average for 60 corporate bonds on January 18 was 76.3. Last Saturday this average had declined only 2-10 of a point to 76.1.

During the week there were conflicting news developments. The over-subscription of New York City's \$100,000,000 note issue and the quick passage of the reconstruction finance corporation measure at Washington were viewed as constructive. At the same time, delay of the Chicago railway wage reduction conference in reaching an agreement acted as a deterrent to transportation mortgages.

Railroad liens, however, held their own amid some tendency to relieve them of most of their previous gains. For most part they gave up fractional gains on the week, but dealers that bonds of some of the dealers were up from 10 to 40 points above their December lows. A few heavyweights advanced as expected, but the majority of the lower-priced loans clung tenaciously to the greater part of their higher quotations.

Industrials and utilities did practically nothing during the week. United States government bonds sagged at first but came back to a relative firmness. Foreign obligations, led by German, weakened somewhat. South Americans, however, led by the Argentine and Uruguayan, exhibited strength. Canadian bonds firmed.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
SHOWS LITTLE CHANGE

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 24.—(AP)—Cotton has been far from active the past week as far as the contract market has been concerned and price fluctuations have been narrow. The exchange range was only 16 points. While prices advanced about 16 points in the early part of the week owing to the certainty of the passage of the reconstruction finance measure, through congress and the urgent demand for spot cotton, they lost practically all the gain later owing to fears that the reduction in acreage might not prove as large as expected and resulting liquidation by disappointed longs. The net result as far as prices were concerned showed little change for the week.

There has been some price-fixing from time to time which served to absorb the moderate hedge selling, but in later months generally has been disappointing and there has been only very moderate investment or speculative buying. Unlike previous weeks, the cotton market showed less disposition to follow the stock market, and was mainly governed by developments within the market itself.

The main supporting influence has been the urgent demand for spot cotton, being some 60-odd feet above the landing hoppers or chutes, the carloads of the various grades of sand, sizes of gravel, and the concrete in the right proportions to the mixing machine that weights and times the revolutions and the concrete is ready then to use on the job.

According to exchange gossip, Japanese and other interests have engaged freight room for nearly half a million bales for shipment within the next 60 days. The interest are already large for the season to date than for the whole of last season.

The following shows the high, low and closing prices for New Orleans futures market during the past week compared with a year ago:

High Low Close Year
January ... 6.14 6.53 6.56 10.28
March ... 6.84 6.60 6.63 10.48
May ... 7.00 6.75 6.79 10.68
July ... 7.12 6.82 6.84 10.88
October ... 7.33 7.11 7.12 10.96

ORCHESTRA LEADER
SEEKING ELECTION
AS SEATTLE MAYOR

SEATTLE, Wash., Jan. 24.—(UP)—Vic Meyers, leader of a nationally known orchestra, campaigned tonight to be elected mayor of Seattle with the slogan "A two-motorman, a conductor and a hostess on every street car."

"Make the town famous if we have to put hula skirts on the cops," and "There's room in this town for a good saloon."

When the candidate first bounced his \$75 filing fee on the line, the wise ones said it was only in the interests of more paid admissions at the Meyers' ballroom.

But the music-master apparently really wants to be mayor of Seattle. And in his initial political campaign, he's showing his veteran opponents a new vote-getting technique.

Seattle's municipally-owned street cars are each run by one man. A rival candidate promised to put two men on every car.

MISSISSIPPI TO FACE TAX ISSUE THIS WEEK
JACKSON, Miss., Jan. 24.—(AP)—The house ways and means committee today will begin hearing in earnest the brunt of whatever organized protest is made against the one per cent gross sales tax and the several other revenue producing suggestions upon which the legislature will act in its drive toward a balanced budget.

If the proposal of Governor Sennett Corner for a recess pending a study of the department reorganization is accepted, the legislature must swing immediately into the problem of providing sufficient revenue to balance the budget, which now shows a prospective \$6,000,000 deficit.

It's a Fact, That!
That Shaking Rock in Lexington, Va., weighing 100 lbs. and 10 ft. high, is a small child. It is a fact, that it is a small child.

It is also a fact, that ZABAN is a name well known in Atlanta for over 40 years and if ZABAN is a name, it is a name that will please you.

Next week we prove that half of twelve is seven.

It is also a fact, that ZABAN is a name well known in Atlanta for over 40 years and if ZABAN is a name, it is a name that will please you.

Next week we prove that half of twelve is seven.

It is also a fact, that ZABAN is a name well known in Atlanta for over 40 years and if ZABAN is a name, it is a name that will please you.

Next week we prove that half of twelve is seven.

It is also a fact, that ZABAN is a name well known in Atlanta for over 40 years and if ZABAN is a name, it is a name that will please you.

Next week we prove that half of twelve is seven.

It is also a fact, that ZABAN is a name well known in Atlanta for over 40 years and if ZABAN is a name, it is a name that will please you.

Next week we prove that half of twelve is seven.

The inference, however, must not be taken that everything is done so automatically that the right grades of materials are switched upon their trestle every day, and the dozen or more truck drivers are the only men on the job. The president, W. M. Center, a civic leader and former well-known railroad executive, is usually pretty busy at his long-distance phone urging the rush of the right washed gravel, required grades of sand and size of slag, and the treasurer, J. A. Glozier, spends part time in Atlanta and part time at his Birmingham and Montgomery supply bases seeing that the supplies can be at all times equal to the demand.

Expert men are stationed at every important operation of the plant, all under the watchful eye of a laboratory expert, and every batch is uniformly mixed of the same specified proportions and consistency—very important factors in all cement work.

It would be well, therefore, to have a small quantity for a little patching—for a yard, sidewalk or a driveway, a floor for a basement, or a garage, or any other purpose, just give them a call at Walnut 1658, and they will furnish the small amounts as cheerfully as large quantities.

Second Advantage.
Advantage number two begins the minute the load is on the way. The driver starts the right machinery in motion and the "bottle" begins to revolve and no matter if the job he is doing is as large as a highway or as small as a driveway, he is also an expert in concrete, deems it advisable, and the concrete is being worked in the bottle and receives the very thing which is next to right proportions of materials, and that is a thorough mixing.

Advantage number three comes in at the unloading at the construction job. The big bottle is put into a reverse motion from that which it took to fill it, and the same interior blades that drew the concrete inside as fast as it was required—regardless of how large the construction job may be.

The fact that the Atlanta Aggregate Company was selected to furnish the reconstruction finance measure, a job as this large government project is just one more job to them, for they have furnished building materials on some of the largest building projects in this general vicinity. They will be recalled that the new Broad street viaduct was completed several days under the specified time limit, and this was accomplished by the great aid they lent in furnishing, as fast as the contractor could handle it, the concrete that went into the piers, abutments, roadway, sidewalks and guard rails.

Has Large Plant.
This firm has one of the largest plants of its kind in the southern states, at a location on the Southern Railway a few hundred feet from the large Sears-Roebuck plant—a place formerly known as Angier Springs, and due to the railroad trucks being some 60-odd feet above the landing hoppers or chutes, the carloads of the various grades of sand, sizes of gravel, and the concrete in the right proportions to the mixing machine that weights and times the revolutions and the concrete is ready then to use on the job.

According to exchange gossip, Japanese and other interests have engaged freight room for nearly half a million bales for shipment within the next 60 days. The interest are already large for the season to date than for the whole of last season.

The following shows the high, low and closing prices for New Orleans futures market during the past week compared with a year ago:

High Low Close Year
January ... 6.14 6.53 6.56 10.28
March ... 6.84 6.60 6.63 10.48
May ... 7.00 6.75 6.79 10.68
July ... 7.12 6.82 6.84 10.88
October ... 7.33 7.11 7.12 10.96

ORCHESTRA LEADER
SEEKING ELECTION
AS SEATTLE MAYOR

SEATTLE, Wash., Jan. 24.—(UP)—Vic Meyers, leader of a nationally known orchestra, campaigned tonight to be elected mayor of Seattle with the slogan "A two-motorman, a conductor and a hostess on every street car."

"Make the town famous if we have to put hula skirts on the cops," and "There's room in this town for a good saloon."

When the candidate first bounced his \$75 filing fee on the line, the wise ones said it was only in the interests of more paid admissions at the Meyers' ballroom.

But the music-master apparently really wants to be mayor of Seattle. And in his initial political campaign, he's showing his veteran opponents a new vote-getting technique.

Seattle's municipally-owned street cars are each run by one man. A rival candidate promised to put two men on every car.

MISSISSIPPI TO FACE TAX ISSUE THIS WEEK
JACKSON, Miss., Jan. 24.—(AP)—The house ways and means committee today will begin hearing in earnest the brunt of whatever organized protest is made against the one per cent gross sales tax and the several other revenue producing suggestions upon which the legislature will act in its drive toward a balanced budget.

If the proposal of Governor Sennett Corner for a recess pending a study of the department reorganization is accepted, the legislature must swing immediately into the problem of providing sufficient revenue to balance the budget, which now shows a prospective \$6,000,0

ROOMS AND BOARD

Rooms With Board 67
 55 & 56 Rooms decorated, bal. meals, laundry, bath, gas, heat, electric, etc. 100 Peachtree St. N. E. 100-101-102-103-104-105-106-107-108-109-110-111-112-113-114-115-116-117-118-119-120-121-122-123-124-125-126-127-128-129-130-131-132-133-134-135-136-137-138-139-140-141-142-143-144-145-146-147-148-149-150-151-152-153-154-155-156-157-158-159-160-161-162-163-164-165-166-167-168-169-170-171-172-173-174-175-176-177-178-179-180-181-182-183-184-185-186-187-188-189-190-191-192-193-194-195-196-197-198-199-200-201-202-203-204-205-206-207-208-209-210-211-212-213-214-215-216-217-218-219-220-221-222-223-224-225-226-227-228-229-230-231-232-233-234-235-236-237-238-239-240-241-242-243-244-245-246-247-248-249-250-251-252-253-254-255-256-257-258-259-260-261-262-263-264-265-266-267-268-269-270-271-272-273-274-275-276-277-278-279-280-281-282-283-284-285-286-287-288-289-290-291-292-293-294-295-296-297-298-299-300-301-302-303-304-305-306-307-308-309-310-311-312-313-314-315-316-317-318-319-320-321-322-323-324-325-326-327-328-329-330-331-332-333-334-335-336-337-338-339-340-341-342-343-344-345-346-347-348-349-350-351-352-353-354-355-356-357-358-359-360-361-362-363-364-365-366-367-368-369-370-371-372-373-374-375-376-377-378-379-380-381-382-383-384-385-386-387-388-389-390-391-392-393-394-395-396-397-398-399-400-401-402-403-404-405-406-407-408-409-410-411-412-413-414-415-416-417-418-419-420-421-422-423-424-425-426-427-428-429-430-431-432-433-434-435-436-437-438-439-440-441-442-443-444-445-446-447-448-449-450-451-452-453-454-455-456-457-458-459-460-461-462-463-464-465-466-467-468-469-470-471-472-473-474-475-476-477-478-479-480-481-482-483-484-485-486-487-488-489-490-491-492-493-494-495-496-497-498-499-500-501-502-503-504-505-506-507-508-509-510-511-512-513-514-515-516-517-518-519-520-521-522-523-524-525-526-527-528-529-530-531-532-533-534-535-536-537-538-539-540-541-542-543-544-545-546-547-548-549-550-551-552-553-554-555-556-557-558-559-560-561-562-563-564-565-566-567-568-569-570-571-572-573-574-575-576-577-578-579-580-581-582-583-584-585-586-587-588-589-590-591-592-593-594-595-596-597-598-599-600-601-602-603-604-605-606-607-608-609-610-611-612-613-614-615-616-617-618-619-620-621-622-623-624-625-626-627-628-629-630-631-632-633-634-635-636-637-638-639-640-641-642-643-644-645-646-647-648-649-650-651-652-653-654-655-656-657-658-659-660-661-662-663-664-665-666-667-668-669-670-671-672-673-674-675-676-677-678-679-680-681-682-683-684-685-686-687-688-689-690-691-692-693-694-695-696-697-698-699-700-701-702-703-704-705-706-707-708-709-710-711-712-713-714-715-716-717-718-719-720-721-722-723-724-725-726-727-728-729-730-731-732-733-734-735-736-737-738-739-740-741-742-743-744-745-746-747-748-749-750-751-752-753-754-755-756-757-758-759-760-761-762-763-764-765-766-767-768-769-770-771-772-773-774-775-776-777-778-779-780-781-782-783-784-785-786-787-788-789-790-791-792-793-794-795-796-797-798-799-800-801-802-803-804-805-806-807-808-809-810-811-812-813-814-815-816-817-818-819-820-821-822-823-824-825-826-827-828-829-830-831-832-833-834-835-836-837-838-839-840-841-842-843-844-845-846-847-848-849-850-851-852-853-854-855-856-857-858-859-860-861-862-863-864-865-866-867-868-869-870-871-872-873-874-875-876-877-878-879-880-881-882-883-884-885-886-887-888-889-890-891-892-893-894-895-896-897-898-899-900-901-902-903-904-905-906-907-908-909-910-911-912-913-914-915-916-917-918-919-920-921-922-923-924-925-926-927-928-929-930-931-932-933-934-935-936-937-938-939-940-941-942-943-944-945-946-947-948-949-950-951-952-953-954-955-956-957-958-959-960-961-962-963-964-965-966-967-968-969-970-971-972-973-974-975-976-977-978-979-980-981-982-983-984-985-986-987-988-989-990-991-992-993-994-995-996-997-998-999-1000-1001-1002-1003-1004-1005-1006-1007-1008-1009-1010-1011-1012-1013-1014-1015-1016-1017-1018-1019-1020-1021-1022-1023-1024-1025-1026-1027-1028-1029-1030-1031-1032-1033-1034-1035-1036-1037-1038-1039-1040-1041-1042-1043-1044-1045-1046-1047-1048-1049-1050-1051-1052-1053-1054-1055-1056-1057-1058-1059-1060-1061-1062-1063-1064-1065-1066-1067-1068-1069-1070-1071-1072-1073-1074-1075-1076-1077-1078-1079-1080-1081-1082-1083-1084-1085-1086-1087-1088-1089-1090-1091-1092-1093-1094-1095-1096-1097-1098-1099-1100-1101-1102-1103-1104-1105-1106-1107-1108-1109-1110-1111-1112-1113-1114-1115-1116-1117-1118-1119-1120-1121-1122-1123-1124-1125-1126-1127-1128-1129-1130-1131-1132-1133-1134-1135-1136-1137-1138-1139-1140-1141-1142-1143-1144-1145-1146-1147-1148-1149-1150-1151-1152-1153-1154-1155-1156-1157-1158-1159-1160-1161-1162-1163-1164-1165-1166-1167-1168-1169-1170-1171-1172-1173-1174-1175-1176-1177-1178-1179-1180-1181-1182-1183-1184-1185-1186-1187-1188-1189-1190-1191-1192-1193-1194-1195-1196-1197-1198-1199-1200-1201-1202-1203-1204-1205-1206-1207-1208-1209-1210-1211-1212-1213-1214-1215-1216-1217-1218-1219-1220-1221-1222-1223-1224-1225-1226-1227-1228-1229-1230-1231-1232-1233-1234-1235-1236-1237-1238-1239-1240-1241-1242-1243-1244-1245-1246-1247-1248-1249-1250-1251-1252-1253-1254-1255-1256-1257-1258-1259-1260-1261-1262-1263-1264-1265-1266-1267-1268-1269-1270-1271-1272-1273-1274-1275-1276-1277-1278-1279-1280-1281-1282-1283-1284-1285-1286-1287-1288-1289-1290-1291-1292-1293-1294-1295-1296-1297-1298-1299-1300-1301-1302-1303-1304-1305-1306-1307-1308-1309-1310-1311-1312-1313-1314-1315-1316-1317-1318-1319-1320-1321-1322-1323-1324-1325-1326-1327-1328-1329-1330-1331-1332-1333-1334-1335-1336-1337-1338-1339-1340-1341-1342-1343-1344-1345-1346-1347-1348-1349-1350-1351-1352-1353-1354-1355-1356-1357-1358-1359-1360-1361-1362-1363-1364-1365-1366-1367-1368-1369-1370-1371-1372-1373-1374-1375-1376-1377-1378-1379-1380-1381-1382-1383-1384-1385-1386-1387-1388-1389-1390-1391-1392-1393-1394-1395-1396-1397-1398-1399-1400-1401-1402-1403-1404-1405-1406-1407-1408-1409-1410-1411-1412-1413-1414-1415-1416-1417-1418-1419-1420-1421-1422-1423-1424-1425-1426-1427-1428-1429-1430-1431-1432-1433-1434-1435-1436-1437-1438-1439-1440-1441-1442-1443-1444-1445-1446-1447-1448-1449-1450-1451-1452-1453-1454-1455-1456-1457-1458-1459-1460-1461-1462-1463-1464-1465-1466-1467-1468-1469-1470-1471-1472-1473-1474-1475-1476-1477-1478-1479-1480-1481-1482-1483-1484-1485-1486-1487-1488-1489-1490-1491-1492-1493-1494-1495-1496-1497-1498-1499-1500-1501-1502-1503-1504-1505-1506-1507-1508-1509-1510-1511-1512-1513-1514-1515-1516-1517-1518-1519-1520-1521-1522-1523-1524-1525-1526-1527-1528-1529-1530-1531-1532-1533-1534-1535-1536-1537-1538-1539-1540-1541-1542-1543-1544-1545-1546-1547-1548-1549-1550-1551-1552-1553-1554-1555-1556-1557-1558-1559-1560-1561-1562-1563-1564-1565-1566-1567-1568-1569-1570-1571-1572-1573-1574-1575-1576-1577-1578-1579-1580-1581-1582-1583-1584-1585-1586-1587-1588-1589-1590-1591-1592-1593-1594-1595-1596-1597-1598-1599-1600-1601-1602-1603-1604-1605-1606-1607-1608-1609-1610-1611-1612-1613-1614-1615-1616-1617-1618-1619-1620-1621-1622-1623-1624-1625-1626-1627-1628-1629-1630-1631-1632-1633-1634-1635-1636-1637-1638-1639-1640-1641-1642-1643-1644-1645-1646-1647-1648-1649-1650-1651-1652-1653-1654-1655-1656-1657-1658-1659-1660-1661-1662-1663-1664-1665-1666-1667-1668-1669-1670-1671-1672-1673-1674-1675-1676-1677-1678-1679-1680-1681-1682-1683-1684-1685-1686-1687-1688-1689-1690-1691-1692-1693-1694-1695-1696-1697-1698-1699-1700-1701-1702-1703-1704-1705-1706-1707-1708-1709-1710-1711-1712-1713-1714-1715-1716-1717-1718-1719-1720-1721-1722-1723-1724-1725-1726-1727-1728-1729-1730-1731-1732-1733-1734-1735-1736-1737-1738-1739-1740-1741-1742-1743-1744-1745-1746-1747-1748-1749-1750-1751-1752-1753-1754-1755-1756-1757-1758-1759-1760-1761-1762-1763-1764-1765-1766-1767-1768-1769-1770-1771-1772-1773-1774-1775-1776-1777-1778-1779-1780-1781-1782-1783-1784-1785-1786-1787-1788-1789-1790-1791-1792-1793-1794-1795-1796-1797-1798-1799-1800-1801-1802-1803-1804-1805-1806-1807-1808-1809-1810-1811-1812-1813-1814-1815-1816-1817-1818-1819-1820-1821-1822-1823-1824-1825-1826-1827-1828-1829-1830-1831-1832-1833-1834-1835-1836-1837-1838-1839-1840-1841-1842-1843-1844-1845-1846-1847-1848-1849-1850-1851-1852-1853-1854-1855-1856-1857-1858-1859-1860-1861-1862-1863-1864-1865-1866-1867-1868-1869-1870-1871-1872-1873-1874-1875-1876-1877-1878-1879-1880-1881-1882-1883-1884-1885-1886-1887-1888-1889-1890-1891-1892-1893-1894-1895-1896-1897-1898-1899-1900-1901-1902-1903-1904-1905-1906-1907-1908-1909-1910-1911-1912-1913-1914-1915-1916-1917-1918-1919-1920-1921-1922-1923-1924-1925-1926-1927-1928-1929-1930-1931-1932-1933-1934-1935-1936-1937-1938-1939-1940-1941-1942-1943-1944-1945-1946-1947-1948-1949-1950-1951-1952-1953-1954-1955-1956-1957-1958-1959-1960-1961-1962-1963-1964-1965-1966-1967-1968-1969-1970-1971-1972-1973-1974-1975-1976-1977-1978-1979-1980-1981-1982-1983-1984-1985-1986-1987-1988-1989-1990-1991-1992-1993-1994-1995-1996-1997-1998-1999-2000-2001-2002-2003-2004-2005-2006-2007-2008-2009-2010-2011-2012-2013-2014-2015-2016-2017-2018-2019-2020-2021-2022-2023-2024-2025-2026-2027-2028-2029-2030-2031-2032-2033-2034-2035-2036-2037-2038-2039-2040-2041-2042-2043-2044-2045-2046-2047-2048-2049-2050-2051-2052-2053-2054-2055-2056-2057-2058-2059-2060-2061-2062-2063-2064-2065-2066-2067-2068-2069-2070-2071-2072-2073-2074-2075-2076-2077-2078-2079-2080-2081-2082-2083-2084-2085-2086-2087-2088-2089-2090-2091-2092-2093-2094-2095-2096-2097-2098-2099-2100-2101-2102-2103-2104-2105-2106-2107-2108-2109-2110-2111-2112-2113-2114-2115-2116-2117-2118-2119-2120-2121-2122-2123-2124-2125-2126-2127-2128-2129-2130-2131-2132-2133-2134-2135-2136-2137-2138-2139-2140-2141-2142-2143-2144-2145-2146-2147-2148-2149-2150-2151-2152-2153-2154-2155-2156-2157-2158-2159-2160-2161-2162-2163-2164-2165-2166-2167-2168-2169-2170-2171-2172-2173-2174-2175-2176-2177-2178-2179-2180-2181-2182-2183-2184-2185-2186-2187-2188-2189-2190-2191-2192-2193-2194-2195-2196-2197-2198-2199-2200-2201-2202-2203-2204-2205-2206-2207-2208-2209-2210-2211-2212-2213-2214-2215-2216-2217-2218-2219-2220-2221-2222-2223-2224-2225-2226-2227-2228-2229-2230-2231-2232-2233-2234-2235-2236-2237-2238-2239-2240-2241-2242-2243-2244-2245-2246-2247-2248-2249-2250-2251-2252-2253-2254-2255-2256-2257-2258-2259-2260-2261-2262-2263-2264-2265-2266-2267-2268-2269-2270-2271-2272-2273-2274-2275-2276-2277-2278-2279-2280-2281-2282-2283-2284-2285-2286-2287-2288-2289-2290-2291-2292-2293-2294-2295-2296-2297-2298-2299-2300-2301-2302-2303-2304-2305-2306-2307-2308-2309-2310-2311-2312-2313-2314-2315-2316-2317-2318-2319-2320-2321-2322-2323-2324-2325-2326-2327-2328-2329-2330-2331-2332-2333-2334-2335-2336-2337-2338-2339-2340-2341-2342-2343-2344-2345-2346-2347-2348-2349-2350-2351-2352-2353-2354-2355-2356-2357-2358-2359-2360-2361-2362-2363-2364-2365-2366-2367-2368-2369-2370-2371-2372-2373-2374-2375-2376-2377-2378-2379-2380-2381-2382-2383-2384-2385-2386-2387-2388-2389-2390-2391-2392-2393-2394-2395-2396-2397-2398-2399-2400-2401-2402-2403-2404-2405-2406-2407-2408-2409-2410-2411-2412-2413-2414-2415-2416-2417-2418-2419-2420-2421-2422-2423-2424-2425-2426-2427-2428-2429-2430-2431-2432-2433-2434-2435-2436-2437-2438-2439-2440-2441-2442-2443-2444-2445-2446-2447-2448-2449-2450-2451-2452-2453-2454-2455-2456-2457-2458-2459-2460-2461-2462-2463-2464-2465-2466-2467-2468-2469-2470-2471-2472-2473-2474-2475-2476-2477-2478-2479-2480-2481-2482-2483-2484-2485-2486-2487-2488-2489-2490-2491-2492-2493-2494-2495-2496-2497-2498-2499-2500-2501-2502-2503-2504-2505-2506-2507-2508-2509-2510-2511-2512-2513-2514-2515-2516-2517-2518-2519-2520-2521-2522-2523-2524-2525-2526-2527-2528-2529-2530-2531-2532-2533-2534-2535-2536-2537-2538-2539-2540-2541-2542-2543-2544-2545-2546-2547-2548-2549-2550-2551-2552-2553-2554-2555-2556-2557-2558-2559-2560-2561-2562-2563-2564-2565-2566-2567-2568-2569-2570-2571-2572-2573-2574-2575-2576-2577-2578-2579-2580-2581-2582-2583-2584-2585-2586-2587-2588-2589-2590-2591-2592-2593-2594-2595-2596-2597-2598-2599-2600-2601-2602-2603-2604-2605-2606-2607-2608-2609-2610-2611-2612-2613-2614-2615-2616-2617-2618-2619-2620-2621-2622-2623-2624-2625-2626-2627-2628-2629-2630-2631-2632-2633-2634-2635-2636-2637-2638-2639-2640-2641-2642-2643-2644-2645-2646-2647-2648-2649-2650-2651-2652-2653-2654-2655-2656-2657-2658-2659-2660-2661-2662-2663-2664-2665-2666-2667-2668-2669-2670-2671-2672-2673-2674-2675-2676-2677-2678-2679-2680-2681-2682-2683-2684-2685-2686-2687-2688-2689-2690-2691-2692-2693-2694-2695-2696-2697-2698-2699-2700-2701-2702-2703-2704-2705-2706-2707-2708-2709-2710-2711-2712-2713-2714-2715-